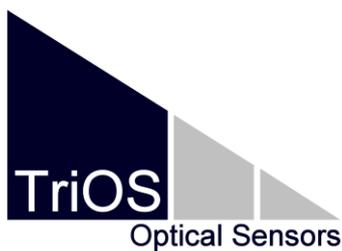


# MSDA\_XE

## MANUAL

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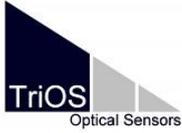
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## 1 Introduction

This manual gives an overview about the functions and features of the measurement and data handling software TriOS MSDA\_XE. The abbreviation MSDA\_XE means **M**ulti **S**ensor **D**ata **A**cquisition System - **E**Xtended **E**dition.

This software enables the control of all sensor types, produced by TriOS. These includes the Radiometer RAMSES, fluorometer microFlu and enviroFlu-HC as well as photometer ProPS, VIPER and OSCAR, to handheld devices and GPS modules.

Sensors can be connected to the software via serial interface or network connection. It is possible to control the device manually for single measurements or programme serial measurements and measurement campaigns with customizable intervals. Intelligent comments and both time stamps and position data allow easy data handling and labelling of huge data amounts.

A powerful database grid with filter options and diverse export formats allow the analysis and processing of hyperspectral measurement data with third party software. Internal processing tools can be used to subtract or recalibrate datasets. This can be done online or offline after the campaigns, with the stored data in the database and be visualized with a graph tool.

The software works with several windows, which all have a certain task to do. Each window can be linked to each other for data flow. This works like the sender and receiver principle. For instance a sensor control window, which gets data from the sensor can be linked to a chart window, which automatically plots the received datasets. This makes the software highly flexible and powerful.

## 2 Key

The following symbols / formats are used in the manual.

[Window-Name]

**Menu-Entry**

[Link](#)

**Important Note !**

**Hint !**

## 3 Installation

### 3.1 System Requirements

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| Operating system   | <b>Microsoft Windows XP</b><br><br>Well configured and proper running<br><br>We do not guarantee a proper running of MSDA_XE in Microsoft Windows 2000 / Microsoft Windows Vista and Microsoft Windows 7. |
| Free Memory        | Minimum 1 GByte RAM. For Windows Vista or Windows 7 2GByte RAM or more is recommended.<br><br><b>If the system must swap memory to the hard disc it won't run properly.</b>                               |
| CPU Speed          | The computer must handle your other real time application and MSDA_XE parallel <sup>1</sup> . Depending on the configuration 1 GHz CPU speed is the minimum. 2 GHz is recommended.                        |
| Free disk space    | 100 MByte and additional space for database, depending on the application up to several GByte.  |
| Display resolution | 1024x768 or higher  |

**For longer measurement campaigns and continuous measurements it is recommended to deactivate automatic update functions in Windows, as they might reboot the system and data get lost.**

**For the installation of MSDA\_XE, administrator rights are necessarily needed. In Windows Vista and Windows 7 write permission for the installation folder is also needed. Under some circumstances you might need administrator rights to run the software in Windows Vista and Windows 7, too.**

<sup>1</sup> If the computer has no time to read the FIFO buffer (16 byte) of the COM-port data might get lost.

## **3.2 License Agreement and Limited Product Warranty**

Please read this document carefully before installing TriOS GmbH MSDA\_XE Software, any of its packages, or any software included with this product, on your computer. This document contains important information about your legal rights. By installing any or all of the software included with this product, you agree to the following terms and conditions.

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## 3.3 Installation Steps

Installation files and manuals can be found on the installation CD. When delivered together with a TriOS sensor, the Device.ini and calibration files are included as well.

Either an Auto start menu will start, or the file SETUP.EXE will start the installation programme manually. The installation programme copies all necessary file to a customizable directory. Except generating entries in the start menu, the installation program does not modify the Windows system.

After the installation finished the programme entries can be found in the Windows start menu.



|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>MSDA_XE</b>            | Start program  |
| <b>Manual_msda_xe</b>     | Main manual in PDF-format (Acrobat Reader necessary!)  |
| <b>Quick Start Manual</b> | Quick start with basic functions in PDF-format   |
| <b>Website</b>            | Link to <a href="http://www.trios.de">www.trios.de</a>   |
| <b>Release Notes</b>      | Last changes   |
| <b>Scripting</b>          | Help system for MSDA_XE scripting system   |
| <b>Uninstall</b>          | Program for deinstallation of MSDA_XE (All data generated of the running MSDA_XE will be preserved – especially the database.) |

The latest Software version can be found on <http://www.trios.de>.  
Click: Downloads -> Software PC -> msda\_xe\_setup.exe -> DOWNLOAD

## 4 First use

### 4.1 New Device Assistant

At the first program start after installation a wizard will be shown which will guide through the integration of the needed sensor files to the software. To open the wizard once again choose **Help/New Device Integration** in the main menu.



The wizard will ask for a path to the driver files. The file is build of the device type and its serial number plus extension "ini".

These files are store usually on a CD which has been delivered together with the sensor. If you miss them the sensor files can be requested at [support@trios.de](mailto:support@trios.de) by giving the sensors serial number.

Please read the next chapters for manual sensor installation.

### 4.2 Import Files

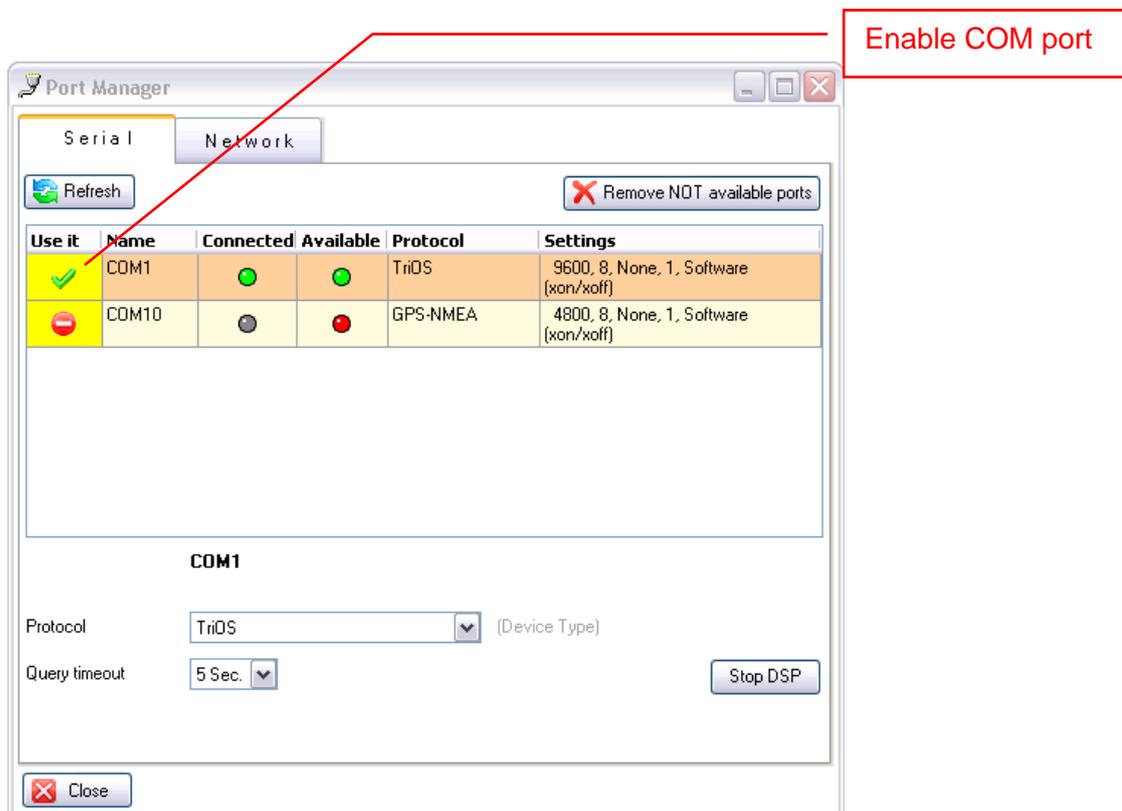
Select **Database/Import files** in the Main menu and select all files (\*.ini and \*.dat). Each file will be indicated with the serial number of the corresponding sensor.

## 4.3 Port Configuration

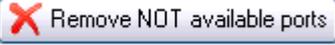
The ports where TriOS sensors are connected have to be activated. Choose **Options/Port Manager** in the Main menu to open the Port Manager. You can connect devices to the serial or the network port. With USB-to-serial adapters USB ports can be used as well.

### 4.3.1 Serial Port

COM ports can be activated and protocols can be changed within the Port Manager.



All ports, which are not used or unavailable are marked red. After connecting a device via serial connection, press the  button. The port can be activated by clicking on the red sign in the "Use it" column.

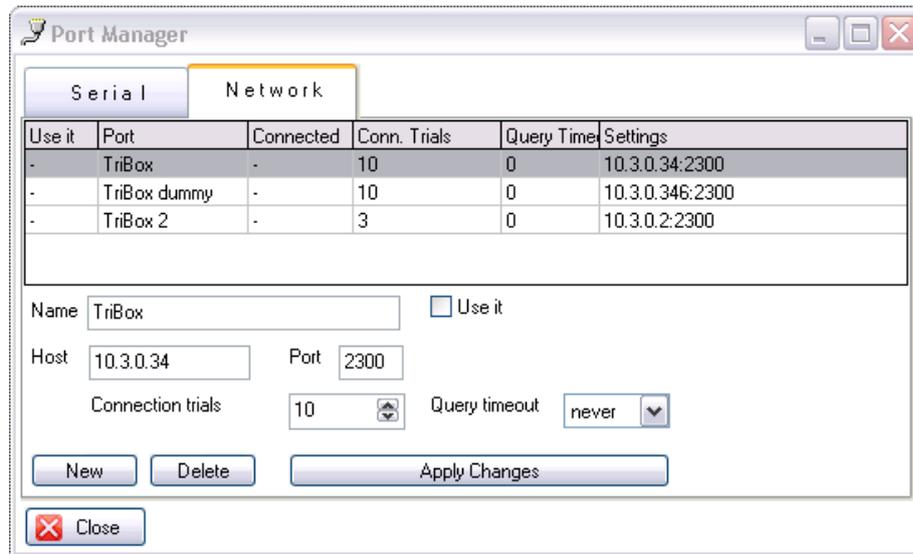
|   |  |
|---|--|
|  | Search for all ports in windows system   |
|  | Remove not hardware available ports from the list  |
|  | Port should be used from MSDA_XE or not. Click in the yellow field to change it.<br>If connection is successful the connected-column gets a green bubble. In connection is not successful you get an error message and the bubble stays red. |
| <b>Name</b>   | Name of port   |
| <b>Available</b>  | Hardware found in windows system   |
| <b>Connected</b>  | MSDA_XE controls this port, now.<br>This is only possible if the port is available and use it is activated, of course.   |
| <b>Protocol</b>   | Type of device connected at port:<br><br>TriOS            all TriOS-Devices except Merlin<br>GPSNMEA      Global Position System Device with NMEA protocol   |
| <b>Settings</b>   | Baud rate, Data bits, Parity, Stop bits, Handshake   |
| <b>Query time out</b>   | How long the software waits for a query answer. If time is over, device is switched to offline from the Device Manager.  |

Standard configuration for TriOS sensors is:

**9600 baud, 8 data bits, NO parity, 1 stop bits, Software flow control.**

## 4.3.2 Network Port

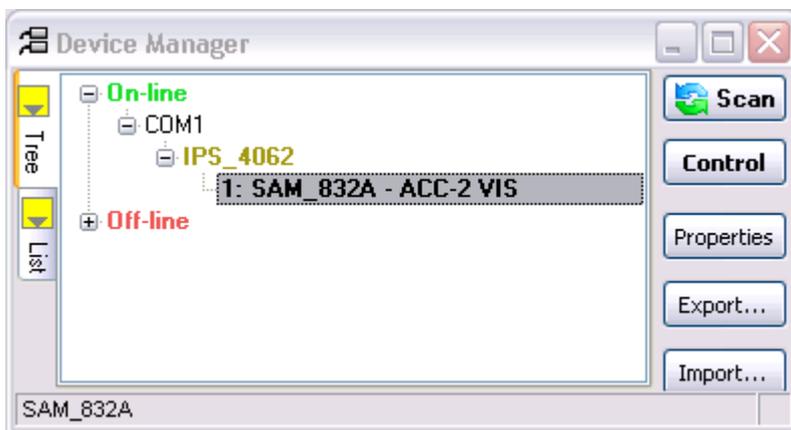
When using the network version of the TriOS integrated power supply (**IPS104net**), you can add a matching IP address and a port number (see also the IPS104net manual).



| Network     |   |
|-------------|---|
| <b>Name</b> | Free selectable unique name                     |
| <b>Host</b> | IP address of IPS104net (see IPS104net manual)  |
| <b>Port</b> | Port number of IPS104net (see IPS104net manual) |

## 4.4 Scan for Devices

After connecting the sensors, like described in the sensor manual, press the  button in the Device Manager. The software sends query commands to all connected ports and waits for answers of the connected devices. Getting an answer it integrates the responding device – you can see the device entry under the On-line node in the device manager. For more details read chapter [6.1 Device Manager](#)).



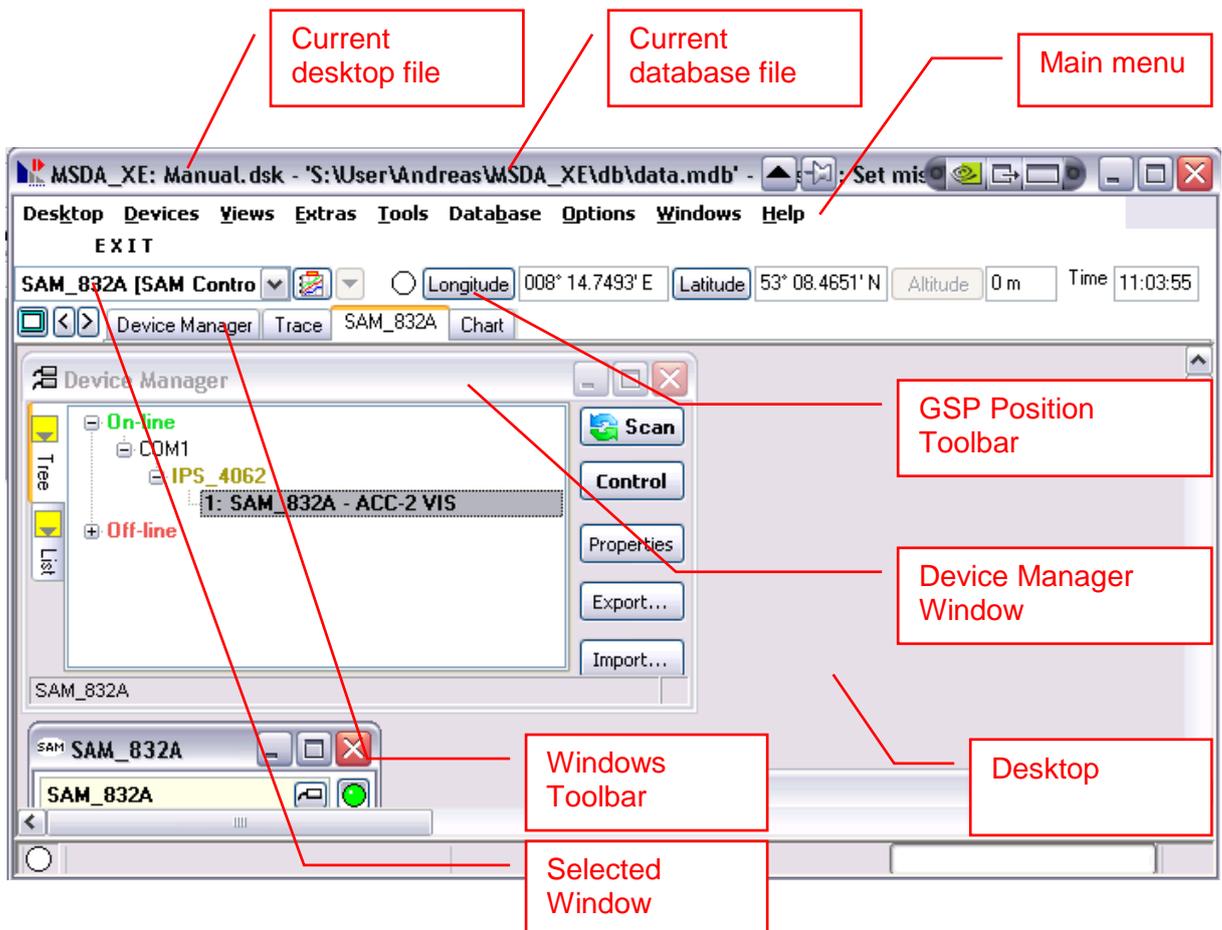
By marking the corresponding sensor and press the  button a control window will open. For each connected sensor one control window is needed.

## 4.5 Open Example Desktops

Some preconfigured sample desktops for different sensor types will be installed with the software. Press **Desktop/Open Example** in the main menu and choose the file that matches with your device type configuration. Please read the manual of the used sensor as well as the sensor specific chapter in this manual.

## 5 Main Window

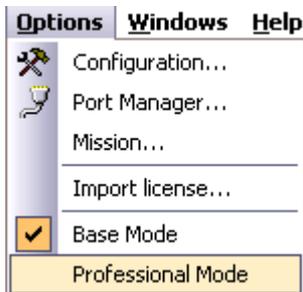
Start program in the Windows start menu: **Programs/MSDA\_XE\MSDA\_XE**



The main menu and its submenus in the current MSDA\_XE may have a more simple look than shown in this documentation. The shown entries are restricted to the basic functions you need for your integrated devices. If you imported a device.ini of a new type more functions will be activated.

Additional you can activate advances functions with the **Professional Mode**. Nevertheless only functions for imported device types are visible.

Press **Options / Professional Mode** to activate the **Professional Mode**.



The MSDA\_XE application is a “Multi-Document-Interface” system. That means that you can open multiple windows within a main window. The windows work separately or can work together with each other to process complex tasks. The collection of all windows in the main window build the desktop. Different desktops for different tasks can be created and stored respectively reloaded from files (\*.dsk). To manage the desktops use the **Desktop** entry in the main menu.

For example you can configure a desktop only for measurement tasks eventually only for different device sets. After finishing the measurements mission you can create an other desktop to process the previous measured data.

## 5.1 GPS Position



If a GPS device is connected, measured positioning data is displayed at the top of the desktop. New incoming positioning data is marked by the green circle on the left. It is also possible to set data manually. The units are degrees and minutes. Use N, E, W, S for North, East, West or South.

**Each manual input must be confirmed by clicking on the corresponding button or pressing the return key in the text field.**

The <sup>Time</sup>  field does **not** show the GPS time but the current system time!

## 5.2 Window Tool Bar



For each opened window a tabulator page will be shown in the window tool bar. This is comparable with tabbed browsing in internet browsers. Either a top level window will be indicated by a top level tabulator or the corresponding window will be shown, when the tab is clicked. Clicking a top level tabulator again will minimize the corresponding window.

In the context menu for the tabulators, which can be found on the left, each window can be selected or organized.

The tabulators can be shifted with the   buttons and renamed.

**If you have a multi monitor computer system you can use all monitors for MSDA\_XE. The hot key F6 docks the selected window out of the main window. This window you can move to an other monitor. The next F6 key will dock it in.**

## 5.3 Window Naming

Each window will have an unique name by its purpose. If more than one window of a single type is created, it will be numbered; e.g. Chart\_1, Chart\_2, Chart\_3. It is possible to rename most of the windows with meaningful names to organize them. Right click on the tab will open its context menu and enables the **R**ename function. Additionally F7 will open a dialogue for renaming the marked window.

**Some windows can not be renamed, as they are fixed or named automatically with the serial number of the device.**

## 5.4 Selected Window Bar



In addition to the Window Tool Bar the selected window is shown in a second bar with following functions.

|   |   |
|---|---|
|  | This button opens a new empty chart   |
|  | Show a list of all outputs of this window   |
|  | Creates a specific chart window to show the data of this window.<br>To use this function you must create a chart template at first. See <a href="#">Fehler! Verweisquelle konnte nicht gefunden werden.</a><br>If you have more than one chart template defined for this window type you get a list of it and can choose one entry of the list. |

## 5.5 Main Menu

Following menu entries are available in the standard configuration.

|                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
| <b>Desktop</b>         |  |
| <b>Global Comments</b> | Change comment of all device control windows   |
| <b>New</b>             | Close all windows                              |
| <b>Open</b>            | Open a stored desktop file.                    |
| <b>Reopen</b>          | History of last used desktops                  |
| <b>Save</b>            | Save current desktop                           |
| <b>Save as</b>         | Save current desktop with new name             |
| <b>Open examples</b>   | Open saved desktop file from Example directory |
| <b>Exit</b>            | Close program                                  |

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Devices</b>             |   |
| <b>Device Manager</b>      | Show Device Manager Window as top level window  |
| <b>Further entries ...</b> | You can open a control window for each TriOS device type.<br>Only entries of integrated device types are visible. |

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>Processing</b>  | Open data calculation windows   |
| <b>Spectrum</b>    | Submenu for computing each spectrum type                                      |
| <b>Calibration</b> | Calibrate spectra (see chapter <a href="#">11.1 Spectrum Calibration</a> )    |
| <b>Absorption</b>  | Calculate absorption spectra (see chapter <a href="#">11.2 Absorption</a> )   |
| <b>UV-A UV-B</b>   | Parameters from spectra (see chapter <a href="#">11.3 UV A / UV B / PAR</a> ) |
| <b>Absorptions</b> | Submenu for computing absorption spectra                                      |

|                       |  |
|-----------------------|--|
| <b>Views</b>          |  |
| <b>Chart</b>          | Graphic representation of data<br>(see chapter <a href="#">10.1 Chart</a> )                  |
| <b>Table</b>          | Tabular and textual representation of data<br>(see chapter <a href="#">10.2 Data Table</a> ) |
| <b>Table Advanced</b> | Pure table view from special data types  |
| <b>Text</b>           | Pure textual view for any data type  |
| <b>HTML</b>           | Browser window (only used for special tasks)   |

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Extras</b>             |  |
| <b>Timer</b>              | Send signal to trigger measurement of different devices simultaneously (see chapter <a href="#">12.1 Timer</a> ) |
| <b>File Auto Importer</b> | Automatic data import from external programs. (See Advanced Manual)  |

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Tools</b>              |   |
| <b>File conversion</b>    | Data file conversion for the last program version of MSDA. The MSDA program is no more supported from TriOS.<br>(See Advanced Manual)   |
| <b>Calculator</b>         | Window to interact with the internal scripting-interface of MSDA_XE. You can use it as an comfortable mathematical term evaluator, too. |
| <b>Spectrum Generator</b> | Generate spectra by formula   |
| <b>Hex Commander</b>      | Examine data transfer at serial interface   |

|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| <b>Database</b>     |   |
| <b>Data</b>         | Show all data in database and sends data to other windows for further computing (see chapter <a href="#">9 Database Data Sender</a> ) |
| <b>Device</b>       | Show all stored devices entries in the database   |
| <b>Import Files</b> | Import data, device and license files   |

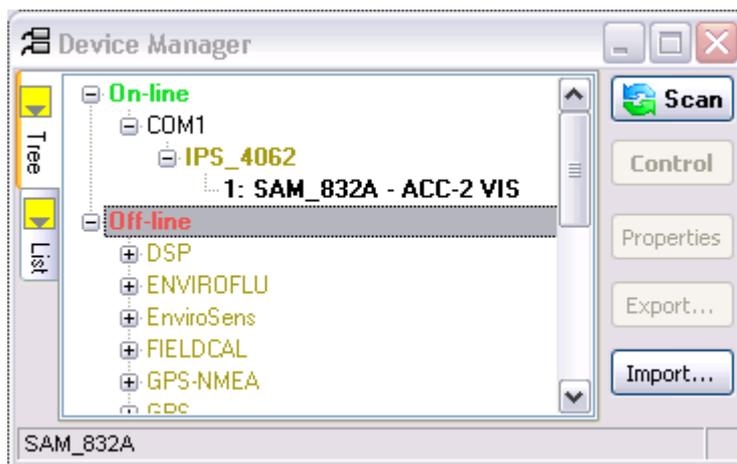
|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| <b>Configuration</b> | Shows the database page of the global configuration dialog |
|----------------------|--|

| <b>Options</b>           |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| <b>Configuration</b>     | General program configurations (see chapter <a href="#">0</a> Configuration) |
| <b>Port Manager</b>      | Configuration of serial interface (see chapter <a href="#">4.3 Port</a> )    |
| <b>Misslons</b>          | Shows the mission page of the global configuration dialog                    |
| <b>Import License</b>    | Activate special program function (contact TriOS)                            |
| <b>Base Mode</b>         | Restrict programme to base functionality                                     |
| <b>Professional Mode</b> | Enhance programme to more functionality                                      |

| <b>Help</b>                   |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| <b>New Device Integration</b> | Start the assistant for new device integration                                 |
| <b>Quick Start Manual</b>     | Opens PDF viewer for the Quick Start manual                                    |
| <b>Manual</b>                 | Opens PDF viewer for the manual  |
| <b>Command Line Parameter</b> | Simple text to show the command line parameter of MSDA_XE                      |
| <b>Release Notes</b>          | Simple text to show the release notes of MSDA_XE                               |
| <b>Scripting Interface</b>    | Opens a help system for the MSDA_XE scripting interface.                       |
| <b>About</b>                  | Program and system information:<br>- Version<br>- License<br>- FPU Performance |

## 6 Basic Windows and Elements

### 6.1 Device Manager



Device Manager - IPS\_4062 is connected to interface COM1. SAM\_83A2 device is connected to the 1st channel of IPS.

The device manager shows all devices represented by their database entry. With the “import” button new devices can be imported. The entries are separated in two parts:

#### 1. On-line Devices

These are connected devices. They are detected by the software.

#### 2. Off-line Devices

These devices are off-line. They are represented only by their database entry.

By sending a SCAN-command, all interfaces activated in the Port Manager (see chapter [4.3 Port Configuration](#)) will be checked for connected devices.

|   |   |
|---|---|
|  | Check for connected devices   |
|  | Open the appropriate device control window                          |
|  | Show properties of selected device                                  |
|  | Export device properties – save it as a device.ini-file.            |
|  | Import of new devices or modification of existing devices from file |

Usually the control windows are opened directly from the device manager by pressing the -button. This will open a control window fitting to the sensor type and is linked automatically to the incoming data.

**The Device Manager window cannot be closed, but only be minimized.**

## 6.2 Database Data Sender Window

All measurement and calibration data are stored in a database. The datasets can be displayed in the DBSender window. The shown entries can be filtered by the device generate the data and further properties. This window is the starting point to process stored data offline.

For the detailed functions, see chapter [9 Database Data Sender](#).

## 6.3 Chart Window

MSDA\_XE has a charting module integrated. In the chart window you can see graphs of your measured data. Graphs can be generated on-line from your current measurement data or off-line from data stored in the database.

For the detailed functions, see chapter [10.1 Chart](#)

## 6.4 Data Table Window

The Data Table Window shows measurement data in a table format. You can copy the table data to the windows clipboard for custom processing in f.e. Microsoft Excel.

For the detailed functions, see chapter [10.2 Data Table](#)

## 6.5 Open / Close Options Panel

A blue arrow can be found in the left part of most windows. It opens/closes the [More ...] panel. Use it to switch between the compact size and the options view size of the window.

|  |   |
|--|---|
|  [More ...] | Click arrow to open / close [More ...] panel. |
|--|---|

## 6.6 Enable / Disable Windows

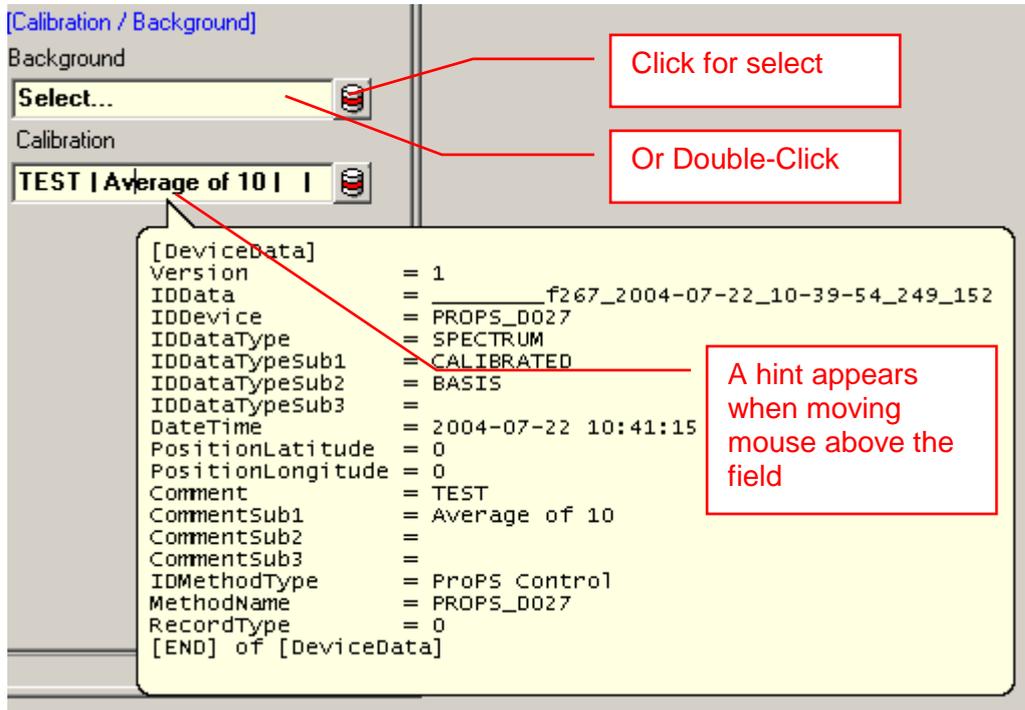
Device windows and processing windows have to be enabled before they can process and send new data to the next control window.

|   |                    |
|---|--------------------|
|  | Window is disabled |
|  | Window is enabled  |

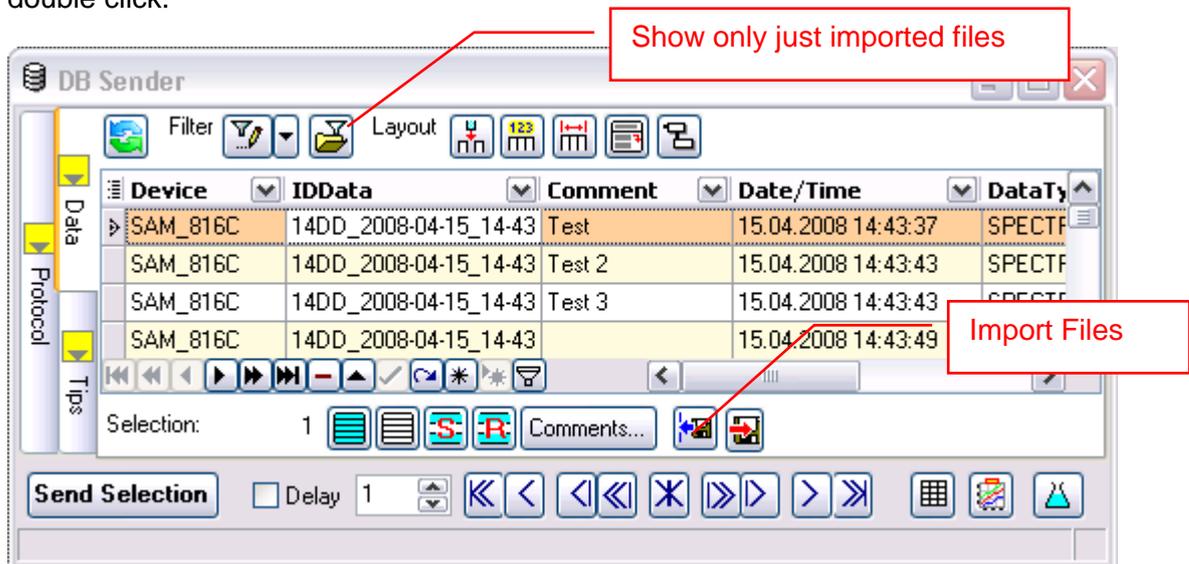
**For proper use, all windows must be enabled!**

## 6.7 Database Entry

Some windows or functions need to be linked to database entries. As example the selection of "Background" and "Calibration" entries for a spectrometer are shown below.



A dialog for selection opens. Via an automatic filter, only those entries will be shown that are valid in the Database Entry field (in this case only BACK – spectra of a specific device). The fitting spectrum can be selected and confirmed with Ok, or chosen by an double click.



You can also import files in this dialog. In the following, only data imported will be shown.

For further functions in this dialog, see chapter [9 Database Data Sender](#).

## 6.8 Interactive Windows

A powerful feature of the MSDA\_XE software is the correlation of different windows on the desktop and their interaction in an extensive application. It works after the sender and receiver principle.

Some windows generate data (output data) that can be sent to other windows. Some windows can receive data (input data) and react on it. To use this function, corresponding input and output data of different windows must be connected with each other. Since there is no restriction on the number of connected windows, you can construct a network that meets your requirements.

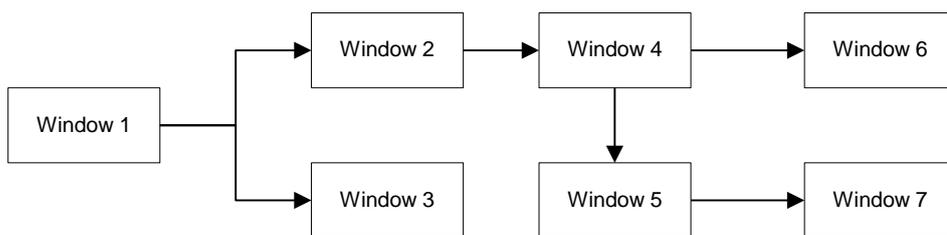


Fig.: Example of a window network

If a current window in this data stream network sends data to the next window connected, data will be computed there and be sent to the next window and so on. Therefore, all current windows must be opened on the desktop at the same time.

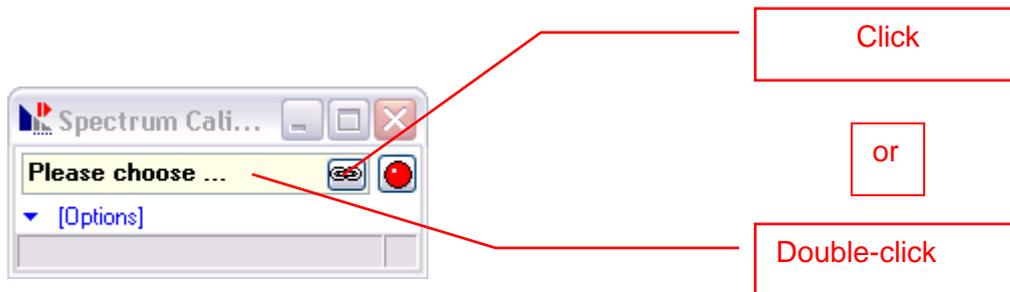
**For proper use, connected windows mustn't be closed.**

Please have a look at the following example:

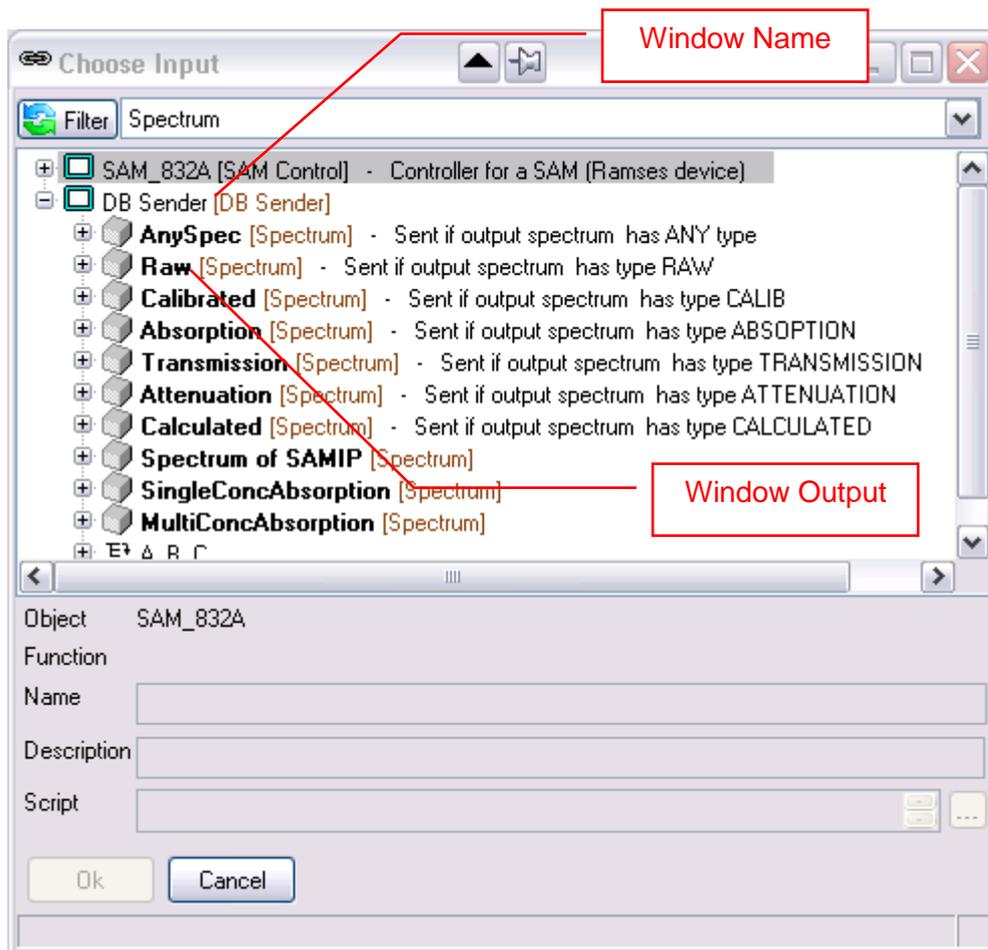
**The focus is to calibrate a RAW spectrum which is stored in the database.**

At first the **Database** needs to be opened, by pressing **Database / Data** in the main menu. The [DataBaseSender] window appears. Additionally the [Spectrum Calibration] window needs to be opened by pressing **Processing** the main menu (Professional mode needs to activated).

The corresponding window appears. The output spectrum of [DataBaseSender] must be connected or linked with the input of [Spectrum Calibration].



Click the button or double-click on the field to change the input. The dialog below will open.



Select the RAW spectrum input and press Ok. If you have not selected any input, the Ok-button is disabled.



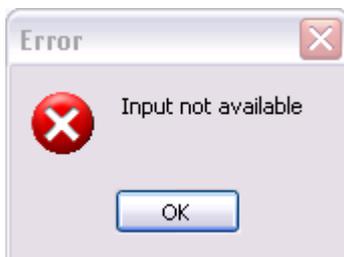
The input name (output window name – output data name) appears in the text field.

After the windows are linked the [Spectrum Calibration] window needs to be enabled by pressing the red dot in the upper right corner.



The window is enabled, when the dot shines green. It indicates that the window is properly configured and will work if [DataBaseSender] sends RAW data. Select one or more raw spectra (IDDataTypeSub1=RAW) in the [DataBaseSender] and press [SEND SELECTION]. In the right bottom corner of [Spectrum Calibration], a purple flash will indicate the data processing.

A window can be disabled at any time, by pressing the red dot. Input data and settings will not be modified and any current computing will be stopped. [Enable] is only possible if the window is properly configured. If some settings are wrong following message will appear:

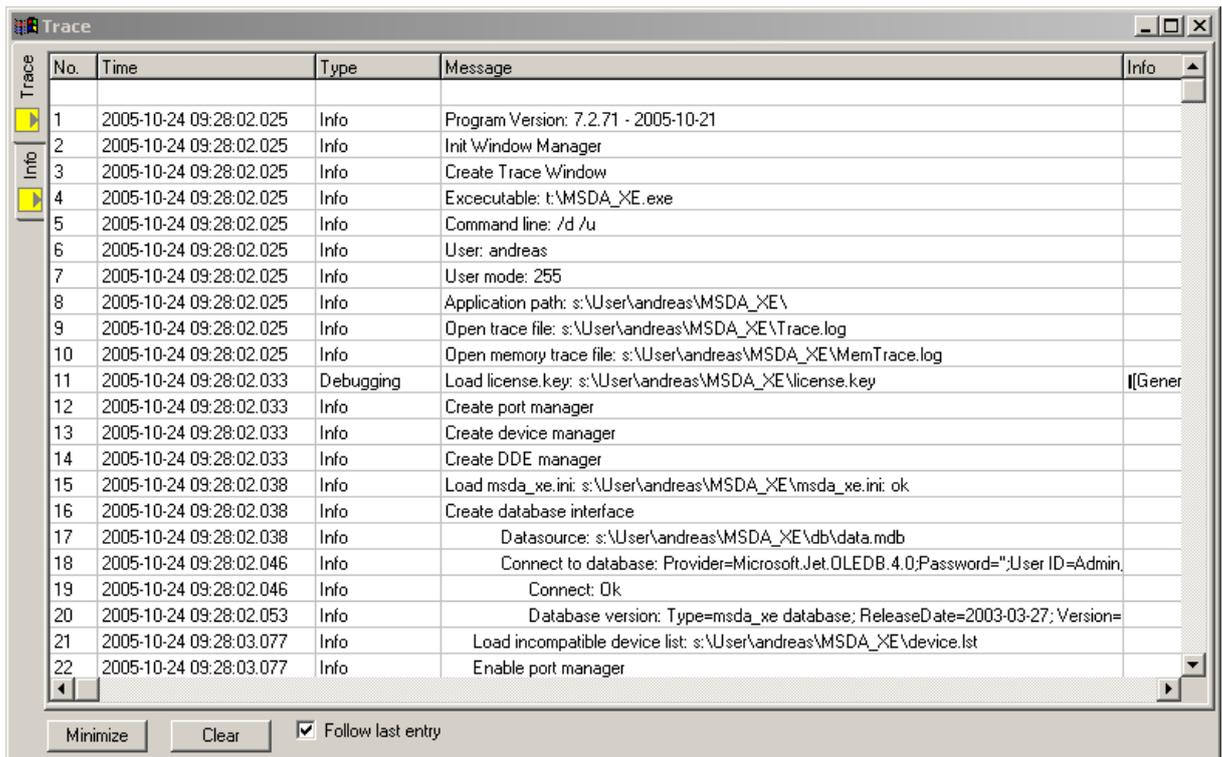


**If an output generating window is closed, the connected input window will be disabled automatically.**

## 6.9 Trace Window

Program processes are recorded in the [Trace] window.

The content of the table below and further information is automatically stored in the „MSDA\_XE/trace.log“ file. If you have problems with the software, you should send this file to our support department (email: [support@trios.de](mailto:support@trios.de) ).



| No. | Time                    | Type      | Message   | Info    |
|-----|-------------------------|-----------|---|---------|
| 1   | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.025 | Info      | Program Version: 7.2.71 - 2005-10-21  |         |
| 2   | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.025 | Info      | Init Window Manager   |         |
| 3   | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.025 | Info      | Create Trace Window   |         |
| 4   | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.025 | Info      | Excecutable: t:\MSDA_XE.exe   |         |
| 5   | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.025 | Info      | Command line: /d /u   |         |
| 6   | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.025 | Info      | User: andreas   |         |
| 7   | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.025 | Info      | User mode: 255  |         |
| 8   | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.025 | Info      | Application path: s:\User\andreas\MSDA_XE\                                      |         |
| 9   | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.025 | Info      | Open trace file: s:\User\andreas\MSDA_XE\trace.log                              |         |
| 10  | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.025 | Info      | Open memory trace file: s:\User\andreas\MSDA_XE\MemTrace.log                    |         |
| 11  | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.033 | Debugging | Load license key: s:\User\andreas\MSDA_XE\license.key                           | [[Gener |
| 12  | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.033 | Info      | Create port manager   |         |
| 13  | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.033 | Info      | Create device manager   |         |
| 14  | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.033 | Info      | Create DDE manager  |         |
| 15  | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.038 | Info      | Load msda_xe.ini: s:\User\andreas\MSDA_XE\msda_xe.ini: ok                       |         |
| 16  | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.038 | Info      | Create database interface   |         |
| 17  | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.038 | Info      | Datasource: s:\User\andreas\MSDA_XE\db\data.mdb                                 |         |
| 18  | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.046 | Info      | Connect to database: Provider=Microsoft.Jet.OLEDB.4.0;Password=";User ID=Admin, |         |
| 19  | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.046 | Info      | Connect: Ok   |         |
| 20  | 2005-10-24 09:28:02.053 | Info      | Database version: Type=msda_xe database; ReleaseDate=2003-03-27; Version=       |         |
| 21  | 2005-10-24 09:28:03.077 | Info      | Load incompatible device list: s:\User\andreas\MSDA_XE\device.lst               |         |
| 22  | 2005-10-24 09:28:03.077 | Info      | Enable port manager   |         |

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>No</b>   | Consecutive number  |
| <b>Time</b>   | Date and time of entry  |
| <b>Type</b>   | Type of entry   |
| <b>Message</b>  | Entry   |
| <b>Info</b>   | Additional entry of several lines<br>On the Tab-page this entry can be viewed formatted in several lines. |
| <input type="button" value="Clear"/>                  | Deletes all entries (Runs automatically as soon as 1000 entries exist.)                                   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Follow last entry | Cursor automatically goes to entry last added.  |

In the configuration dialog, you can set the message types to be shown here. (**Menu: Options/Configuration/Messages**)

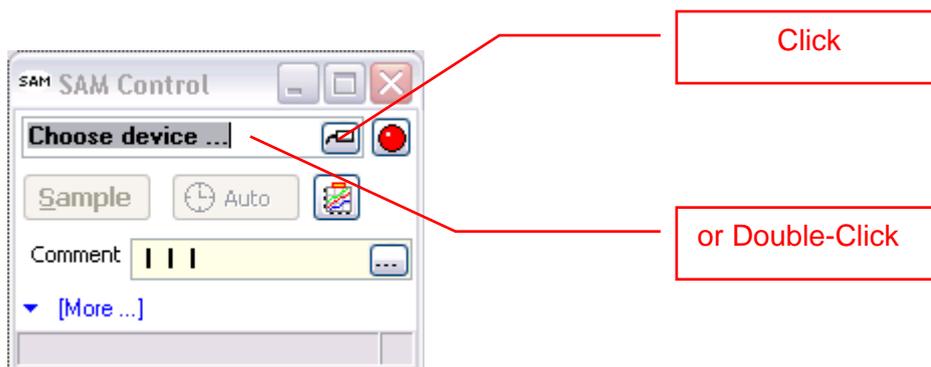
## 7 Device Control Windows

### 7.1 General

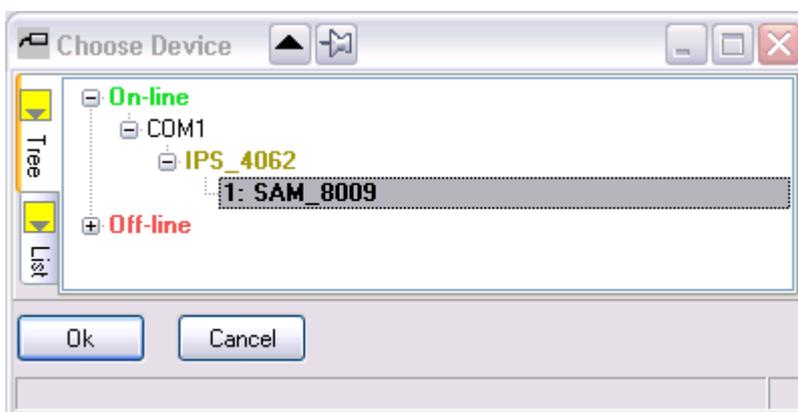
A device must be controlled with a special window on the desktop. Although the control windows are different for each sensor type, some functions are identically.

#### 7.1.1 Select device

Usually device control windows are opened directly from the device manage by pressing the **Control**-button. This will open a fitting control window with the corresponding sensor input. If you open a device control from the **main menu / devices**, the window and the settings have to be configured manually:

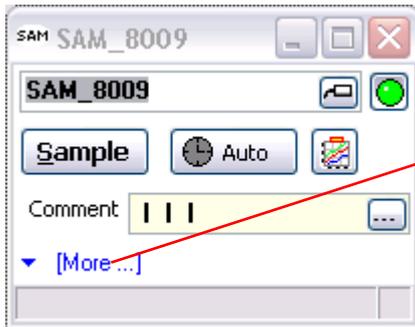


Double-click on the text field will open following dialog appears.



Select device and click "Ok".

Activate the control window by pressing the  button. Activated windows will show a -button. This enables the window and indicates that all is configured well. It is not possible to enable windows, which are configured wrong.



Click to expand

After the configuration of the input, the window name will show the serial number of the device.

**If you have another window on the desktop configured with the same device it gets red. One device can only be controlled by one window.**

## 7.1.2 Single and Automatic Measurements

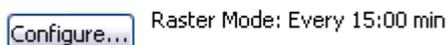
At the top of each device control window the sample buttons are placed.



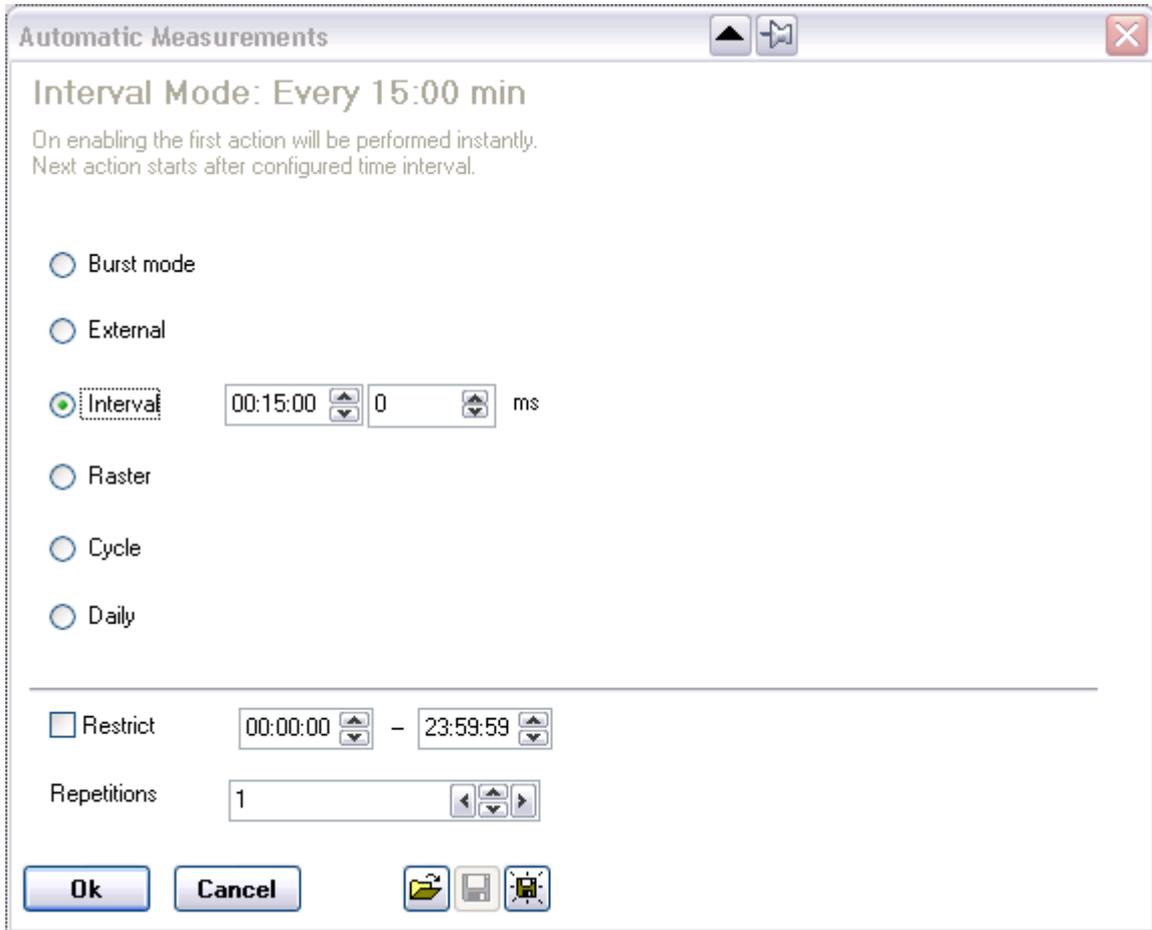
With the sample button a single measurement can be triggered. The Auto button will activate automatic measurements, which offer many timer modes and intervals. Some controls support graphs to show the measured data online. The chart button opens a chart window with the appropriate input of the incoming data.

In the advanced panel you will find the settings for the automatic measurements.

[\[Automatic Measurements\]](#)



Press "Configure" to open the following dialog.



**Right mouse click on the AUTO button will open the windows as well.**

Six modes of automatic measurements are available.

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| <b>Burst</b>       | Measurement as fast as possible.<br>Immediately after a measurement is finished, the next measurement is triggered.  |
| <b>External</b>    | Measurement is triggered from another window (see also Chapter <a href="#">12.1 Timer</a> ). Click on  to choose input.<br>You can use the external mode to synchronize measurements for different devices if you connect several device control windows with one [Timer]-Window. All measurements of all connected devices are triggered now by this timer window. |
| <b>Interval</b>    | Repetitive measurement in intervals.<br>First measurement starts immediately after automatic is enabled.   |
| <b>Raster</b>      | Repetitive measurement in intervals with “even” time raster.<br>First measurement starts at first raster time.<br>E.g. Raster = 15 min.: 8:00, 8:15, 8:30, 8:45, 9:00, 9:15, ...   |
| <b>Restriction</b> | If active, the measurements will be started within the configured time range.  |
| <b>Cycle</b>       | The cycle is for programming a fixed time table. Time intervals with different raster and duration can be programmed. The cycle will stop automatically, when all entries in the table are finished  |
| <b>Daily</b>       | Similar to “Cycle”. The measurement time table will be started every day   |

Restrict      00:00:00  - 23:59:59 

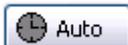
Repetitions      1   

In some timer-modes restrictions can be activated. This will limit automatic measurement to a certain day time.

E.g. 8:00 – 18:00 active from 8:00 – 18:00

E.g. 18:00 – 8:00 active from 18:00-24:00 AND from 0:00 – 8:00

Repetitions larger than one will trigger multiple measurements for one timer event.

Automatic measurements needs to be started with the  button.

When the measurement shall be triggered externally the  button needs to be activated. If this button is off, the device control window will ignore external triggers.

## 7.1.3 Storing of Data

### 7.1.3.1 Saving

In default the software stores each data set in the database with a time stamp. Although, when the Database Sender is not opened. Besides the database, it is possible to save the measured data in single files on the computers hard disc.

[Storing]

Save to    
 Raw  Calibrated

**Is it is strictly recommend to activate database storing.**

**MSDA\_XE can only import data in the \*.dat format. Therefore it can happen, that a reimport is not possible, if the data are saved in another format.**

When the device control window sends more than one output data, like the RAMSES sends RAW and CALIBRATED spectra, the type of saving can be configured.

### 7.1.3.2 Comments

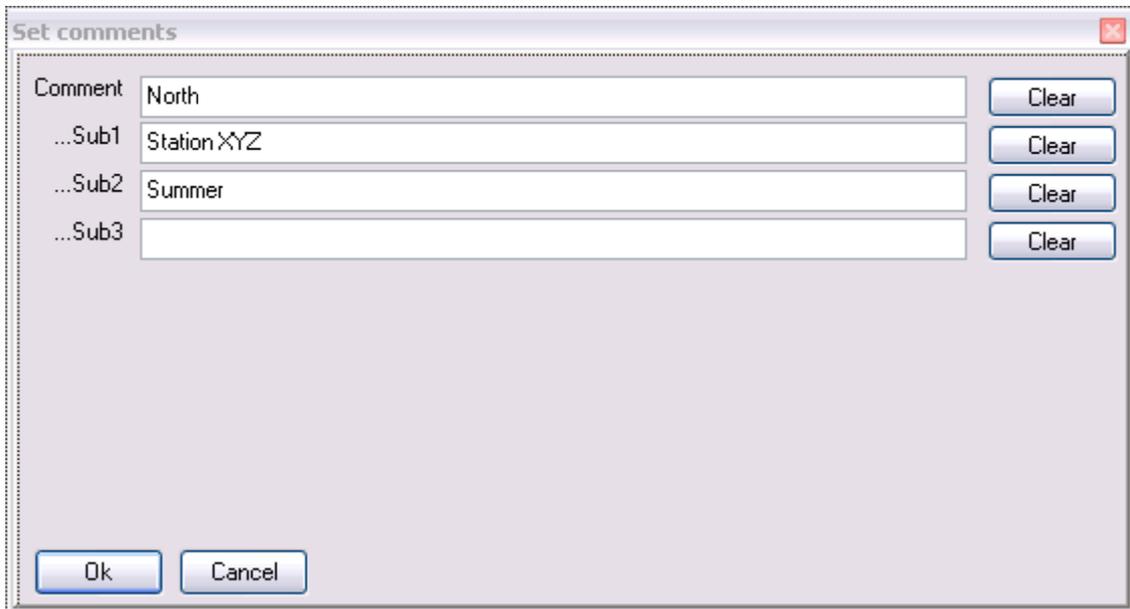
Each dataset can be assigned with up to 4 comments.

Comment

Click

Double-Click

Within the following dialog box the comments can be changed. The comments can be used later on to sort data in the database or allocate them missions or application sites.



The image shows a dialog box titled "Set comments" with a close button in the top right corner. It contains four text input fields with corresponding "Clear" buttons to their right. The first field is labeled "Comment" and contains the text "North". The second field is labeled "...Sub1" and contains "Station XYZ". The third field is labeled "...Sub2" and contains "Summer". The fourth field is labeled "...Sub3" and is empty. At the bottom of the dialog box are "Ok" and "Cancel" buttons.

| Label   | Text        | Action |
|---------|-------------|--------|
| Comment | North       | Clear  |
| ...Sub1 | Station XYZ | Clear  |
| ...Sub2 | Summer      | Clear  |
| ...Sub3 |             | Clear  |

Edit comments and click Ok. Every upcoming measurement is named with this comments.

**Global comments for all assigned sensors can be set in the main menu: Desktop / Global Comments.**

## 7.2 RAMSES (SAM + SAMIP)

TriOS produces two types of RAMSES sensors:

1. A pure spectrometer
2. A spectrometer with additional **Inclination** and/or **Pressure** sensor

Both device types and respectively both window types are described in this chapter.

### 7.2.1 Introduction

The abbreviation SAM stands for Spectrum Acquisition Module. The SAM device measures light intensities for 255 wavelengths. With the calibration files the software will compute the RAW readings of the spectrometer to physical units. The data necessary for wavelength assignment is included in the device \*.ini file. For computing the intensity over wavelength the background (BACK) and calibration spectra (CAL) are needed. For each RAMSES two calibration files – one for air measurements and one for water measurements – will be delivered. All files shall be imported in the database.

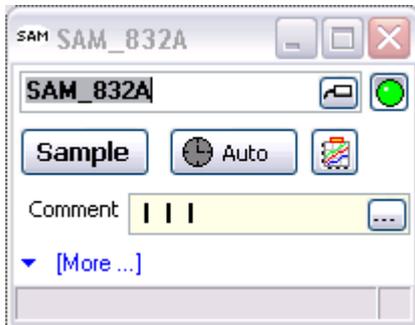
#### 7.2.1.1 Introduction – Inclination / Pressure

The SAMIP device is a spectrometer which has additionally a **Pressure** - and an **Inclination Sensor**. As the IP module is a sensor itself, it will be shown in the device manager as well:



```
0: IPS_4062
├── 1: SAMIP_405A - ACC Masterdevice
│   ├── SAM_8009 - SAMIP_405A
│   └── IP_C02B
```

## 7.2.2 Measurement



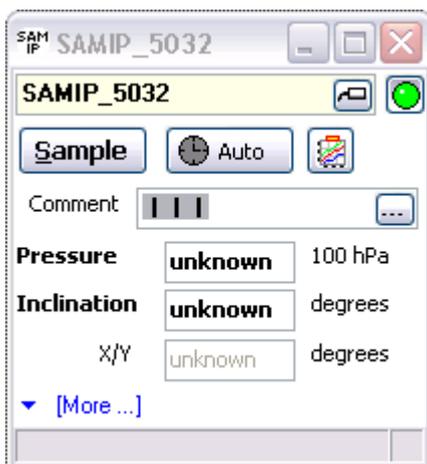
[Measurement]

Integrationtime

To get maximal resolution in the measurement values the RAMSES has an integration-time automatic. The automatic integration time is set as default and will search for the best fitting integration time between 4 and 4096 ms. In the manual mode integration times between 4 and 8192 ms are available.

### 7.2.2.1 Measurement data – Inclination / Pressure

Beside the normal RAMSES functions the SAMIP window contains additional functions and displays:



|                                 |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| <b>[Inclination / Pressure]</b> | Results from measurement  |
| <b>Pressure</b>                 | 100 hPa correspond to 1 m water depth   |
| <b>Inclination</b>              | Angle to the vertical direction in degrees.   |
| <b>X/Y</b>                      | The sensor has two inclination sensors which are orientated orthogonal to each other. |

|  |   |
|--|---|
|  | The software calculates the inclination value to the vertical axis of the sensor. |
|--|---|

## 7.2.3 Calibration

When both device ini-file and calibration files are imported, the device control window will search for the right calibration files in the database.

Other calibration files can be imported and selected by the  button.

[\[Calibration / Background\]](#)

Background

hallo --- <2011-03-03 14:20:47> #XXX\_2011-03-03\_14-20-47 

Calibration

<2011-03-02 11:03:51> #XXX\_2011-03-10\_12-21-53\_596\_0 

Alternative Calibration

<2011-03-02 11:03:51> #XXX\_2011-03-02\_11-22-40\_782\_0 

The “Calibration” entry is used for measurements in air. The “Alternative Calibration” usually is used for measurement in water. Take care, that the correct file is used for different application places.

### 7.2.3.1 Calibration – Inclination / Pressure

Within the calibration tab the pressure sensors can be calibrated to the surroundings.

[\[Pressure\]](#)

This shall be done shortly above the water surface. The calibration data is stored in the database and will use for all further measurement.

## 7.2.4 Outputs

The RAMSES window delivers two types of spectra:

[Output]

Raw

Calibrated

| IDDateType | IDDataSub1 | Meaning   |
|------------|------------|---|
| Spectrum   | RAW        | Spectrum not calibrated, RAW counts from the spectrometer |
| Spectrum   | CALIBRATED | Spectrum calibrated                                       |

The  button opens a chart window to show this data.

### 7.2.4.1 Output – Inclination / Pressure

| IDDateType  | IDDataSub1 | Meaning   |
|-------------|------------|---|
| Spectrum    | RAW        | Spectrum not calibrated   |
| Spectrum    | CALIBRATED | Spectrum calibrated   |
| Inclination |            | Inclination   |
| Pressure    |            | Pressure  |
| SAMIP       | RAW        | SAMIP master data with link to spectrum, inclination and pressure |
| SAMIP       | CALIBRATED | SAMIP master data with link to spectrum, inclination and pressure |

## 7.3 Fluorometer (microFlu / enviroFlu)

### 7.3.1 Introduction

The microFlu and the enviroFlu devices work in the same way in terms of the control and data handling. Thus, they are described in the same chapter and both are handled here as Flu-device.

A Flu-device is able to perform measurements with different amplifications. Samples with low fluorescence should be measured with high amplification, samples with high fluorescence signal therefore with low amplification (from now on: Low and high channel). The sensors are delivered with fixed low amplification with default settings.

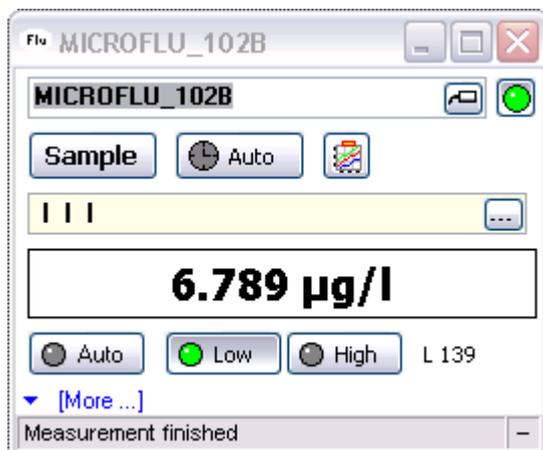
The Flu-device supports an internal averaging of samples which can be configured, but shall stay untouched.

A special feature of the device is the “continuous mode”. In this mode the measurements must not be triggered by software (MSDA\_XE). The device itself triggers measurements if the unit gets power and must not be connected to a computer. In this mode the measurement interval is as fast as possible.

The configuration above and additional calibration values are stored permanently in the device EPROM from TriOS. These values can be changed with MADA\_XE for custom applications but this function is blocked in the normal installation. If you want to activate it contact TriOS.

### 7.3.2 Measurement

Device control window of microFlu.



| Amplification / Concentration         |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| <input type="radio"/> Auto            | Automatic amplification   |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Low  | Low amplification   |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> High | High amplification  |
| <b>6.789 µg/l</b>                     | Measurement result calculated in µg/l                             |
| L 139                                 | Amplification of sample (L-low, H-high) and raw measurement value |

### 7.3.3 Internal Averaging

The internal averaging can be changed in the advanced settings. Changing the average can lead to uncontrolled and unreliable measurements.

[Device internal configuration]

Continuous    Average    240   

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Average    240 <input type="button" value="←"/> <input type="button" value="↑"/> <input type="button" value="↓"/> <input type="button" value="→"/> | Internal averaging of the Flu device   |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Continuous  | Device triggers measurements via its hardware.<br>The sensor starts measurements immediately after powering up. If enable no measurements commands needs to be send to the sensor anymore.<br>This is a default setting and needed for usage without computer. |
| <input type="button" value="Write as startup configuration in EPROM"/>   | Configuration is stored as start up configuration in the Flu-EPROM<br>(Amplification, average and continuous mode)   |

**The device can trigger it measurements itself within the continuous mode.  
If used with a computer each measurement can be triggered by the software as well.**

## 7.3.4 Custom Calibration

The measurement values of a Flu-device can be scaled with the Custom Calibration function.

[Custom Calibration]

Activate

Offset  

Factor  

Unit  

When the custom calibration is activated the software uses following formular:

$$\text{Custom Value} = (\text{Origin Value} - \text{Offset}) * \text{Factor}$$

Default values are Offset = 0 and Scaling = 1

Activate needs to be crossed, to work with the custom calibration.

## 7.3.5 EPROM Calibration Values

At the Calibration tab the calibration factors for the low and high channels can be seen and changed if necessary. Please read the sensors manual carefully, as once the values are overwritten, they could not be recovered.

— EPROM values - High Amplification —

Read from

Offset

Scaling

Write to

|   |  |
|---|--|
|  | Open a file dialog to choose an Flu.ini file to read out its calibration values.   |
|  | Writes the current shown values (Offset, Scaling) to the device RAM for temporary check calibrations. The RAM values are used for the current measurement calibration.<br>After device power off this values will be lost. |

As soon as the device is supplied with power, the configuration is read from the EPROM and copied to the device RAM. The configuration in the device RAM defines the current device properties. If power supply is stopped, RAM information will be lost.

## 7.3.6 Calibration

Each TriOS fluorometer is delivered with a factory calibration. The calibration factors are stored on the internal EPROM of the sensor. It is possible to overwrite the existing calibration by own factors, which have to be determined after the calibration instructions (read hardware manual).

**Although it is possible to calibrate the sensor, it is recommended to send the sensors in regularly for a technical check up and recalibration.**

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <input type="button" value="EPROM (read)"/>  | Read calibration parameters from device.   |
| <input type="button" value="File..."/>       | Import calibration parameter from device.ini file.<br>If <input type="button" value="EPROM"/> -Button not visible, parameter of file are written to EPROM automatically. Else you must write it to EPROM with this button. |
| <b>Offset</b>                                | Value for offset (medium giving no signal).  |
| <b>Scaling</b>                               | Scaling term to calculate concentration from raw measurement value .   |
| <b>Square</b>                                | Square term to calculate concentration from raw measurement value.<br>(This field is only available for special devices.)  |
| <input type="button" value="RAM"/>           | Set calibration parameters temporarily in the sensor (until power off)   |
| <input type="button" value="EPROM (write)"/> | Store calibration parameters permanently in the sensor.  |

**To enable all feature of this page you must import the license Flu\_Advanced.lic.**

**The existing calibration can be overwritten irrevocable with this function!**

### 7.3.7 SolidCAL

— [Check Device with SolidCal](#) —



TriOS SolidCAL standards were developed to check the calibration of Flu – sensors.

For the detailed functions, see chapter [8.2 Fluorometer](#) Calibration (SolidCAL

---

## 7.4 UV Photometer (ProPS)

### 7.4.1 Introduction

The abbreviation ProPS means **P**rocess **P**hotometer **S**ystem.

A ProPS measurement cycle consists of two single measurements.

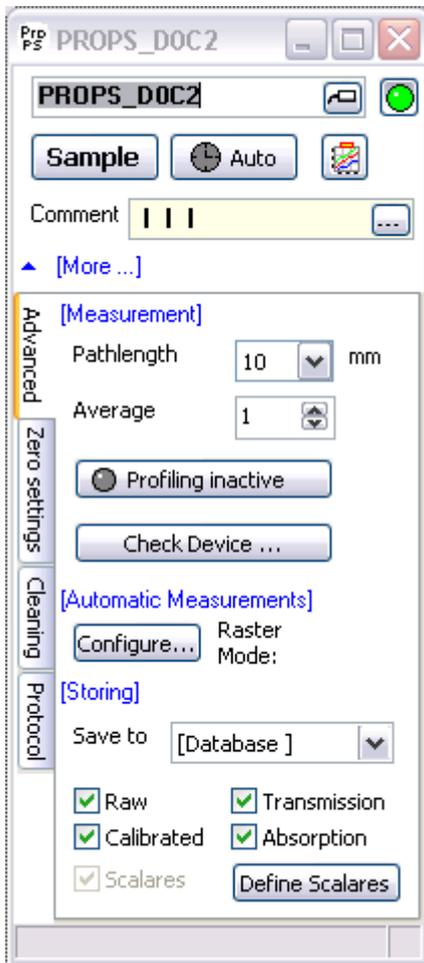
1. Light measurement with lamp on
2. Dark measurement with lamp off

Equally like in the RAMSES the spectrometer automatically switch to the correct integration time. Both measurements (light and dark) will be performed with the same integration time.

Please read the hardware manual of ProPS carefully, as the correct setting of the optical pathlength is essential for a good measurement.

Like every photometer system the sensor needs a base line to calculate transmission or absorption spectra. TriOS delivers the ProPS with one water basis for each pathlength. The calibrated water bases are saved in a file and needs to be imported to the database.

For performing individual calibration, see Chapter [7.4.4 Calibration](#).



## 7.4.2 Configuration

The pathlength entry must fit to the actual physical pathlength of the sensor. For the ProPS CW version pathlengths of 10, 20, 40 and 60mm and for the ProPS WW pathlengths of 1, 2, 5 and 10mm are available.

### [Measurement]

Pathlength  mm  
Average

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>Path length</b> | Optical path length used at the ProPS   |
| <b>Average</b>     | An average is calculated with a certain number of spectra<br>It is recommended to use an average of 1 for online measurements |

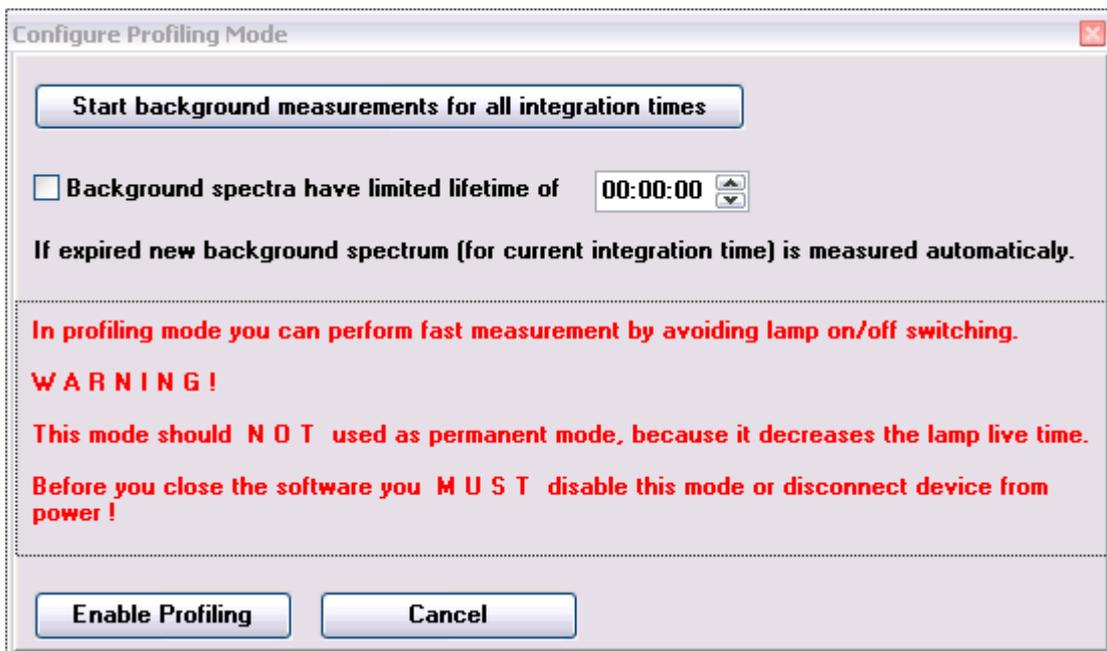
**The physical path length at the sensor and the software settings needs to be identical.**

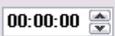
## 7.4.3 Profiling Mode

It is possible to run the ProPS in profiling mode, which enables very fast measurements for vertical profiles. In this mode the dark measurements are done for all integration times before the measurement starts. During the measurements the lamp stays activated.

For the profiling mode a special license is needed and can be requested at the support department of TriOS.

The  button will activate the mode. Following dialog will appear.



|  |  |
|--|--|
|   | Measurement of all dark spectra  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Background spectra have limited lifetime of  | If enabled the dark-spectra will be refreshed after configured time automatically. |
|   | Enable this mode   |

**The profiling mode reduces the lamp life time. After usage it needs to be deactivated manually to save lamp life time.**

## 7.4.4 Calibration – Zero line

It is possible to measure new zero lines for the ProPS. For the measurement of water bases it is recommended to use ultra pure water (Milli-Q).

[Blank Reference]

<2010-06-09 12:18: &img alt="ProPS icon" data-bbox="318 338 342 358"/>

Average  

Zero line

| [Reference]  |   |
|--|---|
| <2010-06-09 12:18:40>                   | Select an existing reference (factory) calibration (recommended)  |
| Average <input type="text" value="1"/>  | An average is calculated for a certain number of spectra.   |
| <input type="button" value="Measure"/>   | Click to measure a reference (e.g. pure water) spectrum. It will be stored automatically and used for further measurements. |

## 7.5 VIPER (VIS Photometer )

### 7.5.1 Introduction

A VIPER measurement cycle consists of two single measurements.

1. Measurement with light on
2. Measurement with light off

The dark measurement is carried out automatically with the same integration time as the light measurement and is necessary for calibration.

Similar to the ProPS, every VIPER device requires additional data for transmission and absorption calculations – the water basis.

A basis calibration with clear water is required. These files are delivered with your device and have to be imported into the database. For performing individual calibration, see Chapter [7.5.3 Calibration – Zero line](#).

The VIPER produces its light with multiple diodes (LEDs) which can be switched separately. Measurements can be performed with one or several LEDs. This restricted light measurement should be used only for special applications and will be a part of advanced data processing in the future software versions.

It is recommended to switch on all LEDs.



|   |   |
|---|---|
|  | Enable all LEDs.  |
|  | Disables all LEDs   |
|  | <p>The green bubbles do NOT indicate the current LED-state in the device. It defines the LEDs which should be used in the light measurements.</p> <p>The Ok button applies the current LED configuration in the device. Therefore this button should be used only for hardware testing.</p> |

## 7.5.2 Measurement Configuration

– Measurement

Integ.time

Average  Moving

Profiling Average

Cuvette  mm

As the VIPER has a quite high measurement rate it is possible to average over an adjustable number of measurements with just one measurement command. The average spectrum will be calculated, when the software gets the maximal data count. In normal mode the next measurement starts with 0. In the “moving average” mode the software calculates a moving average for every new spectrum (first in – first out). This function will only work, when the measurements are triggered by a timer.

In contrast, it the  button will clear all previous measured spectra and restarts the average process.

To perform measurements with a higher measurement interval, the “profiling” mode can be used. This mode will measure dark spectra for each integration time before the real measurement. During the real measurement only light spectra will be measured, which will speed up the measurement by a factor of 2.

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Integ.time <input type="text" value="automatic"/> | Custom integration time  |
| Average <input type="text" value="2"/>            | Measurement average  |
| Moving <input type="checkbox"/>                   | Perform a moving average   |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Profiling        | Enable profiling mode.<br>At the first enabling after program start it will measure the dark spectra measurements. |
| Average <input type="text" value="1"/>            | Average for the dark spectra calibration   |
| <input type="button" value="Calibr."/>            | Refresh the dark spectra calibration.<br>Do not perform it during a measurement cycle                              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Cuvette                  | The viper is not submerged in the sample media. The optical path is restricted by a cuvette.                       |

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <input style="width: 80%;" type="text" value="50"/> mm | Path of the cuvette. This value will be stored in the spectral data for later processing. |
|--|---|

## 7.5.3 Calibration – Zero line

– Blank Reference

<Not in database> #XXXX\_2010-06-10 

Average

Integ.time

Zero line

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <input style="width: 80%;" type="text" value="2010-06-09 12:18:40"/>  | Select an existing reference calibration.  |
| Average <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="1"/>  | An average is taken for the zero line calibration.   |
| Integ.time <input style="width: 50px;" type="text" value="automatic"/>   | Integration time taken for the calibration.  |
| <input type="button" value="Measure"/>   | Click to measure the zero line (e.g. water) spectrum. It will be stored automatically and used for further measurements. |

## 7.5.4 LED Temperature Calibration



LED Temperature Calibration

Dark Pixel Calibration

The correction of the temperature drift of the LED should always be enabled to get more precise measurement data. The necessary data for the calibration is delivered together with your device.

## 7.6 OSCAR

### 7.6.1 Introduction

A OSCAR measurement cycle consists of two single measurements.

1. Measurement with light on
2. Measurement with light off

The dark measurement is carried out automatically with the same integration time as the light measurement and is necessary for calibration.

Similar to the ProPS, every OSCAR device requires additional data for transmission and absorption calculations – the water basis.

A basis calibration with clear water is required. These files are delivered with your device and have to be imported into the database. For performing individual calibration, see Chapter Calibration – Zero line.

The OSCAR measurement principle is much distinguished to absorption-meter with a linear light path. The cavity reflects the scatter light back in the sample media (again and again) and you get no constant optical path-length. Therefore the calculation of the absorption coefficients is a complex task. It based on the reflectivity values of the inner surface of the cavity for every measured wavelength. This reflectivity spectrum is needed as additional calibration data for the OSCAR.

### 7.6.2 Measurement Configuration

Temperature [20 °C](#)  
Salinity [0 PSU](#)

The calibration of the measurement data integrates the temperature and the salinity of the sample media. These values must be entered before you start a measurement. Click on the blue text. This additional data will be attached at every measured data record.

— Measurement —

Integ.time

Average

Moving

Profiling Mode

Average for background

Calculate Absorption

Use Reflectivity

Is it possible to average over an adjustable number of measurements with just one measurement command. The average spectrum will be calculated, when the software gets the maximal data count. In normal mode the next measurement starts with 0. In the “moving average” mode the software calculates a moving average for every new spectrum (first in – first out). This function will only work, when the measurements are triggered by a timer.

In contrast, the  button will clear all previous measured spectra and restarts the average process.

To perform measurements with a higher measurement interval, the “profiling” mode can be used. This mode will measure dark spectra for each integration time before the real measurement. During the real measurement only light spectra will be measured, which will speed up the measurement by a factor of 2.

|  |  |
|--|--|
| Integ.time <input type="text" value="automatic"/>        | Custom integration time  |
| Average <input type="text" value="1"/>                   | Measurement average  |
| Moving <input type="checkbox"/>                          | Perform a moving average   |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Profiling               | Enable profiling mode.<br>At the first enabling after program start it will measure the dark spectra measurements. |
| Average <input type="text" value="1"/>                   | Average for the dark spectra calibration   |
| <input type="button" value="Calibr."/>                   | Refresh the dark spectra calibration.<br>Do not perform it during a measurement cycle                              |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Calculate Absorption | Calculate absorption spectrum. Should be only disabled if no reflectivity spectrum for calibration is              |

|  |  |
|--|--|
|  | available to avoid an error message.   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Use Reflectivity | Should be always enabled. In the disabled state no physical correct absorption values will be calculated. It is only for testing |

## 7.6.3 Zero settings – Blank Reference

– Blank Reference

aq\_B014 --- <2013-06-06 14:07:13> #VE 

1  x automatic  

Measured at [21.6 °C](#)

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <2010-06-09 12:18:40>  | Select an existing reference calibration.   |
| 1  x                   | An average is taken for the zero line calibration.  |
| x automatic          | Integration time taken for the calibration.   |
|                      | Click to measure a zero line (e.g. water) spectrum. It will be stored automatically and used for further measurements.                                      |
| Measured at <a href="#">21.6 °C</a>   | Shows the media temperature of the Blank Reference measurement. You can change this temperature after a measurement by click on the blue temperature field. |

## 7.6.4 Zero settings – Reflectivity

– Nigrosin Sample

Nigrosin in aq\_0.408 mg/l\_B014 | mit Sof 

1  x automatic  

Measured at [20 °C](#)

– Nigrosin Reference

Nig\_Ref\_von\_Roetgers --- <2013-06-05> 

– Reflectivity

<2013-06-12 13:45:23> #XXXXY\_2013-06 



For the reflectivity calibration, a standard sample media with sufficient absorption over the full wavelength range of the OSCAR samples is needed. The usual media for this task is Nigrosin solution. For more information read the documentation for the OSCAR.

This media must be measured with a photometer (e.g. Viper) **and** with the OSCAR at nearly the same temperature.

1. – Nigrosin Sample \_\_\_\_\_  
Measure the media with the OSCAR
2. – Nigrosin Reference \_\_\_\_\_  
Measure the media with a photometer and set this entry in the database entry field.
3.   
Click the button to start the calculation. New entry will be shown in the field above.

If you have measured the media temperature after a Nigrosing Sample measurement, you can correct the temperature of this sample with click on the temperature field.

The Nigrosin Reference can be measured with the Viper sensor from TriOS. In this case the data (spectrum) was stored in the database and has the correct format. It can be used as it is. Click on the button at the database entry and choose the correct entry.

If you have measured the spectrum with a different spectrometer its data must be imported in the database. Copy the data in a text table format in the windows clipboard:

Wavelength1 Absorption1

Wavelength2 Absorption2

Wavelength2 Absorption3

... and so on ...

The wavelength values must be in the nano-meter unit. Click on  and answer the pathlength-question. The next dialog shows the data in the TriOs format. Set the "Comment" fields for better identifying and click "OK" to accept the data.

## 7.6.5 LED Light

— LED Temperatur Calibration —

<Not in database> #KLIMA\_2012-12-18\_ 

- LED Temperature Calibration
- Dark Pixel Calibration

The correction of the temperature drift of the LED should always be enabled to get better more precise data. The necessary data for the calibration is delivered together with your device.

— LDEs used for Sampling —



The OSCAR produces its light with multiple diodes (LEDs) which can be switched separately. Measurements can be performed with one or several LEDs. This restricted light measurement should be used only for special applications and will be a part of advanced data processing in the future software versions.

It is recommended to switch all LEDs on.

|   |  |
|---|--|
|  | Enable all LEDs.   |
|  | Disables all LEDs  |
|  | The green bubbles do NOT indicate the current LED-state in the device. It defines the LEDs which should be used in the light measurements.<br>The OK button applies the current LED configuration in the device. Therefore this button should be used only for hardware testing. |

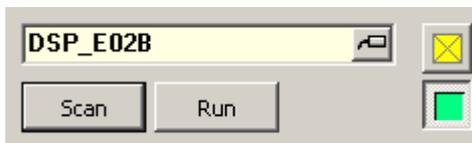
## 7.7 Data Logger (DSP)

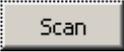
### 7.7.1 Introduction

The Data Logger has the abbreviation DSP which means **Data Storage with Power Pack**.

Depending on the configuration the DSP can handle two to four RAMSES. It contains a power pack for powering the sensors and triggers measurements following a programmed time table. The measurement data is stored in its internal memory card with timestamp. Measurements can be triggered in profiling mode about every 10 seconds or with a daily timetable.

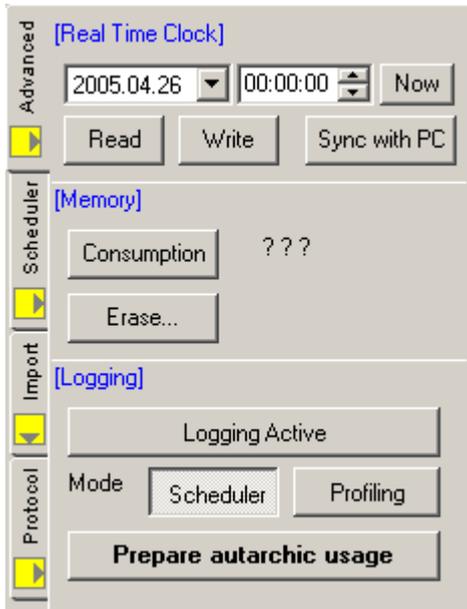
In contrast with all other device controls, the DSP Control has no [Single]- or [Auto]-Button. It is not possible to trigger measurements for connected devices directly via software. Instead, it has a [Run] button to enable its internal measurement protocol. This function is only necessary for testing. Before working with the DSP it is recommended to scan for connected devices.



|   |  |
|---|--|
|  | Find connected devices. It will remove all detected old devices and integrates connected devices after their query answer. |
|  | Start / Stop internal measurement trigger  |

## 7.7.2 Configuration

Please read the manual of the DSP for a more detailed instruction.

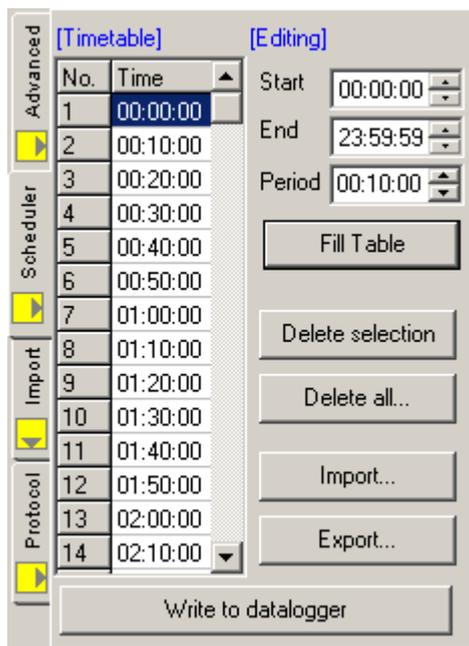


|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>[Real Time Clock]</b>  |  |
| <input type="text" value="2005.04.26"/> <input type="text" value="00:00:00"/> | Date and time fields to show and edit DSP internal clock |
| <input type="button" value="Read"/>   | Read clock from DSP and shows data in fields             |
| <input type="button" value="Write"/>  | Write date and time field to DSP                         |
| <input type="button" value="Sync with PC"/>                                   | Write current computer date and time to DSP              |
| <input type="button" value="Now"/>  | Set date and time field to computer data.                |
| <b>[Memory]</b>   |  |
| <input type="button" value="Consumption"/>                                    | Read memory usage and show its data                      |
| <input type="button" value="Erase..."/>                                       | Erase all memory.<br>Attention: All data will be lost.   |
| <b>[Logging]</b>  |  |
| <input type="button" value="Logging Active"/>                                 | Enable storage of measurement data in memory card        |
| <input type="button" value="Scheduler"/>                                      | Enable measurement trigger via scheduler                 |
| <input type="button" value="Profiling"/>                                      | Enable profiling measurement about every 10 seconds      |

|                                |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| <b>Prepare autarchic usage</b> | Should be carried out after DSP has completely been configured and <u>before</u> disconnected from computer.<br>See instruction in message box. |
|--------------------------------|---|

## 7.7.3 Scheduler

To run the DSP in scheduler mode, the daily timetable needs to be programmed with a start and end time and the interval.



|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>[TimeTable]</b>         | Show current times of measurement   |
| <b>[Editing]</b>           | Input of daily start and end time   |
| <b>Start</b>               | Interval start  |
| <b>End</b>                 | Interval end  |
| <b>Period</b>              | Measurement interval. Must be larger or equal to 1 minute.  |
| <b>Fill Table</b>          | Insert time from Start to End with Period in timetable<br>Time distance smaller than 1 minute is erased automatically |
| <b>Delete selection</b>    | Erase selected entries in timetable   |
| <b>Delete all...</b>       | Erase all timetable entries   |
| <b>Import...</b>           | Import timetable from file  |
| <b>Export...</b>           | Export timetable to file  |
| <b>Write to datalogger</b> | Write all timetable entries to DSP.   |

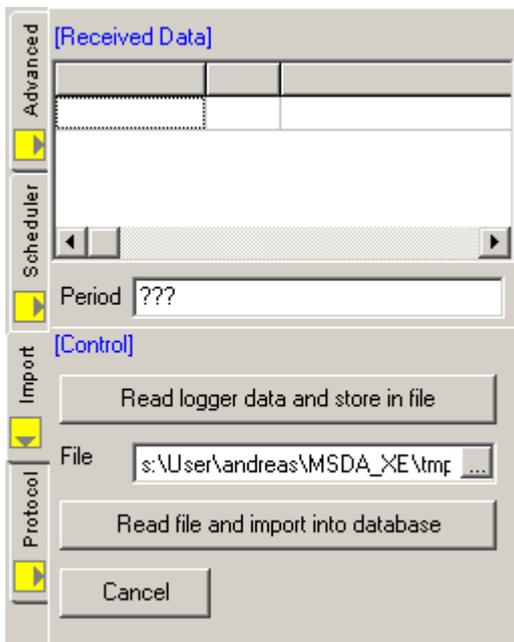
The DSP starts when the first time table entry is reached. E.g. if the DSP is activated at 8:00 o'clock, but the first entry is 7:00 o'clock the first measurement will start at 7:00 o'clock tomorrow.

## 7.7.4 Data Import

Data import consists of two steps:

1. Read logger data from DSP and write to file.
2. Import file in database.

For each sensor data, which is imported to the database, the corresponding device file needs to be installed at the database. An error message in step 1 shows, that the device file is missing.



|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>[Received Data]</b>  |  |
| <b>Table</b>  | Count of data records per device   |
| <b>Period</b>   | Period of imported data  |
| <b>[Control]</b>  |  |
| <input type="button" value="Read logger data and store in file"/> | Start DSP data sending stored data   |
| File  | Name of file that buffers the received device data. File has DAT-format. Thus, it can be used as normal import file in other places of MSDA_XE, too.               |
| <input type="button" value="Read file and import into database"/> | Start the import of the DAT file into the database   |
| <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>                             | Stop MSDA_XE to accept data sent from DSP.<br>It is not possible to stop the process of sending via the DSP. You must disconnect it temporarily from power supply. |

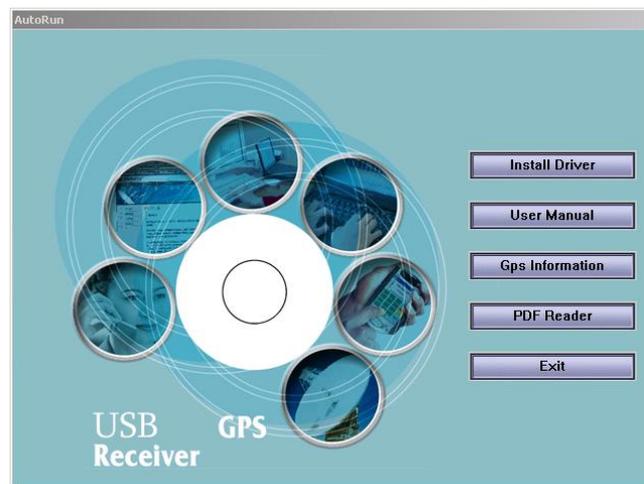
## 7.8 Global Positioning System (GPS – NMEA)

Our software supports the NAVILOCK GPS device with the NMEA protocol. This device can be connected via USB to a computer and emulates a serial port.

The GPS-NMEA has no control window, it works automatically. Nevertheless it is explained here in “Device Control Windows” chapter.

### 7.8.1 Installation

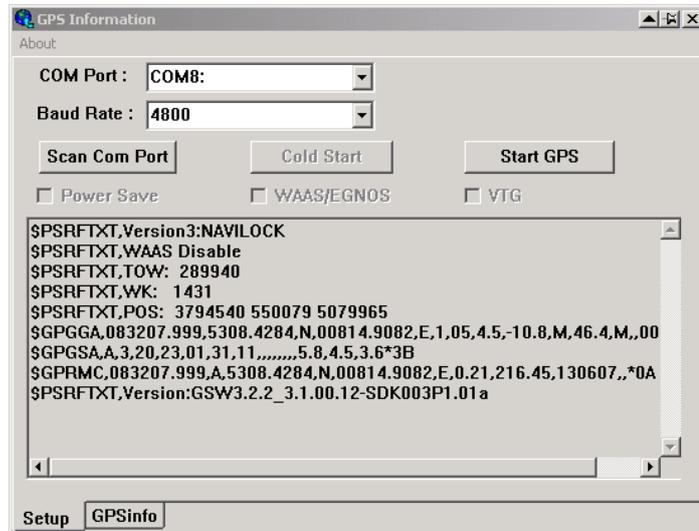
Insert installation CD in your CD-ROM-drive and wait for next window. If your CD autostart function is disabled start “auto.exe”.



Press  and follow instructions to install driver.

Press  and follow instructions to install the test software.

Plug in device and wait for integration in windows. Start the program “GPS Information”.

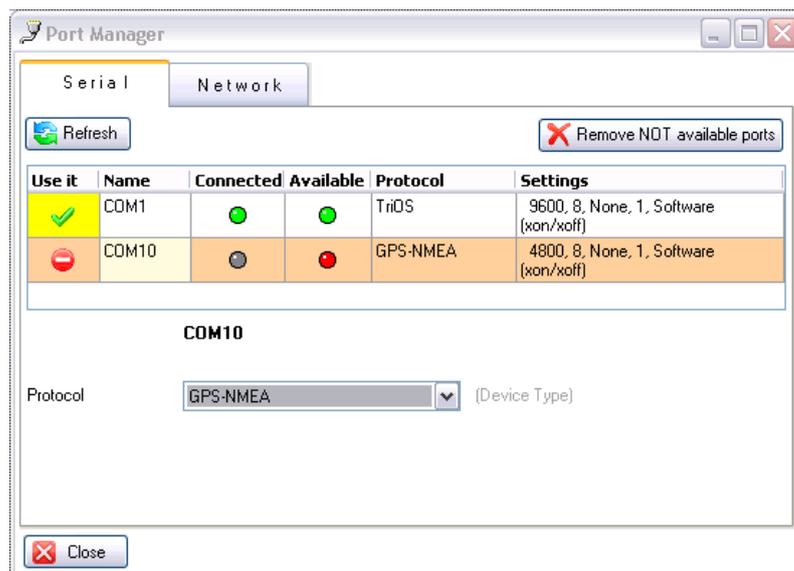


Choose the correct (new) COM Port and press Start GPS. If you see data the device is Ok.

## 7.8.2 Integration in MSDA\_XE

**As the device can only be controlled from one program at the same time, please close the GPS Information program!**

Start MSDA\_XE and choose **Options/Port Manager** from the main menu.



The new COM port of the GPS-NMEA device shall be listed in the window. If not, check connection and press “Scan for available Ports”. Select the new COM port. Choose “GPS-NMEA” as protocol and “Use it” to activate the port. When the port settings are correct, the GPS-NMEA device shall be listed in the device manager.



**If the GPS-NMEA device is plugged into the PC after program start, press “Scan” in the Device Manager to integrate the device.**

The received values from the GPS device will be shown at the top of the main window.



**The displayed time is the system time and not the GPS time.**

## 7.8.3 Position stamp in all measured data.

The current position data can be stored in all measured data from other devices.

[Global Position]

Store in GPS number format

Normal format (if not checked)  
DDD.ddddd...

GPS format (if checked)  
DDD.MMmmm

D - Degree  
d - Decimal degrees  
M - Minutes  
m - Decimal minutes

BE AWARE:  
Conversion from one to the other format not possible.

Check GPS interpreter (only GPGGA supported)

```
$GPGGA,165716,4330.719,N,08727.488,W,2,6,002.29,00185,M,00034,M,03,0218*68
```

The software can handle 2 different formats for the GPS position.

When the  Store in GPS number format field is unchecked the data will be stored in decimal degree. Example for the position 53° 08.4289'E, 8° 14.9238'N

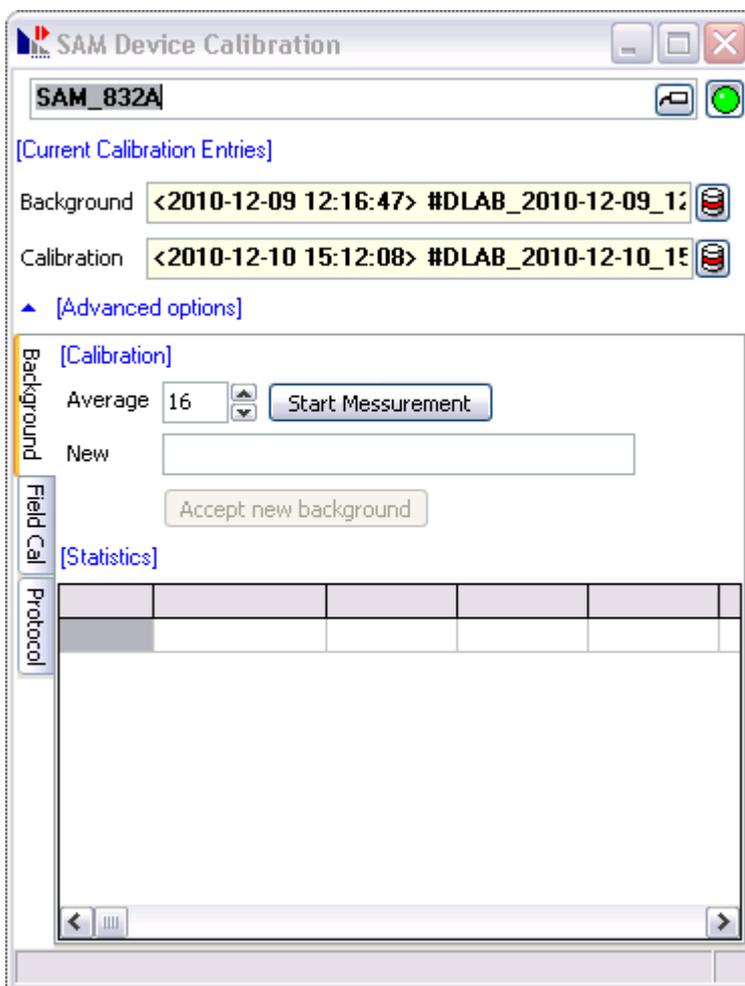
| Setting:   | Stored format:       |   |
|--|----------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Store in GPS number format            | 53.140481 ; 8.24873  | calculated to decimal degrees                             |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Store in GPS number format | 53.084289 ; 8.149238 | degrees, minutes, seconds transferred to a decimal number |

## 8 Device Calibration

### 8.1 Ramses Calibration (FieldCAL)

#### 8.1.1 Introduction

In the top of the window the current entries for background- and intensity calibration are listed.



In the two tab pages below, the device can be checked with the FieldCAL and new background spectra can be measured.

## 8.1.2 Background

[Calibration]

Average

New

Within the background-tab new background files can be measured. It is recommended to use the averaging 16.

## 8.1.3 Calibration with FieldCAL

[FieldCal Device]

FieldCAL

Reference spectrum

Irradianz

Range  nm

[Check Calibration]

Average

[New Calibration]

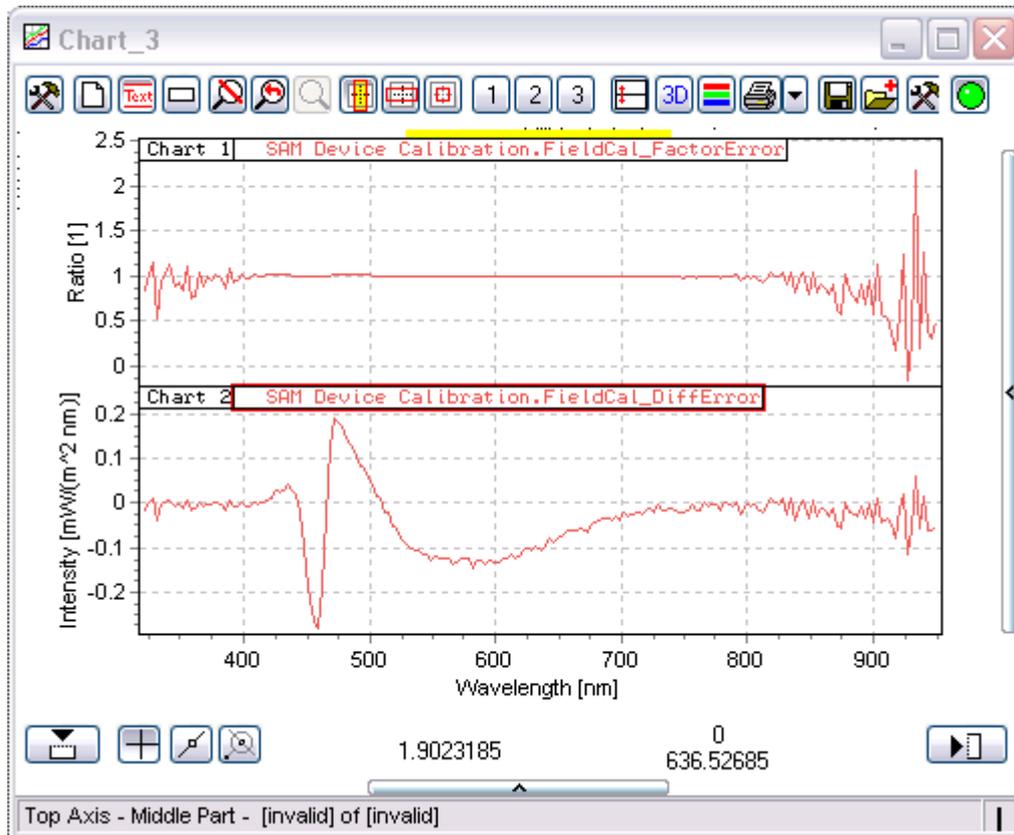
Border smoothing

The FieldCAL device is delivered with two spectra which must be imported in the database. One spectrum represents the intensity for radiance sensors the other for irradiance sensors.

The window has the following outputs:

- [-]  DB Sender [DB Sender]
- [-]  DB Sender #2 [DB Sender]
- [-]  SAM Device Calibration [SAM Device Calibration]
  - [-]  Dark\_Every [Spectrum]
  - [-]  Dark\_Average [Spectrum]
  - [-]  Dark\_MinusAverage [Spectrum]
  - [-]  Dark\_MaxDiffToAverage [Spectrum]
  - [-]  Calibrated [Spectrum]
  - [-]  FieldCal\_Reference [Spectrum]
  - [-]  FieldCal\_DiffError [Spectrum]
  - [-]  FieldCal\_FactorError [Spectrum]
  - [-]  FieldCal\_Corrected [Spectrum]
- [-]  DB Sender #3 [DB Sender]

Create a chart with the input “FieldCal\_FactorError” and FieldCAI\_DiffError.



|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>[Check Calibration]</b>  |   |
| Average   | Number of spectra taken for average.  |
|    | <p>Start a measurement.</p> <p>The FieldCal_FactorError spectrum (Measurement divided by FieldCal reference spectrum) is sent.</p> <p>The deviation of the current calibration can be shown in a chart (1 means no difference).</p> <p>It is also possible to compare the calibrated and the FieldCAL_reference spectra directly.</p>   |
| <b>[New Calibration]</b>  |   |
| Border smoothing  | As the lamp of the FieldCAL do not have the full wavelength range the RAMSES have, the exact check of the device can only be done for the range of the FieldCAL lamp. Outside of this range, the new calibration is estimated from the border of the legal range. To get a smoothed new calibration with no steps a number of "Border smoothing" values is used to estimate the outside values. |
|  | <p>Calculates a new calibration spectrum.</p> <p>Compare the spectra FieldCal_Reference and FieldCal_Corrected in chart to see the effect of the new calibration.</p>   |
|  | Accept the new calibration and store it in the database.  |

**Read the FieldCAL manual for more information. To stabilize the FieldCAL lamp, turn the instrument on 1 minute before usage.**

The line of the subchart FieldCAL\_FactorError should show a straight line between 420 and 750nm, like shown in the chart picture. If this is not the case, the tested RAMSES needs to be send in for a high quality recalibration following NIST standards.

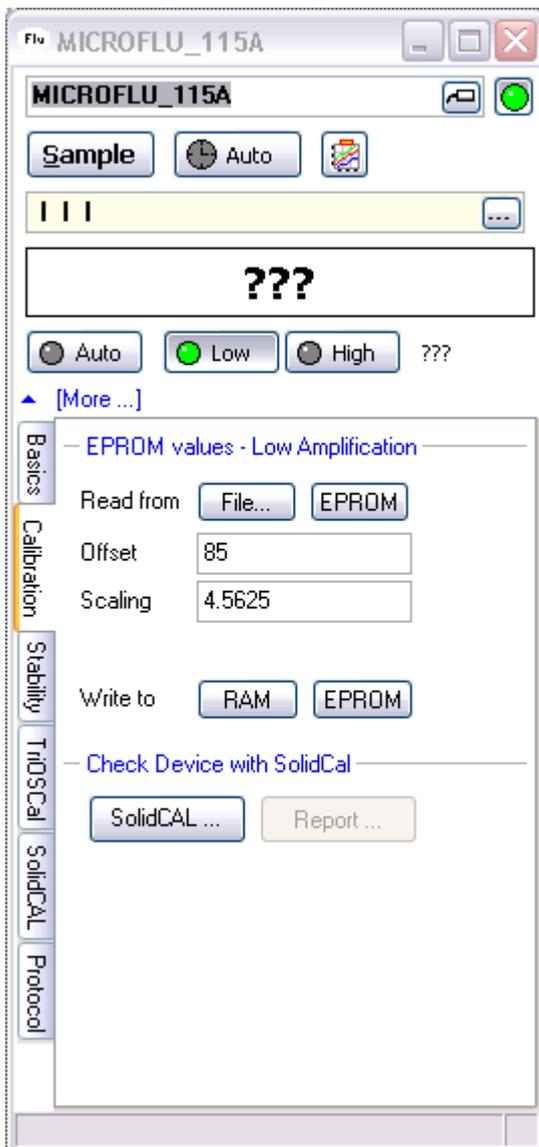
The performed field calibration can be saved and used for the connected RAMSES. Press [Calculate] and after the calculation [Accept] to save the file.

**The FieldCAL does not replace a factory calibration. The calibration at TriOS laboratories follows NIST standards.**

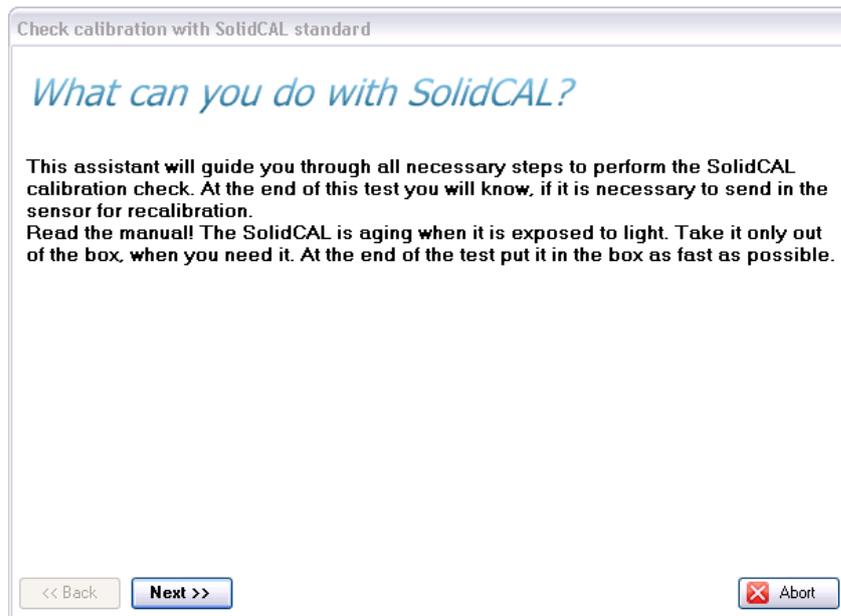
## 8.2 Fluorometer Calibration (SolidCAL)

TriOS SolidCAL standards were developed to check the calibration of Flu – sensors. This can be done directly at the installation and no high tech laboratory equipment is needed. If the test with the standards fail, the sensors needs to be send for a check up and factory recalibration. Before the usage of the SolidCAL, it is recommended to read the manual of the hardware manual of SolidCAL.

To start the check with SolidCAL open the control window for you Flu-device (Micro- or EnviroFlu) and choose the calibration tab page.



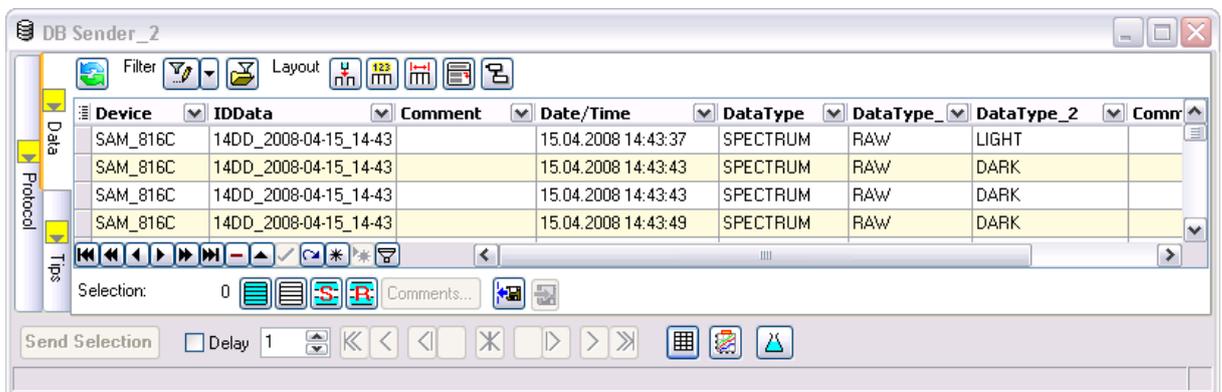
With  a wizard will be started, that guides through the checking process.



## 9 Database Data Sender Window

### 9.1 Introduction

All measurement and calibration data are stored in a Microsoft Access database. The datasets can be displayed in the DBSender window, which can be opened with **Database/Data** in the main menu.



From this window, the data can be send to other windows for processing or visualization or can be exported in several formats:

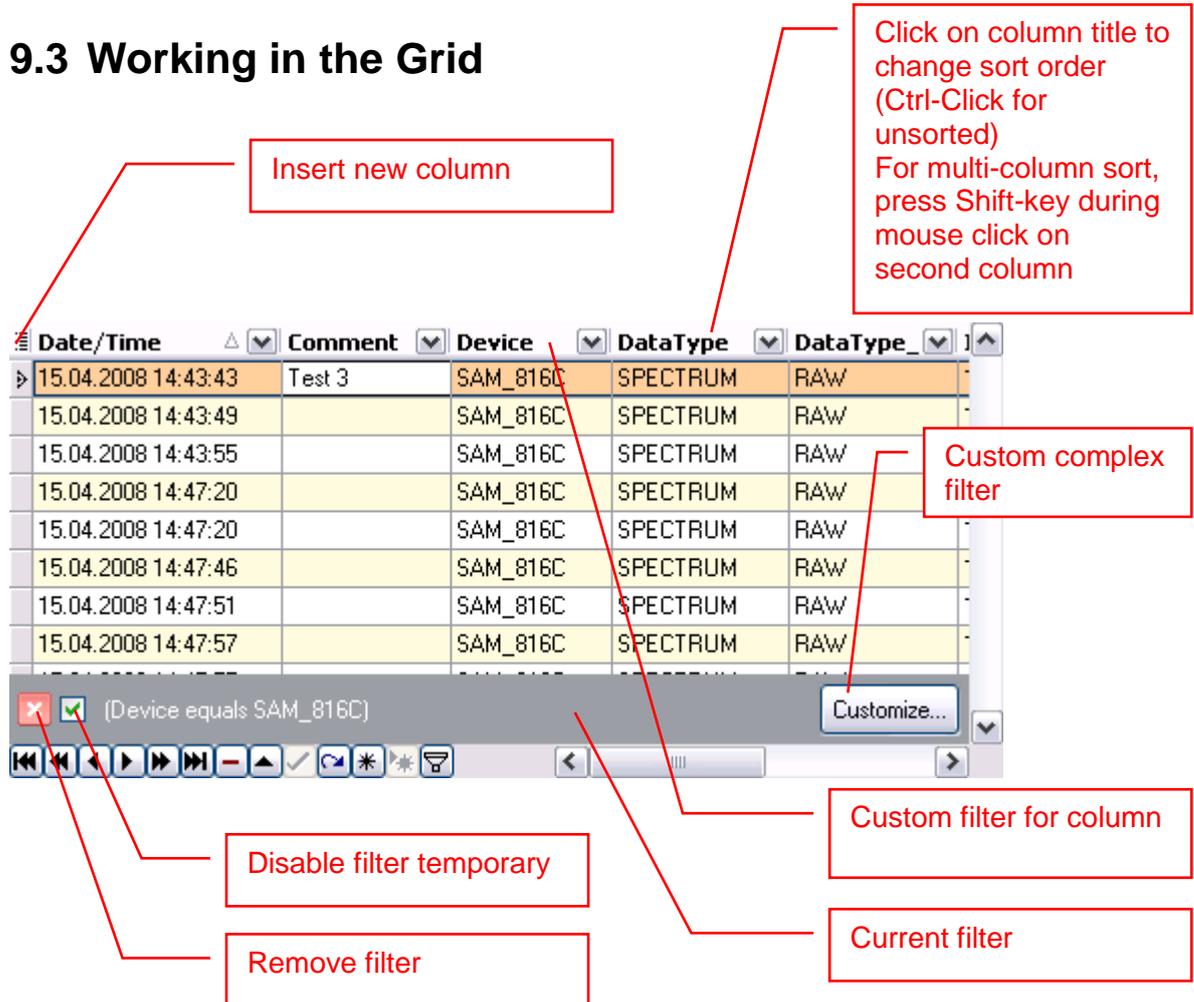
|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| DataTable                 | Collect data in a grid structure and copy it into a spread sheet program (Excel). |
| Spectrum Calibrator       | Calibrate a RAW spectrum, transform to a custom wavelength raster                 |
| Chart                     | Make a graph of the data  |
| Linear Substance Analysis | Calculate concentration values from absorption spectra                            |

## 9.2 Data Structure

All data generated by MSDA\_XE has the same framework with identical fields.

| Field Name        | Meaning  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>IDData</b>     | <p>Unique database primary key<br/>The key is generated via current date and time.<br/>For example:<br/>2003-03-07_16-01-43_529_001 means that the data is generated on March 3rd 2003 at 7:01:43 and 529 milliseconds.<br/>Appendix _001 is a consecutive number which generates unique primary keys for data being generated in the same millisecond.<br/>In MSDA_XE you can define another key in addition to the primary key.<br/>E.g.: Test_2003-03-07_16-01-43_529_001<br/>The supplement (Test) enables an exchange between different databases or MSDA_XE versions, whereby the uniqueness of the primary key and its assignment to MSDA_XE versions will be kept.</p> |
| <b>DateTime</b>   | <p>Time of measurement<br/>For computed data, the timestamp will be taken from the source data (in general, time of measurement).</p>  |
| <b>Device</b>     | serial number of the device that generates measurement data.   |
| <b>Longitude</b>  | GPS position at time of measurement.   |
| <b>Latitude</b>   | GPS position at time of measurement.   |
| <b>DataType</b>   | <p>Its entry describes the type of data, e. g:<br/>Spectrum: spectrum data<br/>GPS: positioning data<br/>MicroFlu: MicroFlu <b>or</b> EnviroFlu data</p>   |
| <b>DataType_1</b> | <p>Further specification of data type. E.g.:<br/>RAW: Raw spectrum<br/>CALIBRATED: calibrated spectrum<br/>ABSORPTION: absorption spectrum<br/>For further explanations on each type, see the corresponding chapters.</p>  |
| <b>DataType_2</b> | For further specifications see above.  |
| <b>DataType_3</b> | For further specifications see above.  |
| <b>MethodType</b> | <p>Type of window which generated these data.<br/>E.g.: SAMCtrl for Spectrometer Control<br/>ABSORPTION for method of computing absorptions</p>  |
| <b>MethodName</b> | Window name of the method.   |
| <b>Comment</b>    | <p>You can insert any comment.<br/>E.g.: NORTH SEA</p>   |
| <b>Comment_1</b>  | E.g.: Sunshine/Rain  |
| <b>Comment_2</b>  | E.g.: Low Tide/Tide  |
| <b>Comment_3</b>  | E.g.: Full Moon/New Moon   |

## 9.3 Working in the Grid



The screenshot shows a data grid with columns: Date/Time, Comment, Device, DataType, and DataType\_. A filter bar at the bottom displays the active filter: "[Device equals SAM\_816C]".

Annotations include:

- Insert new column:** Points to the top-left corner of the grid.
- Click on column title to change sort order (Ctrl-Click for unsorted) For multi-column sort, press Shift-key during mouse click on second column:** Points to the 'Device' column header.
- Custom complex filter:** Points to the filter bar.
- Custom filter for column:** Points to the 'Customize...' button in the filter bar.
- Current filter:** Points to the text "[Device equals SAM\_816C]" in the filter bar.
- Disable filter temporary:** Points to the 'X' button in the filter bar.
- Remove filter:** Points to the 'X' button in the filter bar.

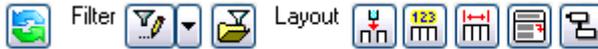
| Action  | Meaning   |
|---|---|
| <b>Click on column title</b>                        | This will alter the sorting (Unsorted -> ascending <-> descending)<br>Deletes sorting of all columns before.  |
| <b>Ctrl-click on column title</b>                   | To unsorted   |
| <b>Shift-click on column title</b>                  | Sort column with preserving of the sorting of other columns   |
| <b>Drag and drop column title onto other column</b> | Move column   |
| <b>Drag and drop column title into grid</b>         | Remove column<br>Insert column with the top-left button in the grid   |
| <b>Click on the title dropdown button</b> ▼         | This will open a list with all entries of this column. Choose an entry and filter by this entry.<br>If you choose the (Custom...) entry you get a dialog to configure complex filter conditions (AND OR NOT etc.) |

| Action                    | Meaning  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Click on row</b>       | Select the row – removes previous selections   |
| <b>Ctrl-click on row</b>  | Select the row – preserves previous selections   |
| <b>Shift-click on row</b> | Selects the range from previous clicked row to current row – removes previous selections   |
| <b>Ctrl-shift-click</b>   | Selects the range from previous clicked row to current row – Preserves previous selections |
| <b>Key Shift cursor</b>   | Select range   |
| <b>Key Page up/down</b>   | Scroll a page step   |

**The only fields, which are editable are the comment fields. They can be changed by clicking on them and type text or numbers in it.**

**The other fields are read only. Mark one of it and find the first matching entry by typing letters.**

## 9.4 Button Functions



Top buttons



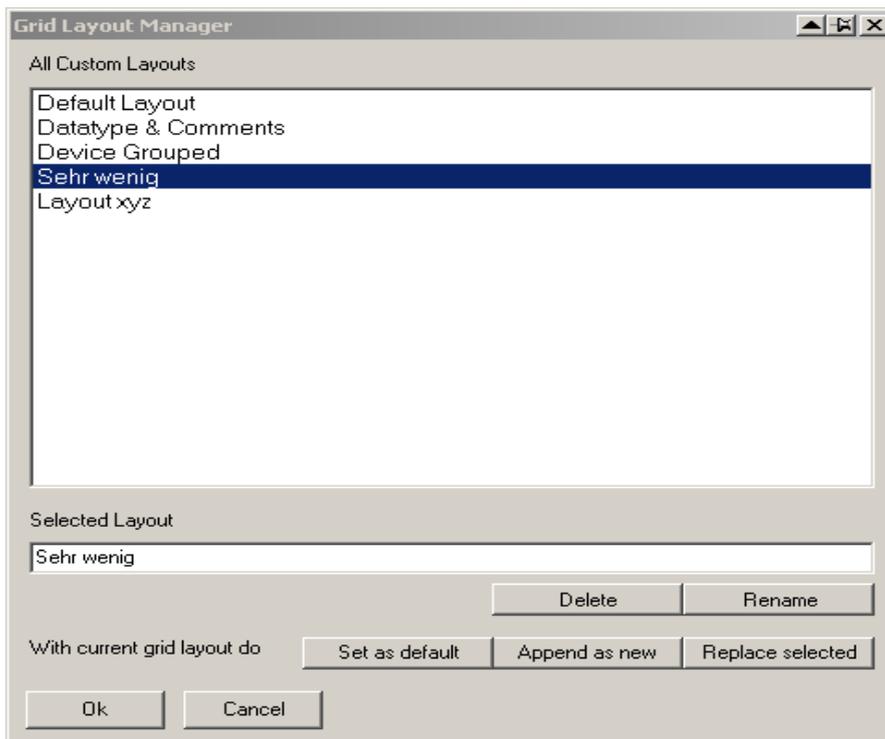
Bottom buttons

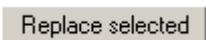
|   |   |
|---|---|
|    | Refresh grid. This is required, when new data was imported. They will be shown after the refreshing.  |
| <b>[Filter]</b>   |   |
|    | Dialog for filter configuration (SQL-knowledge required)  |
|    | Show the just imported data   |
| <b>[Layout]</b>   |   |
|    | Show window with list of columns removed before. To insert the columns again, drag and drop the line to its final position.                         |
|  | Open Layout Manager<br>See chapter below: Layout Manager  |
|  | Columns will be resized in order to display all columns in window   |
|  | Rows will be resized in order to display all data in fields in multiple text lines  |
|  | Show grouping panel   |
| <b>[Selection]</b>  |   |
| Selection: 3  | Counter of selected data  |
|  | Select all rows. Hotkey Ctrl-A  |
|  | Deselect all rows   |
|  | Store selection of rows   |
|  | Reset stored selection of rows  |
| <input type="text" value="Comments..."/>  | Change comment of selected rows<br>See next chapter.  |
| <b>[Files]</b>  |   |
|  | Import data from file<br>Afterwards  is activated automatically. |
|  | Export selected data rows. See chapter below.   |

## 9.5 Layout Manager

The layout manager can be opened with the  button.

The layout specifies the visible columns, its width, order, sorting and grouping. With the layout manager personal layouts can be stored or opened. The first entry in the list, the default layout, defines the grid look in newly opened windows.



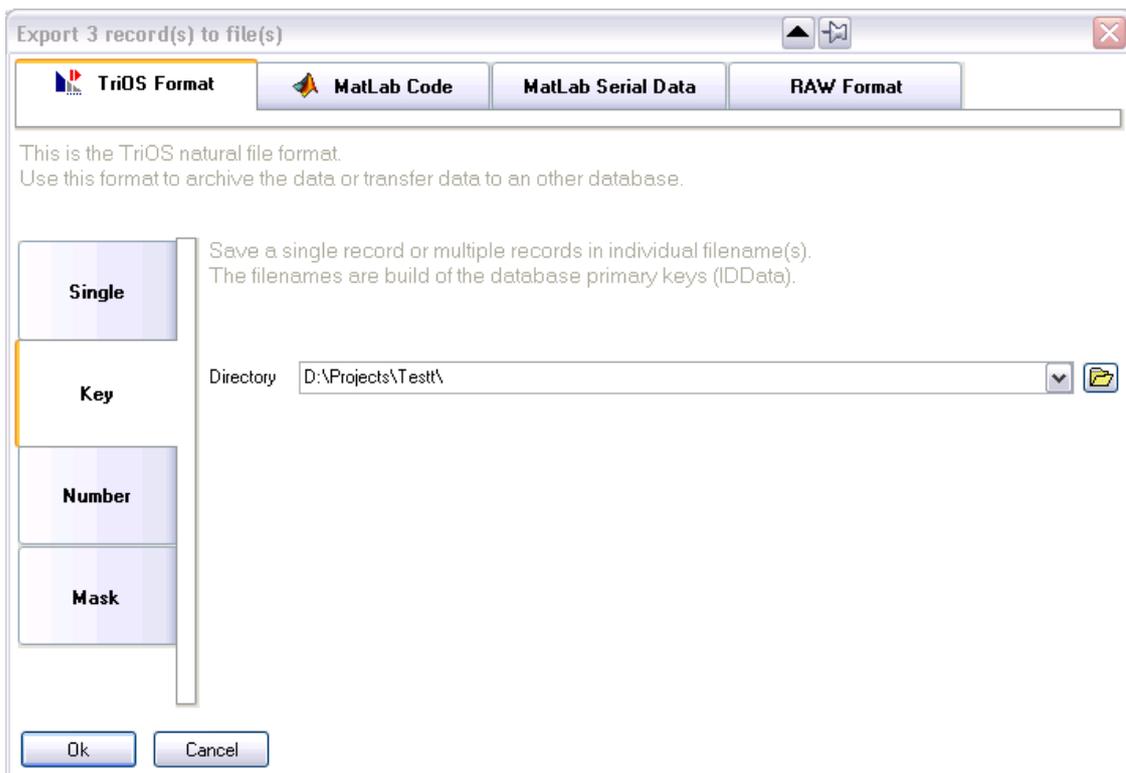
|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>All custom layouts</b>   | List of generated layouts   |
| <b>Selected Layout</b>  | Selected layout in the list   |
|  | Deletes selected layout (Default Layout cannot be deleted)                          |
|  | Renames selected layout (Default Layout cannot be renamed)                          |
|  | Replaces the default layout with the current layout in grid                         |
|  | Append new layout of the current layout in grid. Afterwards a renaming is required. |
|  | Replaces the selected layout with the current layout in grid                        |
|  | Changes the grid layout to the selected layout.                                     |
|  | Close dialog  |

## 9.6 Data Export

MSDA\_XE includes a powerful data export function. Different export formats allow archiving as well as export for further data processing with other programs or with custom built algorithms.

**Only the TriOS \*.dat format is suitable for MSDA\_XE. It is necessary to use this format, when the same data shall be reimported in a MSDA\_XE data base.**

The exporting function works with the currently selected data. The selection can be done with the mouse for single datasets or the complete dataset can be marked. Start the export with the  button. Following dialog will appear:



The main export formats are:

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>TriOS Format</b>       | *.dat files   |
| <b>MatLab Code</b>        | Generating MatLab code files.   |
| <b>MatLab Serial Data</b> | Data files. To read the data, it is necessary to program MatLab code. |
| <b>RAW</b>                | A simple compact text format.   |

The file naming and number of files must be configured:

|               |  |
|---------------|--|
| <b>Single</b> | All data will be collected in one file. The file name needs to be configured   |
| <b>Key</b>    | Every data record in a separate file. File name is build of the unique database primary key. The export directory needs to be configured.  |
| <b>Number</b> | Every data record in a separate file. Filename is build of a base filename and a number (Name_00001). This enables the transfer of the grid sorting to the alphabetical order of the files.<br>The base file name needs to be configured |
| <b>Mask</b>   | Directory / file name generated from properties of the exported data. See below for more information.  |

In the mask tab page the storing and the files names can be configured. The  button will open a list of the possible properties.

A click inserts a property in the mask field at its current cursor position. The field below the mask settings will visualize the current setting.

Configure a file/directory mask to build data dependent filenames.

Depend on the mask this method can split record in different directories and/or collect multiple records to one file.

Only with `${IDData}` in your mask you have a guaranty of unique filenames.

Directory   

Mask   

-> 2011/05/Data of IDDevice

E.g. the mask `${MeasYear}/${MeasMonth}/Data of ${IDDevice}` creates a new directory for every year and for every month. The data will be collected by the device name.

## 9.7 Send Data

With the bottom panel of the window selected data can be sent to other windows for processing or visualization.



|   |   |
|---|---|
|    | <p>Opens a data table with direct connection to the DBSender.</p>   |
|    | <p>Expand a menu to open new chart with direct connection to the DBSender. Selection: spectrum, micro/enviroFlu data or time series.<br/>The data will only be shown, if the corresponding data type is selected and sent to the chart.</p> |
|    | <p>Opens a dialog to define a substance concentration for a spectrum. This works only for the spectra type "absorption" and with the license "Linear Substance Analysis".</p>   |
|  | <p>The button will start the sending of the selected data. The marker jumps from the first to the last selected row and will send the data to all connected windows.</p>  |
|  | <p>The player panel is used to process data step by step. Look at the tool tips to see the functions.</p>   |
|  | <p>The data handling and sending can be slowed down by the delay function.</p>  |

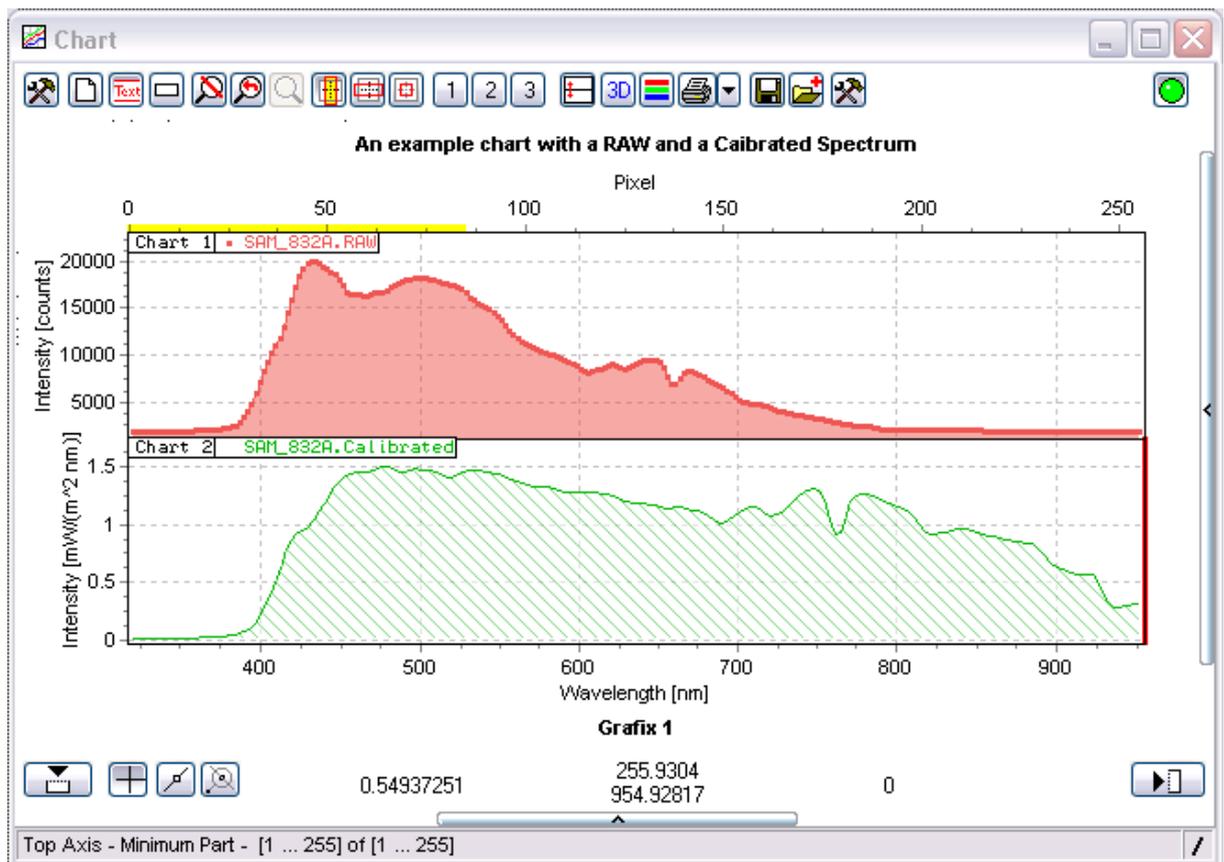
## 10 Viewing Windows

### 10.1 Chart

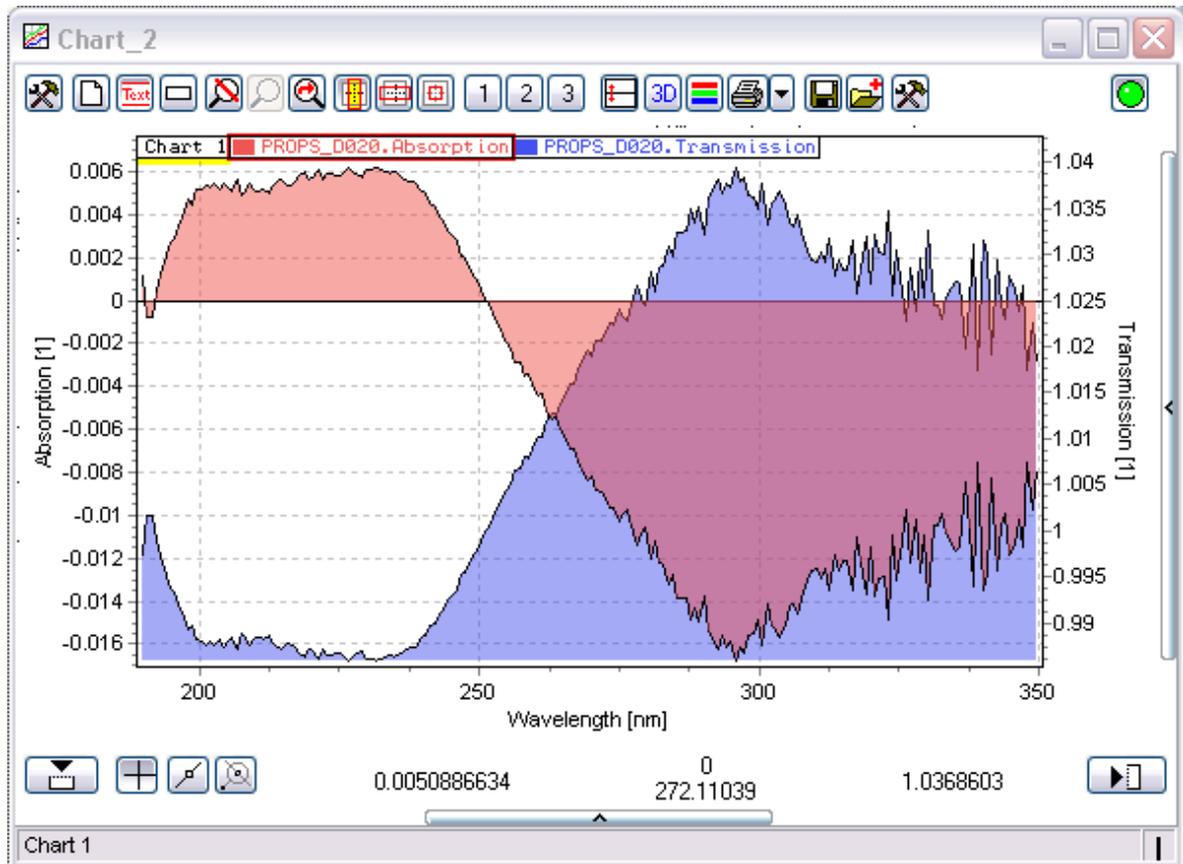
#### 10.1.1 Introduction

The chart window can visualize different data types. Similar to other windows, it needs to be connected with data-sending methods or windows. The chart itself receives the data. The chart window can be opened with **View/Chart** from the main menu.

An exemplary chart window with two data inputs, different y-axes and split into two horizontal sub-charts is shown below.



Next picture shows a chart window with two inputs in one sub-chart with same x-axis (bottom) but different y-axes (left/right) and a origin line for the left y-axis.



## 10.1.2 Integrate Inputs

Unlike other windows, the chart window is able to compute input data of several inputs at the same time. Press the  button to show or hide the input configuration panel. In this panel the inputs can be switched invisible, arrange or sort them.

**The functions described below can be done with mouse actions, context menus and hot-keys in the chart panel as well.**

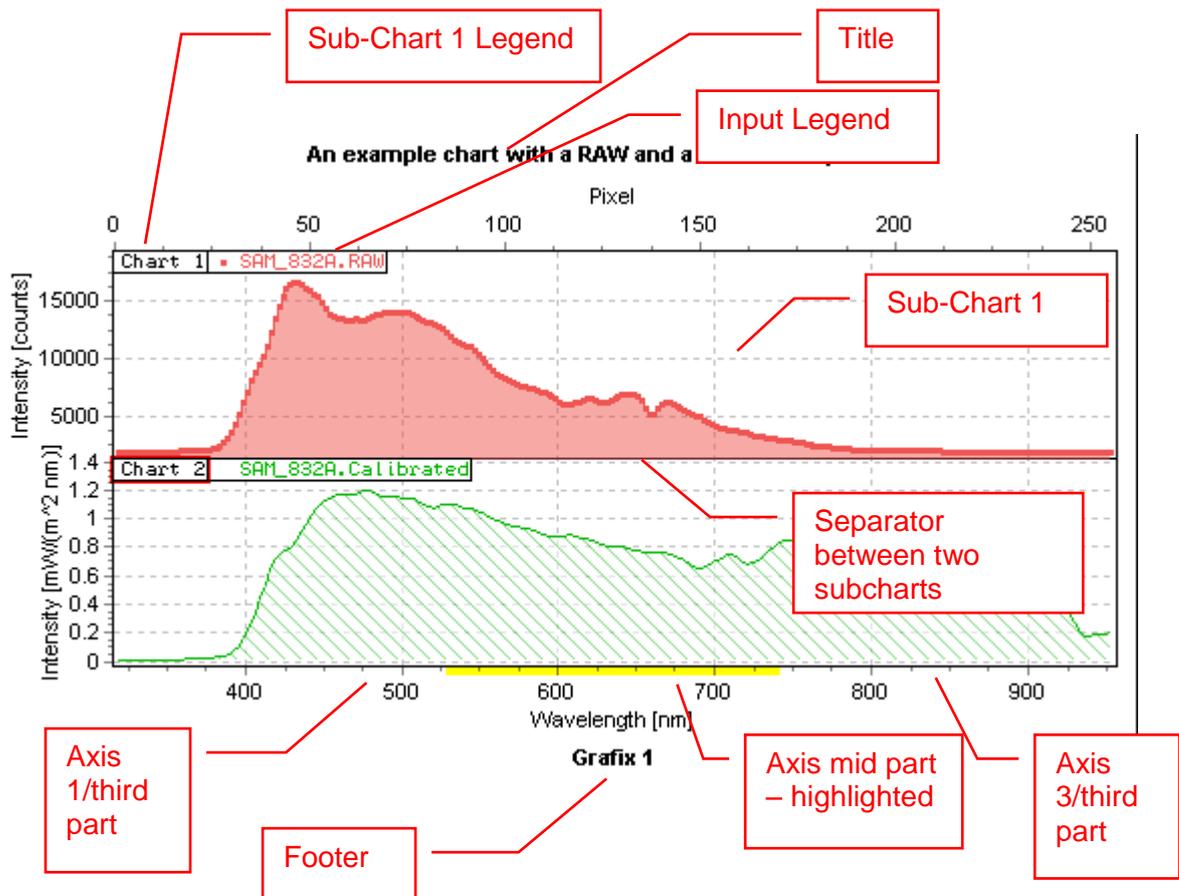


|   |   |
|---|---|
|  | Add a new sub-chart   |
|  | Add a new input to chart. Input is added to current selected sub-chart  |
|  | Delete selection.<br>Function works with all types of selection e.g. sub-chart, input or overlay series (see later) |
|  | Open configuration window. Here you can customize layout, overlay etc. – see below                                  |
|  | Move selection up/down. Changing the order of the sub-charts or move an input to another sub-chart                  |

Each received spectrum will be drawn in the chart. If a new dataset is sent the old one will be substituted by the new one, except the overlay number is larger than 1.

## 10.1.3 Working with the Mouse

The kind of mouse actions depends on the selected element in the graph. When the mouse is moved over the different parts of the charts the elements name is shown in the foot line of the window. In most cases the marked element is highlighted yellow. Selected elements are highlighted with a red rectangle.



|                     |   |
|---------------------|---|
| <b>Chart 1</b>      | Select a sub-chart by click on its legend entry or click anywhere in the sub-chart.   |
| <b>SAM_832A.RAW</b> | Clicking on the input legend for selecting the input.   |
| Axis                | Select an axis by clicking outside the inner chart frame. Every axis is logically separated in 3 parts: The first third, the mid third and the last third. The axis range and zoom can be changed by drag and drop the different parts of the axis. |
| Footer/Title        | Customizable with double click  |

All chart elements have general hot-keys:

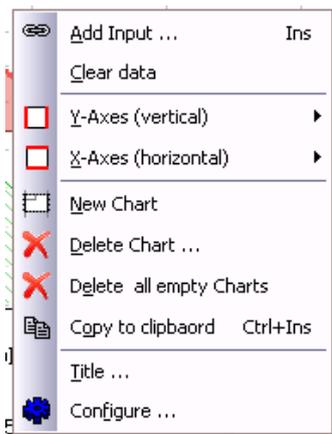
|                         |                                |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <b>F-11 or F-12 key</b> | Open the configuration dialog. |
| <b>Delete key</b>       | Deletes the element            |

Particular chart elements have specific hot-keys, context menus and drag-and-drop functionality, which is described in the next chapters.

## 10.1.4 Working on a Subchart

### 10.1.4.1 Context menu

A subchart can be marked by clicking on it. The right mouse will open the context menu.



|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <b>Add Input (Insert-key)</b>  | Opens a dialog to choose an input. New input data will be shown in the selected subchart at the left and the bottom axes.                              |
| <b>Clear data</b>              | Clears the data (graph) of all inputs in the subchart. Inputs stay configured. The chart will show data again, after dataset were sent to this window. |
| <b>Y-Axes</b>                  | Sub menu to change Y-Axes of all subchart inputs.  |
| <b>X-Axes</b>                  | Sub menu to change X-Axes of all subchart inputs.  |
| <b>New Chart</b>               | Inserts a new subchart above the currently marked.   |
| <b>Delete Chart (Del-key)</b>  | Delete the current chart.  |
| <b>Delete all empty charts</b> | Delete all subcharts without any input   |
| <b>Copy to clipboard</b>       | Copy bitmap to clipboard. See <a href="#">Exporting / Printing</a> of the Chart  |
| <b>Configure (F-12 key)</b>    | Opens a configuration dialog   |

### 10.1.4.2 Resizing

You can change the height the subchart consumes relative to the full chart.

|                                     |   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Move separator (mouse wheel)</b> | Select the separator between two subcharts and move it vertically to resize all charts above and below.   |
| <b>Ctrl + move separator</b>        | Resize the chart above and below only (2 subcharts). Works only when more than 2 subcharts are available. |

Changing the axis properties can be done by drag and drop of the three different parts from the marked axis.

|               |                                       |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Middle</b> | Moves both - top and bottom separator |
| <b>Bottom</b> | Moves only the top separator          |
| <b>Top</b>    | Moves only the bottom separator       |

### 10.1.4.3 Drag and Drop

The single sub charts can be moved by drag and drop their legend entry.

|                                   |                                       |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Drop it on the top axis</b>    | Subchart move to the top position     |
| <b>Drop it on the bottom axis</b> | Subchart moves to the bottom position |
| <b>Drop it on a separator</b>     | Subchart moves between two subcharts. |

### 10.1.4.4 Zoom

The zoom of the single sub charts can be changed with mouse zoom. Press and move the mouse to define a new zoom window. The new zoomed axes are shown by a yellow rectangle. The type of zoom (horizontal / vertical / both) depends on the current state of

the zoom mode buttons . By releasing the mouse the zoom is applied. The zoom can be cancelled with the ESC-key before releasing the mouse button. With the



buttons the different zoom steps can be switched or deleted.

|   |   |
|---|---|
|                            | Deletes all zooms and shows all data  |
|  <b>Backspace key</b>      | Applies previous zoom   |
|  <b>Ctrl-Backspace key</b> | Applies next zoom (only available if you have pressed previous zoom before) |

**Pressing the following hot-keys and the mouse movement will fore the type of zoom independent of the zoom configuration buttons:**

**CTRL – horizontal**

**ALT – vertical**

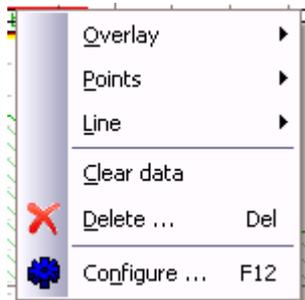
**CTRL-ALT – both**

The current zoom settings can be stored in three buffers by right click on one of the three buttons (    ). Used buffers are marked with a red number and can be applied by a left click.

## 10.1.5 Working on an Input

### 10.1.5.1 Context menu

Already send data can be selected by clicking on its sub chart legend. Right mouse click opens a context menu:



|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Overlay</b>             | Submenu to configure overlays  |
| <b>Points</b>              | Quick points customizing, See <a href="#">Configuration Dialog</a>                             |
| <b>Line</b>                | Quick line customizing, See <a href="#">Configuration Dialog</a>                               |
| <b>Clear data</b>          | Clears the data (graph). Input stay configured. Next received data will be shown in the chart. |
| <b>Delete (Delete-key)</b> | Deletes input from the subchart.   |
| <b>Configure</b>           | Opens a configuration dialog.  |

An input supports a lot of hotkeys which are described in the [Configuration Dialog](#) chapter.

## 10.1.5.2 Drag and Drop

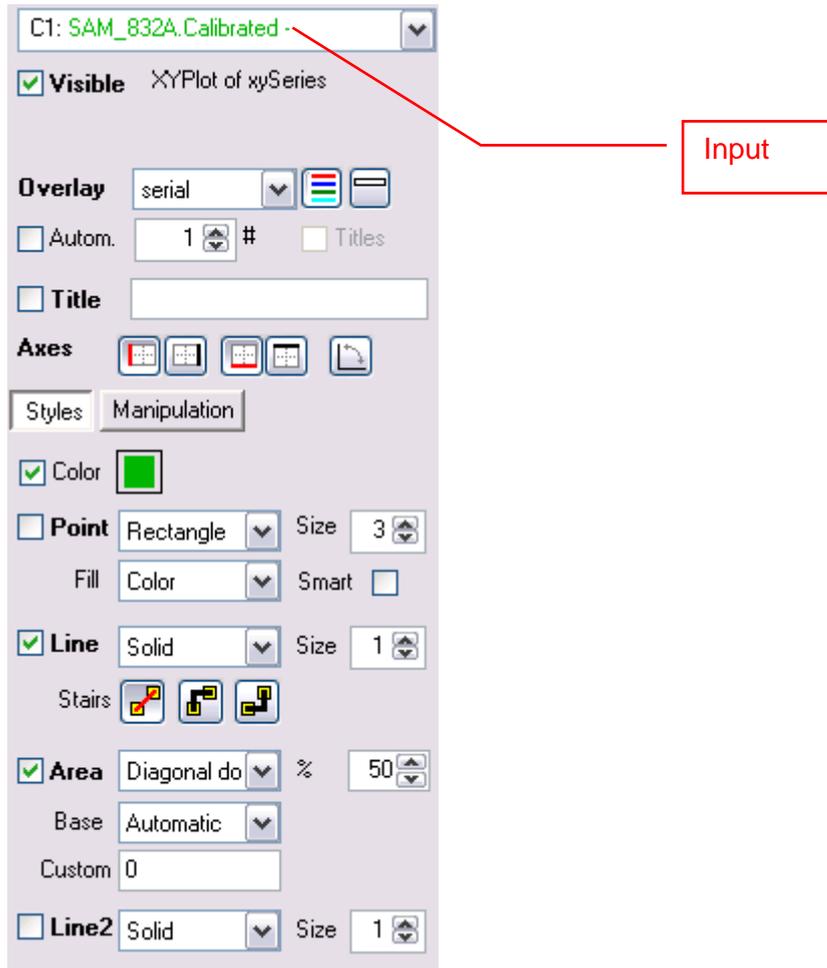
Inputs can be dragged to other positions or sub charts with drag and drop.

|                                       |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Drop it on the top/bottom axis</b> | Input get other horizontal axis   |
| <b>Drop it on chart</b>               | Input moves to this chart as last input   |
| <b>Drop it on an input</b>            | Input move at the position just before the input. Input can be dropped in its own subchart or in an other subchart. |
| <b>Drop it on an vertical axis</b>    | Input get other vertical axis. Input can drop in its own subchart or in an other subchart.                          |
| <b>Drop it on an separator</b>        | New subchart with this input will be inserted.  |

**The order of the inputs within a sub chart may be important for a good look of the graph. The last inputs will be drawn over the first one and may cover other graphs.**

## 10.1.5.3 Configuration Dialog

The configuration dialog for a chart can be opened with F12 after selecting an input. This function enables to change the graphic style, overlays, etc. of the input.



The following table describes the functions of the window. The shown hotkeys will work in the chart if an input is selected.

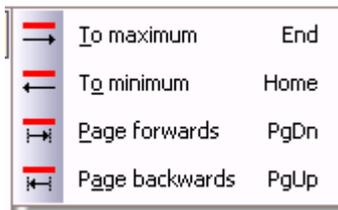
|   |  |
|---|--|
|              | Name of input  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>Visible</b> XYPlot of xySeries                           | Visibility and current plot type of the input.   |
| <b>Overlay</b>  |  |
| <input type="text" value="5"/> (1 .. 9 Key)   | Number of allowed datasets to be displayed in one chart coming from one input. When the maximal number is reached the first dataset will be deleted.   |
|              | Changing overlay colour (one colour or changing)   |
|              | Activating overlay legend. Overlay legend and the  button at the bottom of the chart enables the highlighting of the selected plot. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Title</b> <input type="text"/>                                      | Renaming the legends title   |
| <b>Axes</b>  | Selection of the used axes for this input.   |

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Styles</b>  |   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Color         | Show plot in custom colour  |
| <b>Point</b>   |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Point (key-p)   | Show points   |
| Rectangle   | Point style   |
| Size 3  (+/- key)                                 | Point size.   |
| Smart <input type="checkbox"/>   | Smart point size. Automatic decreasing of point size, if the point density is to high, or the points overlap each other.  |
| Fill Color                                        | Changing the filling colour of the points.  |
| <b>Line</b>  |   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Line (l-key)   | Show a line between successive points   |
| Solid  (shift- "/" or "*" numpad-key)            | Line style  |
| Size 1  (shift- +/- numpad key)                 | Line thickness  |
| Stairs    | Line direction between points   |
| <b>Area</b>  |   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Area (a-key)  | Show a colour filled area   |
| Diagonal do                                     | Area style  |
| % 50  (ctrl- +/-)                               | Colour density:.. 0% - background, 100% - full color.   |
| Base Automatic <br><br>(ctrl -/ * - numpad-key) | Origin of the area.<br>Automatic: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If the data has only positive values the minimum of the values will be taken.</li> <li>• If the data has only negative values the maximum of the values will be taken.</li> <li>• If the data has positive and negative values 0 will be taken.</li> </ul> |
| <b>Line2</b>   | Line from the x-Axis to every data point (Volume series)  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Line2   | Show line   |
| Solid   | Line style  |
| Size 1    | Line thickness  |

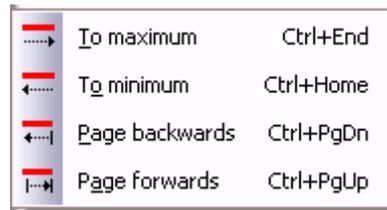
## 10.1.6 Working on an Axis

### 10.1.6.1 Context menu

Right click on the axis opens a context menu:



Move:



Stretch:

|                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| <b>Move</b>      | Sub menu for the moving of the axis. (Changes minimum and maximum by the same value) |
| <b>Stretch</b>   | Sub menu for stretching. (Changes only minimum or maximum)                           |
| <b>0-line</b>    | Marks axis origin with a line.   |
| <b>Configure</b> | Opens a configuration dialog.  |

**Look at the hotkeys shown in the menu entries.**

**An axis marker can be added to the chart by pressing the m-key at the wanted axis position. Pressing the button again, will delete the marker line again.**

### 10.1.6.2 Drag and Drop

The chart axes can be moved or zoomed with drag and drop on the needed axis or marking the axis and turning the mouse wheel. The zoom result depends on the current relative mouse position in the axis, which is divided in three fields. The **third fields** represent the minimum, middle and the maximum of the axis. Yellow colour will mark the selected area.

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Mouse down and move</b>               | Moves/resizes axis  |
| <b>Mouse wheel</b>                       | Moves/resizes axis  |
| <b>CTRL-key mouse wheel</b>              | Increases/ decreases size of axis symmetric (independent of third part selection)   |
| <b>ALT-key mouse wheel or (CTRL-ALT)</b> | Increases/ decreases size of axis asymmetric, so that axis point at current mouse position is fixed. Check it out.<br>(Independent of third part selection) |
| <b>Additional the SHIFT-Key</b>          | Speeds up all actions above   |
| <b>Double-Click</b>                      | Open configuration dialog for the axis.   |

### 10.1.6.3 Configuration Dialog

The configuration dialog is opened by F12 with marked axis or double click on it.

Axis

Title (custom)

Range [1.3662 -> 3.4178]

All data

Visible data (in x-axis range)

Fixed from  to

Centered at

From maximum backwards

Days  Minutes

Scale

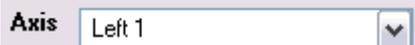
Logarithmic  Inverted

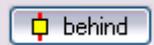
Labels

Multi Lines

Grid

0-Line

|  |   |
|--|---|
|   | Currently selected axis   |
|   | Renaming of the axis  |
| <b>Range</b>   | Configuration of the axis range shown in unzoomed mode  |
| <input type="radio"/> All data   | Axis gets the range of all data shown on this axis  |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Visible data (in x-axis range)  | Default configuration.  |
| <input type="radio"/> Fixed from <input type="text" value="0"/> to <input type="text" value="1"/>                          | Fixed axis range.   |
| <input type="button" value="Take current as fixed"/>   | Apply current axis range (maybe zoomed) as fixed range  |
| <input type="radio"/> Centered at <input type="text" value="100"/>   | Axis range symmetric to the configured value.<br>E.g. 100 is always the mid of the axis. Axis minimum / maximum is calculated of the full data range on this axis, that all data will be shown. |
| <input type="radio"/> From maximum backwards<br>Days <input type="text" value="0"/> Minutes <input type="text" value="0"/> | This feature works only for timestamp axes (time series).<br>E.g. Show only the last 3 hours of data.   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Logarithmic   | Logarithmic scale (only for positive values)  |

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Inverted   | Inverting the axis   |
|  | Text orientation of labels   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Multi Lines                                   | Multi line labels. This feature has only effect for axis with a timestamp scale. The date- and the time part will be shown in two lines. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 0-Line   | Shows a line at the axis origin.   |
|  | Shows 0-Line behind all drawn series.  |

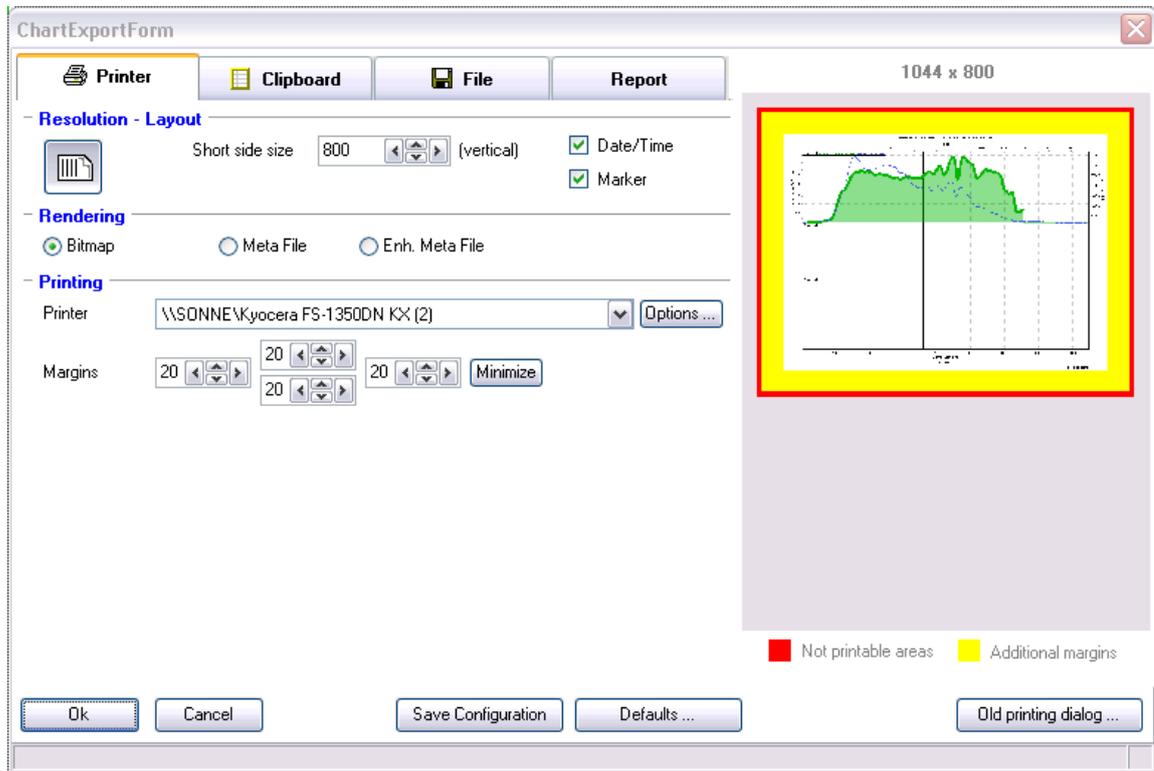
**Press the Enter-key in the text fields to apply its changes!**

## 10.1.7 Exporting / Printing of the Chart

The shown graphs of the chart can be exported in different file formats, to the clipboard or can be printed. The  button will open the smaller print dialog.



[Chart Configuration / Export ...] will open the print and export dialog.



The layout and the size of the print can be changed in this window and its tabs.

At the right side of the dialog a preview of the export is shown.

The tabs at the top define the main export format.

|  |                        |
|--|------------------------|
|  <b>Printer</b>   | Print to paper         |
|  <b>Clipboard</b> | Copy to the clipboard. |
|  <b>File</b>      | Save to file           |

Most main export formats have the same additional configurations which are described in the next table.

|  |   |
|--|---|
| <b>Resolution/Layout</b>   |   |
|   | Orientation: Landscape / Portrait   |
| Short side size <input type="text" value="800"/>  (vertical)  | Target size in pixel of the short side.<br>It is the width for portrait or the height for landscape format.                               |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Date/Time  | Turn on/off timestamp shown at the bottom right of the chart  |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Marker   | Turn on/off axis marker if configured   |
| <b>Aspect Ratio</b>  |   |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Fixed size <input type="text" value="400"/>  (horizontal)  | Size in pixel of the second side.   |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Scaled relative <input type="text" value="1.414"/>  | Size of second side defined by a factor.<br>E.g. factor 1 gives a square chart.   |
| <input type="button" value="Aspects ..."/>   | List of common used formats (DIN-A, letter etc.)  |
| <b>Rendering</b>   |   |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Bitmap  | Export as bitmap with lower resolution than most printers have.   |
| <input type="radio"/> Meta File  | Picture will be rendered in high resolution.<br>Transparent areas will be filled.   |
| <input type="radio"/> Enh. Meta File   | Similar to "Meta file" but other algorithm.   |
| <b>File Storing</b>  |   |
|   | File type.<br>For the Jpeg file type you can configure the quality (compression).   |
| Filename <input type="text" value="jpeg"/>    | Export file name  |
| <b>Printing</b>  |   |
| Printer <input type="text" value="\\SONNE\Kyocera FS-1350DN KX (2)"/>   | Selected printer.   |
| <input type="button" value="Options ..."/>   | Printer options.  |
| Margins <input type="text" value="0"/>  <input type="text" value="20"/>  <input type="text" value="20"/>  <input type="button" value="Minimize"/> | Margins in mm. The margins are highlighted yellow in the preview.<br>The margins shall be bigger than the non-printable areas (red frame) |
| <input type="button" value="Minimize"/>  | Sets all margins to the minimal allowed value.  |

The export will start with the  button, which stores the settings and will close the window as well. When the Ok-button is clicked with pressed Ctrl-Key, the dialog don't closes.  will save the configuration, which is needed for instance, when the window is cancelled.  will store the settings as default values, so every new opened chart window will have these settings.

## 10.1.8 Buttons in the Chart Window

### 10.1.8.1 Buttons in the Top Panel



|   |   |
|---|---|
|                            | Drop down menu for configuration  |
|                            | Clears the chart – all received data will be removed, but the input configuration is saved.                                   |
|                            | Turn on/off reconfigured text fields. Off will show the original text   |
| <br><b>Space-key</b>       | Quick customization of visibility. Hot-key: Space<br>Marked sub chart can be switched visible or invisible                    |
| <br><b>SHIFT-BACKSPACE</b> | Zoom off - automatic scaling of axes shows all data points  |
| <br><b>Backspace</b>       | Previous zoom   |
|                            | Next zoom – only enable if “Previous zoom” button was pressed   |
|                            | Mouse zoom mode: Horizontal – manipulate x-axes   |
|                            | Mouse zoom mode vertical – manipulate y-axes  |
|                            | Mouse zoom mode horizontal and vertical – manipulate x- and y-axes  |
|                            | Three zoom buffers. Right click stores actual zoom setting. Left click will restore the setting. Used buffers are marked red. |
|                            | Resize all sub charts to the same height  |
|                            | Pseudo 3D view  |
|                            | Colour / gray scale   |

|   |   |
|---|---|
|  | Print chart. Preview is shown. Here you can modify margins and resolution.<br>Drop down menu offers “copy to clipboard” or “save to file”.<br>See <a href="#">Exporting / Printing of the Chart</a> |
|  | Save chart layout as template   |
|  | Enables data receiving. If red, chart will be fixed and no data will be received.   |

### 10.1.8.2 Buttons in the Bottom Panel

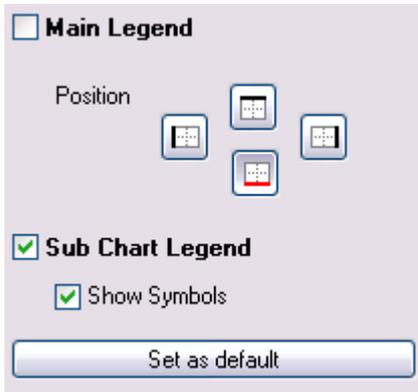


|   |   |
|---|---|
|   | Show input configuration panel  |
|  | Activate cursor tool. X / Y Coordinates are shown at the bottom.  |
|  | Selected input will be highlighted.   |
|  | Tool to find the nearest point to the mouse cursor. Coordinates will be shown at the bottom<br>Works only with the currently selected series. |

### 10.1.9 Configuration Dialog

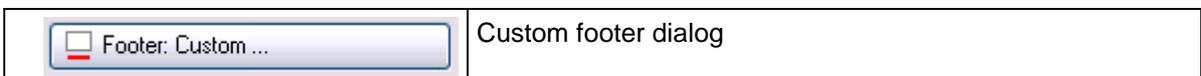
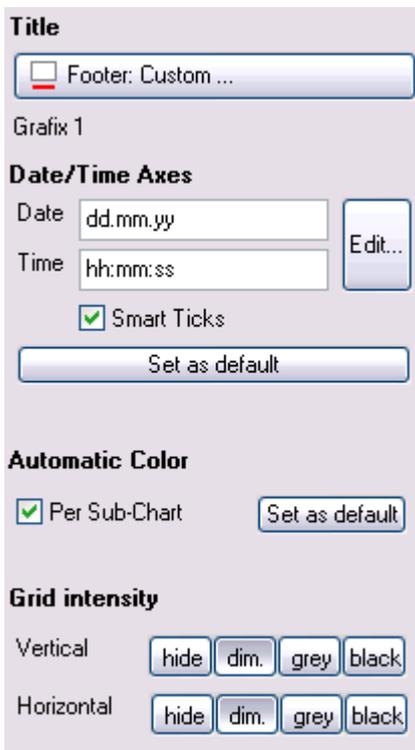
The configuration dialog will open by marking the graph element to be configured and pressing F12 or double clicking on the element. The open configuration dialog will change accordingly to the marked chart element. The  button opens the configuration menu as well.

### 10.1.9.1 Legend



The main legend shows all input names in one legend. If the sub chart legend is enabled (recommended) each sub chart will be listed in the legend.

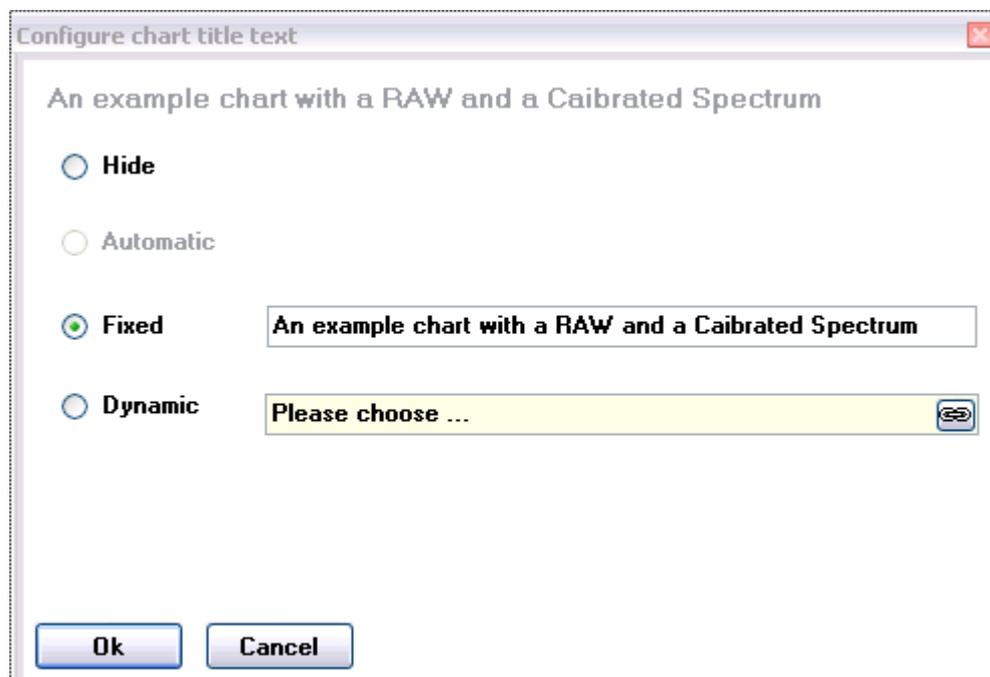
### 10.1.9.2 General



|  |   |
|--|---|
| <p><b>Date/Time Axes</b></p> <p>Date <input type="text" value="dd.mm.yy"/> <input type="button" value="Edit..."/></p> <p>Time <input type="text" value="hh:mm:ss"/> <input type="button" value="Edit..."/></p>   | <p>Format of date/time labels.<br/>More information at [Edit].</p>            |
| <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Smart Ticks</p>   | <p>Activates smart labelling. Will add monthly raster instead of 30 days.</p> |
| <p><b>Automatic Color</b></p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Per Sub-Chart <input type="button" value="Set as default"/></p>   | <p>Colour iteration style.</p>  |
| <p><b>Grid intensity</b></p> <p>Vertical <input type="button" value="hide"/> <input type="button" value="dim."/> <input type="button" value="grey"/> <input type="button" value="black"/></p> <p>Horizontal <input type="button" value="hide"/> <input type="button" value="dim."/> <input type="button" value="grey"/> <input type="button" value="black"/></p> | <p>Visibility of grid line</p>  |

## 10.1.10 Dynamic Text

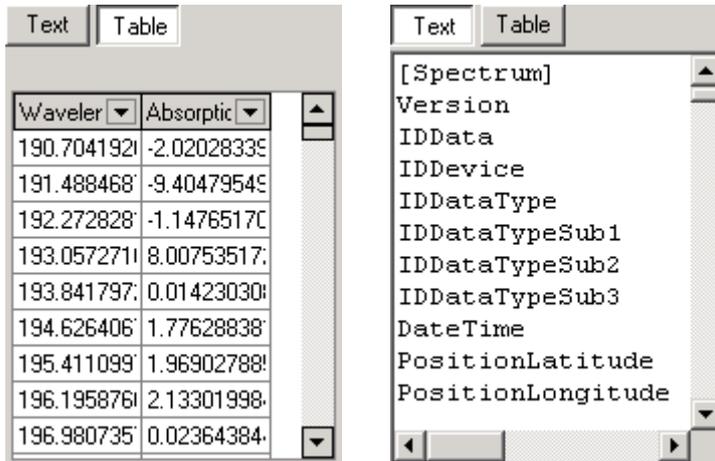
Some text fields shown in the chart can be configured:



In the “Dynamic” mode the text will be calculated by an textual property of any textual output of another window.

## 10.1.11 Text/Table

Table and text information of the selected dataset can be displayed in the right panel of the chart.



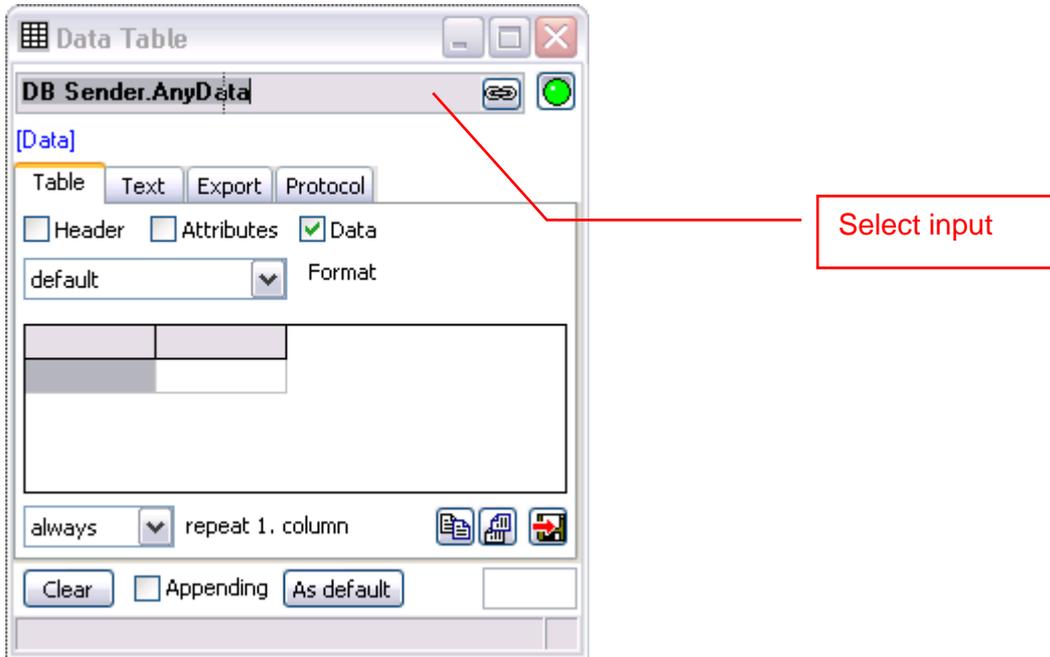
If the “Nearest Point Tool”  is activated, the row of the marked point will be selected in the table.

## 10.2 Data Table

This window show data in a table format to copy table data to the clipboard and past it in a spread sheet program (f.e. Microsoft Excel).

Choose **View/Data Table** in the Main menu to open and configure a table.





| Data Table   |   |
|--|---|
|  [Copy]   | Copy data to clipboard  |
|  [Copy transposed]                              | Copy data to clipboard transposed   |
|   | Save as tab separated text file   |
|  [Clear]  | Clear table, but keep input configuration   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Appending   | If activate, will append data to columns, and not write every dataset in the first column |
| <input type="text" value="never"/> repeat 1. column  | Settings for repetition of first column   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Header <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Attributes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Data | Setting which part of the data set is recorded  |

## 11 Processing Windows

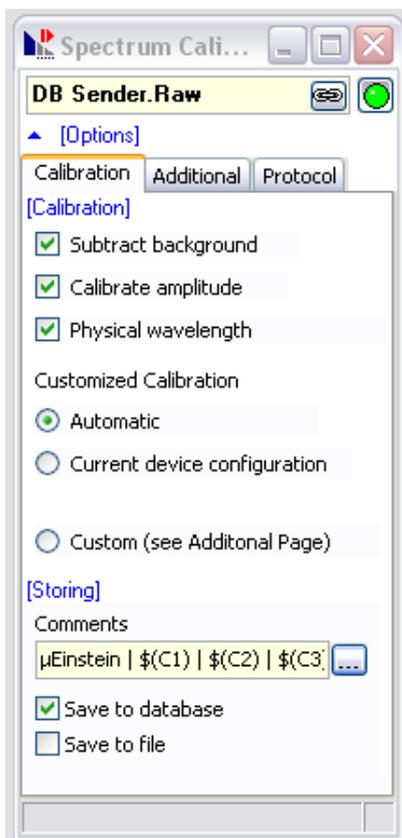
### 11.1 Spectrum Calibration

#### 11.1.1 Introduction

The Device Control Window (for SAM and SAMIP) automatically computes calibrated spectra that will be stored in the database. If the storing function was not activated or a special calibration is desired it can be performed in the spectrum calibration window. This window also contains functions for wavelength manipulation and for conversion to  $\mu\text{E}$  (micro Einstein).

#### 11.1.2 Calibration

RAW spectra from the DB Sender or directly from the RAMSES window is taken to compute new calibrations. Depending on the data to be processed, the input needs to be [DB Sender.RAW] or [SAM\_XXXX.RAW] (XXXX = serial number). If the processed data needs to be saved, activate "Save to database" and give an appropriate comment.



|                                     |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| <b>Calibration</b>                  | Calculating calibrated spectra with physical units from RAW spectra  |
| <b>Subtract background</b>          | Subtract BACK spectrum   |
| <b>Calibrate amplitude</b>          | Activate amplitude calibration in physical units.  |
| <b>Physical wavelength</b>          | Convert pixel to nm  |
| <b>Custom</b>                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- If specific BACK- and CAL-Spectra are needed for the calibration, this function has to be applied</li> <li>- needed for converting to <math>\mu</math>Einstein</li> <li>- needed for calculation of equidistant wavelength steps</li> </ul> |
| <b>Automatic</b>                    | The calibration will be performed with the instruments default calibration and dark spectra  |
| <b>Current device configuration</b> | The calibration will be performed with the current instruments settings  |
| <b>Calibration Data</b>             | CAL Spectrum   |
| <b>Storing</b>                      | Change the datasets comments for easier data handling  |
| <b>Save to database</b>             | Processed spectrum is saved to database with the new comment   |
| <b>Save to file</b>                 | Processed spectrum is saved to a file with the new comment   |

## 11.1.3 Additional

[Wavelength Manipulating]

Raster  nm

[Additional Amplitude Calibration]

in  $\mu$ Einstein

Minimum  nm

Maximum  nm

|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Additional Amplitude calibration</b> |  |
| <b>in <math>\mu</math>Einstein</b>      | Amplitude calibration to $\mu$ Einstein<br>(only possible if "Calibrate amplitude" is activated or input spectrum is calibrated, yet.) |
| <b>Wavelength Manipulation</b>          |  |
| <b>Raster</b>                           | Interpolate spectrum into nm raster  |
| <b>Minimum / Maximum</b>                | Limit of processing  |

## 11.2 Absorption

### 11.2.1 Introduction

This window determines transmissions and absorption spectra with a stored basis spectrum. The basis spectrum (or zero line named) is either delivered by TriOS with the factory calibration or can be measured in the ProPS, VIPER or OSCAR control window by the used.

This calculation works with two possible input types: RAW or calibrated. The raw spectrum mode works only, if a RAW-LIGHT spectrum is sent to the window. As there is always a dark spectrum fitting to the light spectrum, this method searches for the corresponding other spectrum in the database and combines them.

When a calibrated spectrum is sent to the absorption window, the absorption will be calculated directly.

### 11.2.2 Configuration



At first you have to configure the device of which uncalibrated data should be processed. Press the  button. You get a dialog that shows all matching devices from the database. Depend on the device type the windows shows different setting.

|                            |                                       |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Basis Spectrum Calibration | for PROPS, VIPER, OSCAR               |
| LED Temp. Correction       | for VIPER, OSCAR (only for RAW input) |
| OSCAR Reflectivity         | for OSCAR                             |

The correct settings for it will be set automatically directly after you have configured the device. To apply custom calibrations you can change this settings.

The “LED-Temperature Correction” should always be enabled. It counts in the temperature drift of the sensors to get more precise measurement data. The needed calibration data for this task is measured by the TriOS laboratory. You get this data in form of a data file which must be imported to the database. Only in special cases this calibration part should be disabled.

The “Oscar Reflectivity” must be enabled, too. Without this function the simple transmission/absorption calculation for sensors with a linear path will be applied. This makes no physical sense for the OSCAR and should be used only for testing. The calibration data for this task is a spectrum which describes the reflection of the cave surface for all spectrometer wavelengths of the sensor. This data is calculated in the TriOS laboratory or can be measured in the OSCAR control window by the user.

Activate the RAW or CALIBRATED tab-sheet and choose as input the RAW or CALIBRATED spectrum output of a database window. Select or filter the suitable data and send. The absorption calculator accepts only spectral data which matches the configured sensor else you get an error message.

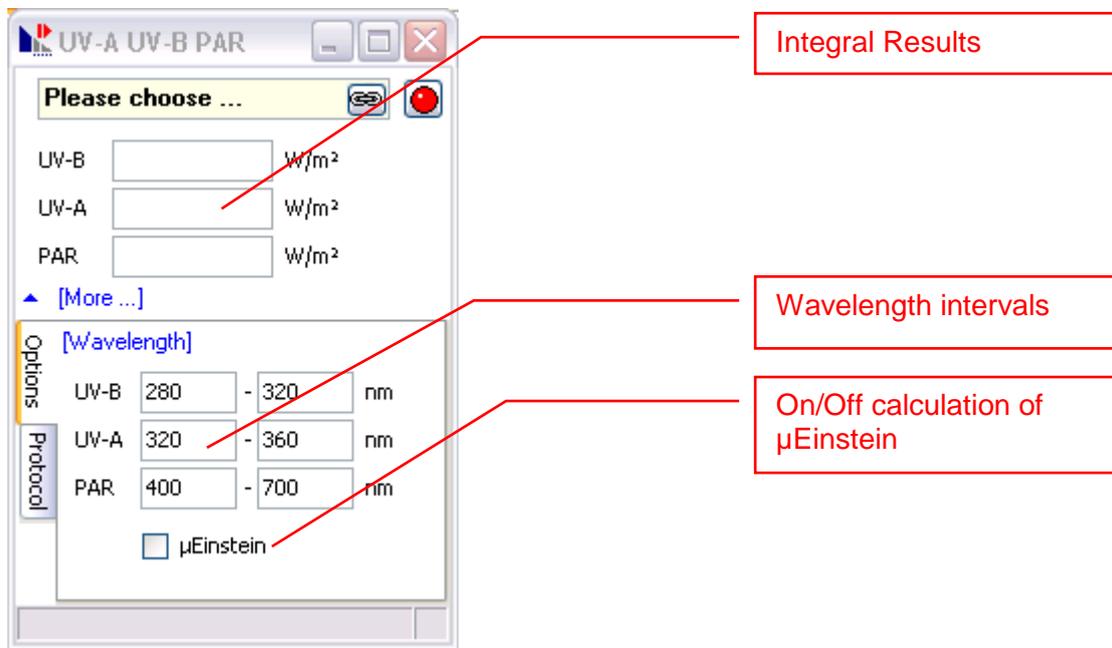
When the new computed data shall be saved, select “Save to database” or “Save to file”. A significant comment shall be used for easier data handling.

## 11.3 UV A / UV B / PAR

### 11.3.1 Introduction

This method calculates integrals from a spectra over three adjustable wavelength ranges. These values can be converted to  $\mu\text{Einstein}$  as well.

### 11.3.2 Configuration



The screenshot shows a software window titled "UV-A UV-B PAR" with a "Please choose ..." dropdown menu. Below the menu are three input fields for "UV-B W/m<sup>2</sup>", "UV-A W/m<sup>2</sup>", and "PAR W/m<sup>2</sup>". A "[More ...]" link is visible. The "Options" tab is selected, showing a table of wavelength intervals:

| Options | [Wavelength] |
|---------|--------------|
| UV-B    | 280 - 320 nm |
| UV-A    | 320 - 360 nm |
| PAR     | 400 - 700 nm |

Below the table is a checkbox for " $\mu\text{Einstein}$ ". Three red callout boxes point to specific features: "Integral Results" points to the UV-A input field, "Wavelength intervals" points to the UV-A wavelength range, and "On/Off calculation of  $\mu\text{Einstein}$ " points to the checkbox.

To export the integrals it is possible to create a table with the input "UV-A UV-B PAR.Results".

## 11.4 Value Calculator

### 11.4.1 Introduction

With this windows you can extract and collect custom values from measurement data. These values will be defined via a scripting language. TriOS delivers a standard set of Value-Scripts to perform common calculation tasks for ProPS and Viper spectra. These sets can be loaded as “ready to use” in the desktop. The collected values can be combined to series and be shown as graphics in the chart window.

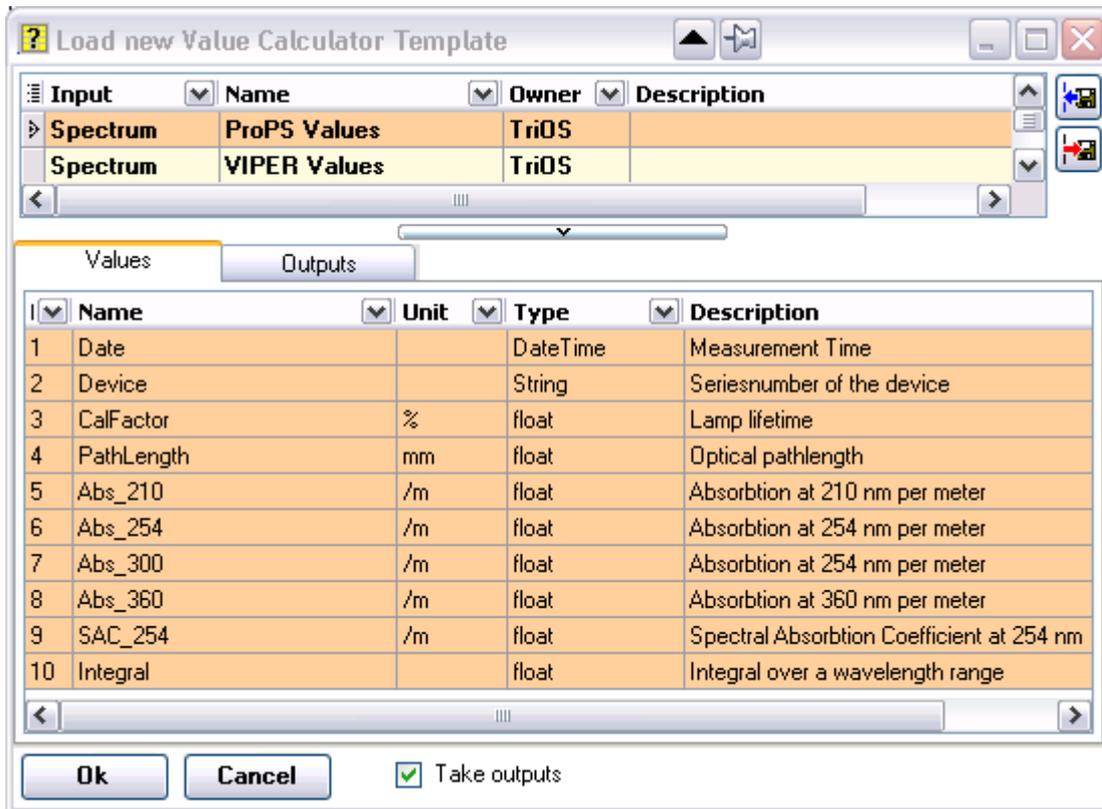
For creating your own custom values you can manipulate TriOS scripting code or create new code. How to write code is described in the “Advanced Manual” in the chapter “Calculator”.

### 11.4.2 Loading templates

Open an Value Calculator from the main menu: **Tools/Value Calculator**

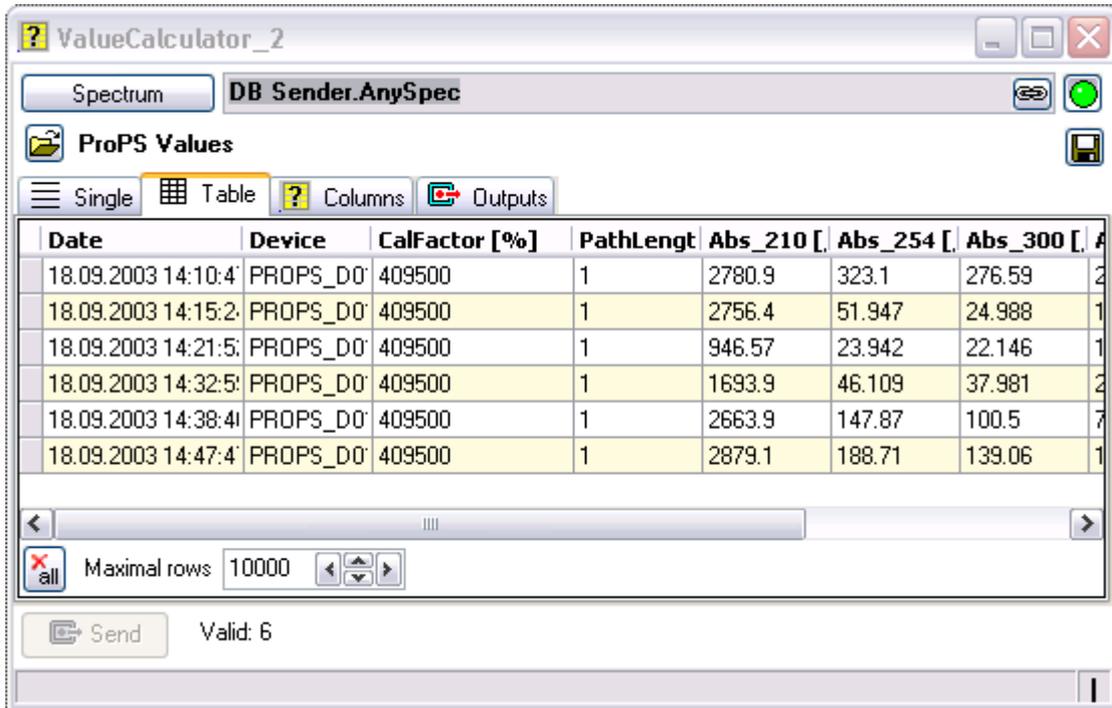


Press the  Button to open the Value-Calculator-Loading-Dialog:

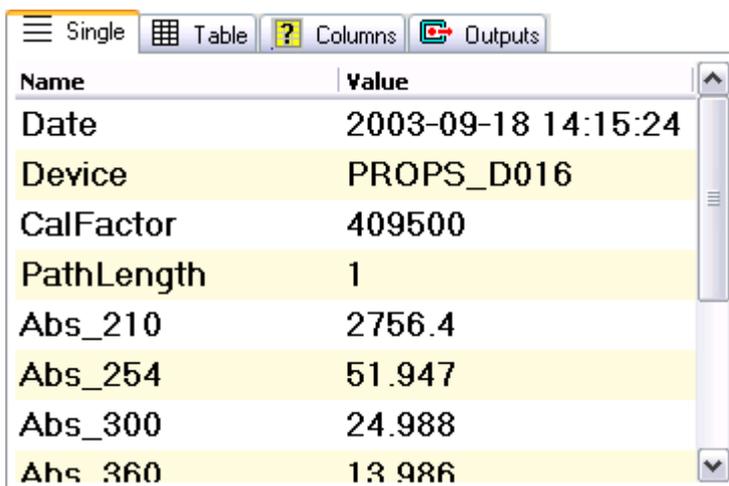


The top table shows all available Value-Calculator templates and the bottom table its corresponding values. By changing the selection of the values you can pick values for your need. Configured outputs are shown at the second tab page can be loaded, too.

Select an entry and press “Ok” to load the template.

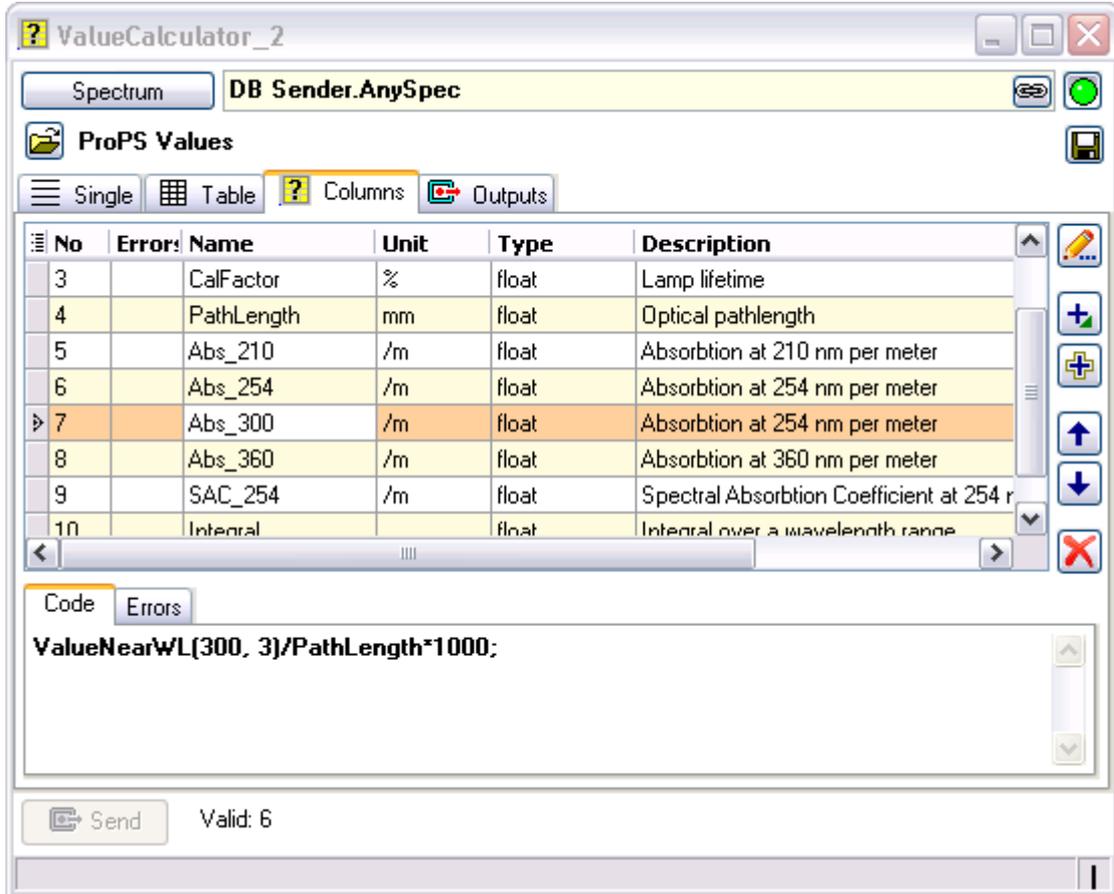


The **Spectrum** button-text shows now the input datatype. Press button, configure a input of this type. Enable the window (Red-Button) and send some data to it. The table page shows all extracted and collected data. The single page shows only the values of the last record.



## 11.4.3 Customizing of Values

The Columns page shows the definitions of the values.



| No | Error | Name       | Unit | Type  | Description                             |
|----|-------|------------|------|-------|---|
| 3  |       | CalFactor  | %    | float | Lamp lifetime                           |
| 4  |       | PathLength | mm   | float | Optical pathlength                      |
| 5  |       | Abs_210    | /m   | float | Absorbion at 210 nm per meter           |
| 6  |       | Abs_254    | /m   | float | Absorbion at 254 nm per meter           |
| 7  |       | Abs_300    | /m   | float | Absorbion at 254 nm per meter           |
| 8  |       | Abs_360    | /m   | float | Absorbion at 360 nm per meter           |
| 9  |       | SAC_254    | /m   | float | Spectral Absorbion Coefficient at 254 r |
| 10 |       | Integral   |      | float | Integral over a wavelength range        |

Code Errors

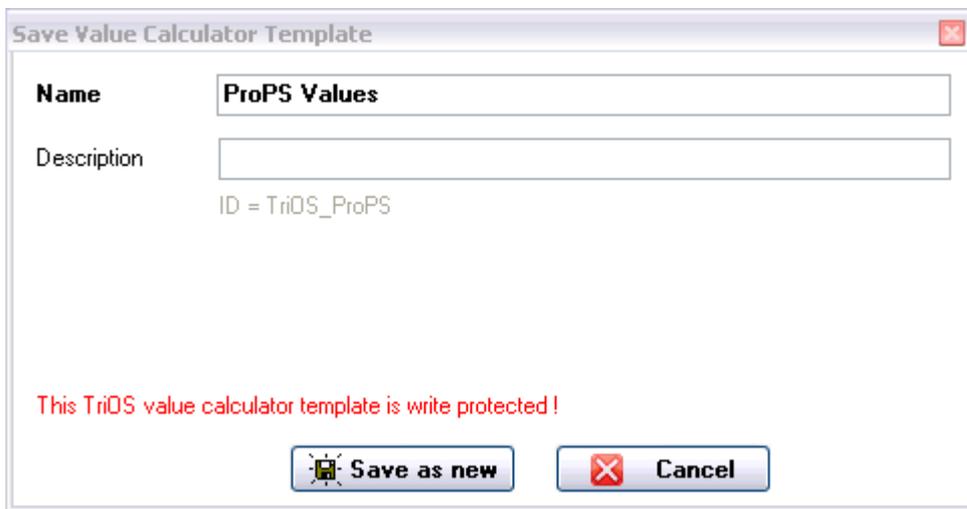
**ValueNearWL(300, 3)/PathLength\*1000;**

Send Valid: 6

|  |  |   |   |   |                                      |   |   |   |  |
|--|--|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|
|  or double-click on table row, code page or row in Single page  | Edit selected value. See Advanced Manual   |   |   |   |                                      |   |   |   |  |
|  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li> Table Template</li> <li> Script Template</li> <li> Property / Function</li> <li> Blank Script</li> </ul> | Append new value(s) <table border="1" data-bbox="699 1608 1442 1960"> <tbody> <tr> <td></td> <td>Pick values from an other value calculator template</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Define a value via a script template</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>               Define a simple value by a wizard. The wizard shows all available properties and function of the input.<br/><br/>               This function is available if the Valcue Calculator has received once.             </td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>               Define a new value via custom code.<br/>               See Advanced Manual             </td> </tr> </tbody> </table> |  | Pick values from an other value calculator template |  | Define a value via a script template |  | Define a simple value by a wizard. The wizard shows all available properties and function of the input.<br><br>This function is available if the Valcue Calculator has received once. |  | Define a new value via custom code.<br>See Advanced Manual |
|   | Pick values from an other value calculator template  |   |   |   |                                      |   |   |   |  |
|   | Define a value via a script template   |   |   |   |                                      |   |   |   |  |
|   | Define a simple value by a wizard. The wizard shows all available properties and function of the input.<br><br>This function is available if the Valcue Calculator has received once.  |   |   |   |                                      |   |   |   |  |
|   | Define a new value via custom code.<br>See Advanced Manual   |   |   |   |                                      |   |   |   |  |
|   | Clone selected values.   |   |   |   |                                      |   |   |   |  |

|   |                           |
|---|---------------------------|
|  (Ctrl-Up)   | Move selected values up   |
|  (Ctrl-Down) | Move selected values down |
|              | Delete selected values    |

Value Calculators definitions can be save as templates for later usage. Press the  button to show the saving dialog.



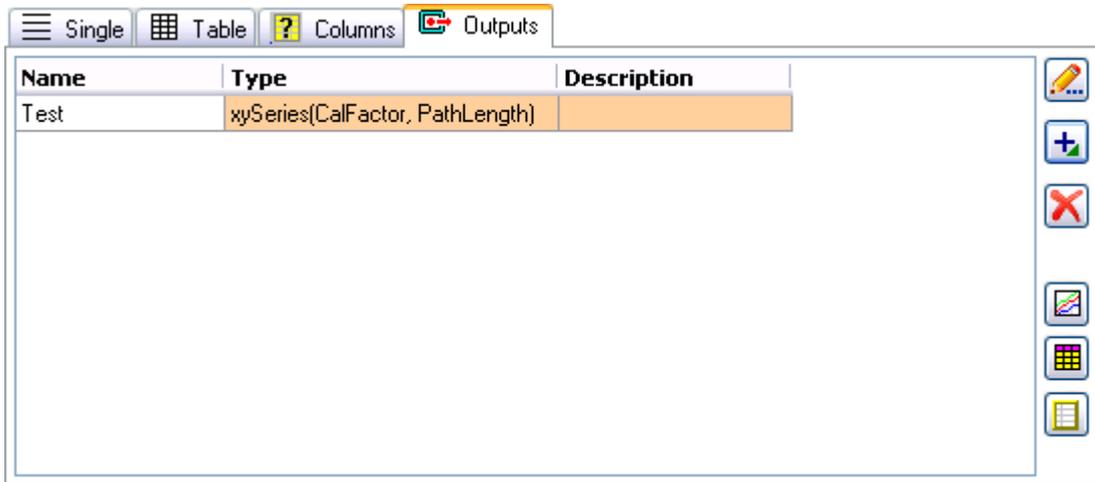
The dialog box titled "Save Value Calculator Template" contains the following fields and controls:

- Name:** A text input field containing "ProPS Values".
- Description:** A text input field containing "ID = TriOS\_ProPS".
- Warning:** A red text message: "This TriOS value calculator template is write protected !".
- Buttons:** Two buttons at the bottom: "Save as new" (with a save icon) and "Cancel" (with a red X icon).

**Value Calculator templates based on manipulated TriOS templates cannot be saved directly. You must give it an other name and  Save as new .**

## 11.4.4 Outputs

Column of values can be collected to different serial outputs.



|  |   |            |  |           |  |              |  |
|--|---|------------|--|-----------|--|--------------|--|
|  or double-click                            | Edit selected output.   |            |  |           |  |              |  |
| <br>Timeseries<br>XY-Series<br>Distribution | Append a new output. Only entries possible to build from the values types are shown. <table border="1" data-bbox="699 1200 1437 1373"> <tr> <td>Timeseries</td> <td>You need a "DateTime" and a values of the type numerical ("float", "integer" or "bool").</td> </tr> <tr> <td>XY-Series</td> <td>You need one numerical column a least.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Distribution</td> <td>You need one numerical column a least.</td> </tr> </table> Set in the opening dialog the values to build the output. | Timeseries | You need a "DateTime" and a values of the type numerical ("float", "integer" or "bool"). | XY-Series | You need one numerical column a least. | Distribution | You need one numerical column a least. |
| Timeseries   | You need a "DateTime" and a values of the type numerical ("float", "integer" or "bool").  |            |  |           |  |              |  |
| XY-Series  | You need one numerical column a least.  |            |  |           |  |              |  |
| Distribution   | You need one numerical column a least.  |            |  |           |  |              |  |
|   | Erase selected output   |            |  |           |  |              |  |
|   | Show selected output in a new chart window  |            |  |           |  |              |  |
|   | Show selected output in a new table window  |            |  |           |  |              |  |
|   | Copy selected output to the clipboard as a text table, for pasting into Excel.  |            |  |           |  |              |  |
|  Send                                       | Send all outputs to next window (a Chart for example)   |            |  |           |  |              |  |

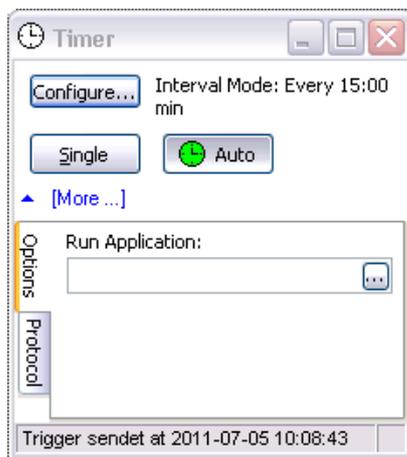
## 12 Special Windows

### 12.1 Timer

The global timer of the Timer window can be used to trigger several connected sensors simultaneously by one measurement command. The Timer can be opened with **Extras / Timer** from the main menu.

The timer is active for the sensor control windows, in which the external trigger is configured with the input "Timer.Trigger" and set to [Auto].

Beside the trigger of the measurement, the Timer can start an external application.



|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Timer</b>  | Can be used for more than one control simultaneously.       |
|  | Configure automatic (Raster, Interval, Daily,...)           |
|  | Trigger single measurement for all connected sensor windows |
|  | Switch global trigger on / off                              |
| <b>Run Application</b>  | Start an external application on every trigger event        |

## 13 Database Management

### 13.1 Database File

All data MSDA\_XE works with (device-configurations, measurement and calculation data) are stored in a database. It is a Microsoft Access database, which consists of one file with the extension “\*.mdb”. After first installation MSDA\_XE works by default with the database file “C:\Programs\TriOS GmbH\MSDA\_XE\DB\data.mdb”.

Beside the easier data handling by dividing different measurement campaigns in more than one database it is necessary to switch the database, when it's size exceeds 600 Mbyte. Larger databases are possible, but data handling will slow down.

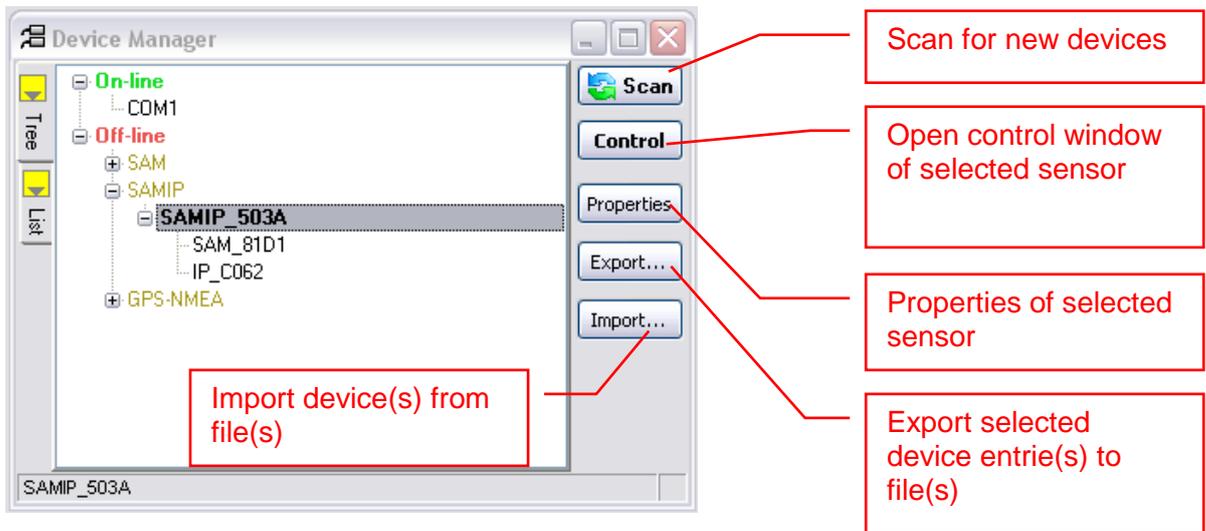
Because a Microsoft Access database consist of only one file it is easy create an new database. Locate the file “C:\Programs\TriOS GmbH\MSDA\_XE\DB\empty.mdb” in the explorer, make a copy of it (in the same or any other folder) and give it a “good” name. Then MSDA\_XE must be configured to load this database after restart (see chapter [14.2 Database](#)).

**With the change of a database it is necessary to import all necessary files, like device or calibration files again.**

### 13.2 Import/Export Device.ini-files

Each TriOS sensor has a device file. This is file contains information about the sensor type and it's calibration coefficients. It has the extension “\*.ini”. Choose **Database/Device** in the Main menu to import and to open the file selector. More than one file can be selected and imported at the same time.

**If the device files for a specific sensor are lost, please contact TriOS for the files. The serial number of the sensor is needed for that.**

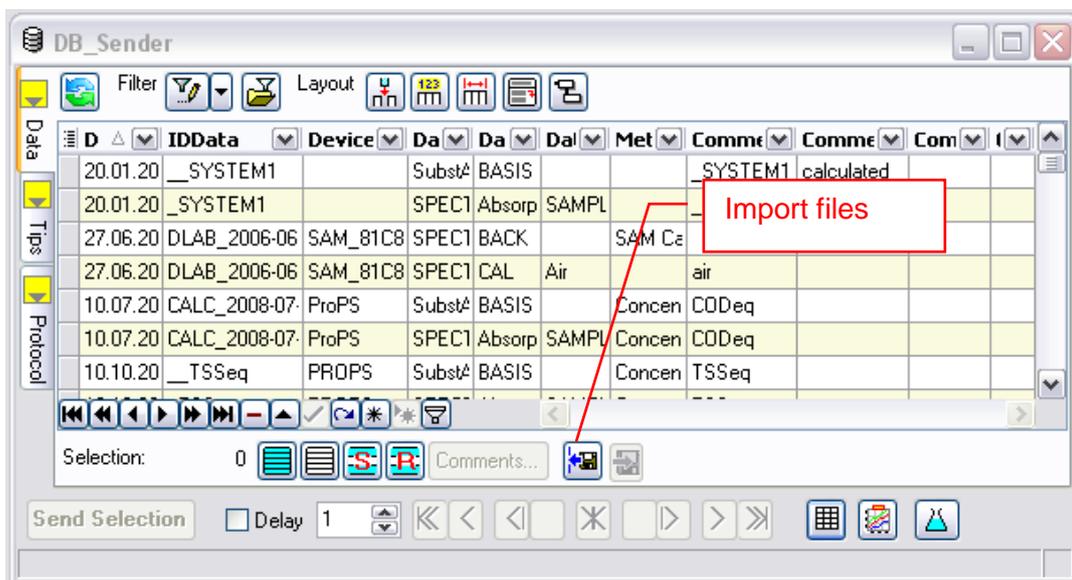


Each file is indicated with the serial number of the sensor. For example: The microFlu sensor with serial number 1124 requires file MICROFLU\_1124.ini.

**Sensors with sub-devices like the SAMIP will have an ini-file with the suffix \*ALL.ini, which contains all sensors and sub-devices.**

## 13.3 Import Data Files

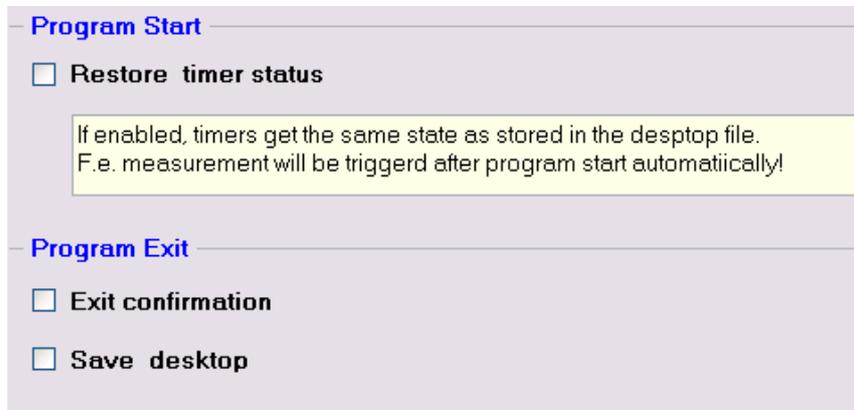
The reimport of exported spectra or data from another database can be done with the database sender. Please choose **Database/Data** in the Main menu to open the DBSender. You can select several files and import them at the same time.



## 14 Configuration Dialog

Choose **Options/Configuration** in the Main menu to open the main configuration window. The single tabulators and their function are described in the following chapter.

### 14.1 Start / Exit



**Program Start**

**Restore timer status**

If enabled, timers get the same state as stored in the desktop file.  
F.e. measurement will be triggered after program start automatically!

**Program Exit**

**Exit confirmation**

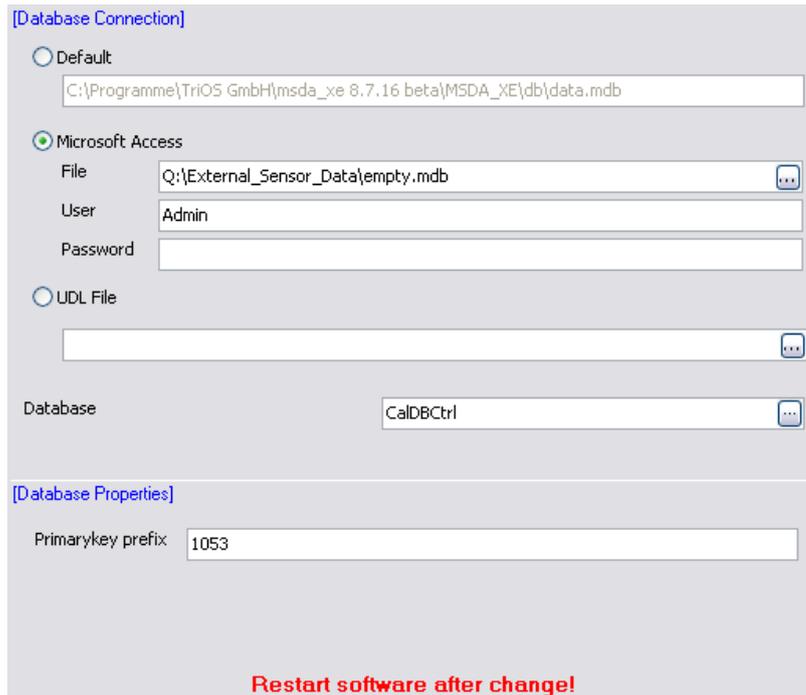
**Save desktop**

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| <b>Restore timer status</b> | Will start with the same timer settings automatically. While disabled the automatic timers are switched off after the start |
| <b>Exit confirmation</b>    | Turn on/off exit confirmation   |
| <b>Save desktop</b>         | Automatic saving of desktop before program exits  |

## 14.2 Database

Beside the standard database, which is stored in the folder c:\programs\TriOS GmbH\MSDA\_XE\DB\data.mdb, other databases can be connected with the software.

Main menu: **Database / Configuration :**



|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Database Connection</b> |  |
| <b>Default</b>             | c:\programs\TriOS GmbH\msda_xe\db\data.mdb                 |
| <b>Microsoft Access</b>    | Select other folder and database                           |
| <b>UDL</b>                 | Database connection via Microsoft Database Connection file |
| <b>Database Properties</b> |  |
| <b>Primary Key Prefix</b>  | Prefix for new database entries                            |

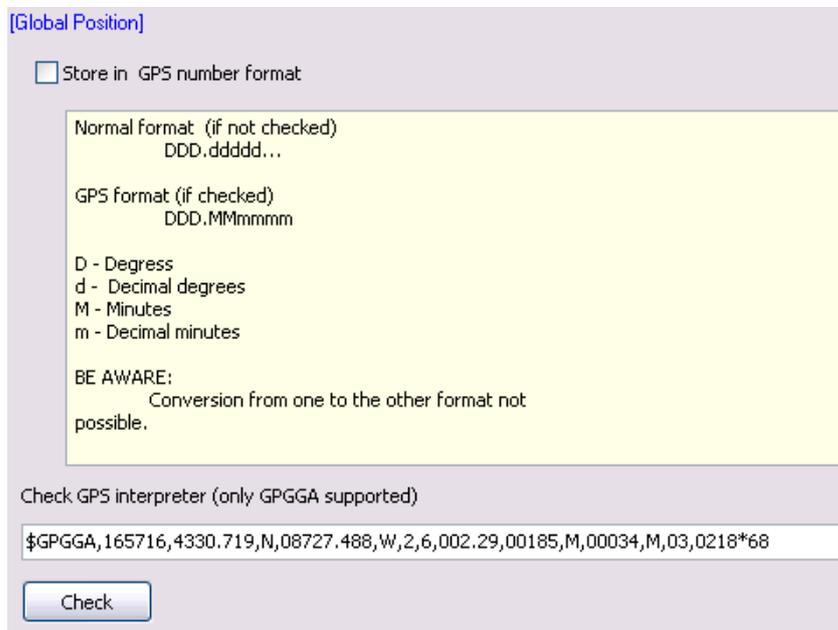
**After changing the database settings a software restart is necessary.**

## 14.3 Devices



Period in which MSDA\_XE waits for measurement data from device (hh:mm:ss). If the time is exceeded an error message will appear. Default value is 60 seconds.

## 14.4 GPS Position



The software can handle 2 different formats for the GPS position.

When the  Store in GPS number format field is unchecked the data will be stored in decimal degree. Example for the position 53° 08.4289'E, 8° 14.9238'N:

| Setting:   | Stored format:       |   |
|--|----------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Store in GPS number format            | 53.140481 ; 8.24873  | calculated to decimal degrees                             |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Store in GPS number format | 53.084289 ; 8.149238 | degrees, minutes, seconds transferred to a decimal number |

If other GPS modules are used, the output can be checked with GPGGA interpreter.

## 14.5 Sample Export

Beside the saving of data in the database, it is possible to store them in files on the hard disc. The spectra or measurement data will be exported only, when the corresponding settings at the control windows are done. The tab sample export only defines the storing path.

[Export Data]

Path  

Fileformat  

Create subdirectories for every date

Filename is build of

- Window Name
- Data Type and Subtype
- Date     Time
- Device
- IDData (guarantee of unique filenames)

If you do not check IDData you must check all other to guarantee unique filenames in all cases. Disabling some of them may be correct only in special

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| <b>Export Data</b>           |   |
| <b>Path</b>                  | Select the destination path. This path is used for all control windows with the <b>save to file</b> option activated.   |
| <b>Fileformat</b>            | msda_xe (*.dat) - internal data exchanging format (ASCII)<br>Matlab (*.mlb) - Matlab compatible format (ASCII)<br>Raw (*.raw) - internal data format (binary) |
| <b>Create subdirectories</b> | One directory for every day will be created   |

## 14.6 Messages

Configure messages, that will appear in the [Trace]-window ([6.9 Trace Window](#)) These messages will stored in the "trace.log" file as well. If problems occur with the software, this file might be requested by our support or software departments, as it is needed for debugging.

[Methods]

**Show Protocol**

[Trace]

**Errors**

**Warnings**

**Infos**

**Advanced infos**

**Comport out commands**

**Comport in data**

**Received device data**

**DDE in commands**

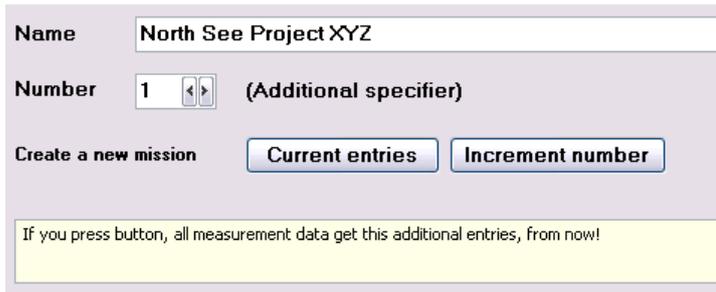
**DDE out data**

**Script Commands**

|                             |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| <b>Methods</b>              |   |
| <b>Show Protocol</b>        | No entries in the protocol page of all windows.<br>Should always be activated. This function should only be deactivated in high performance applications. |
| <b>Trace</b>                |   |
| <b>Errors</b>               | Always activated  |
| <b>Warnings</b>             |   |
| <b>Advanced Info</b>        | Activate entries checked below  |
| <b>Comport out frames</b>   | Data sent from software to comport  |
| <b>Comport in frames</b>    | Data received from comport  |
| <b>Received device data</b> | Textual representation of all measurement data received (all data frames of one measurement received).  |

## 14.7 Missions

To collect measurement data to groups every data has two entries: A Mission name and a number. The datasets can be sorted by these fields in the DBSender.



The screenshot shows a web-based interface for creating a mission. It features a text input field for the mission name, a numeric input field for the mission number, and two buttons: 'Current entries' and 'Increment number'. A yellow warning box is present at the bottom of the form.

Name

Number  (Additional specifier)

Create a new mission

If you press button, all measurement data get this additional entries, from now!

## 15 Frequently asked Questions

### 15.1 Why has the BACK spectrum the integration time of 8192 ms?

The BACK spectrum holds 255 linear functions to calculate the background for all integration times. The actual integration time in the back spectrum has no meaning and is used nowhere. The same applies to the CAL spectrum.

### 15.2 Error message: No reaction on measurement of device ...after ... sec

Temporary communication problem with the device. No answer received, after command was sent by the computer. Please disconnect the device and the IPS for around 10s from the line power. Reconnect the cables and perform a device scan with device manager. If no communication is possible, please contact TriOS.

## 16 Contact

We are always working to improve our products. Please check our website for updates.

You have found an error in this program, or you would like to see some additional features enabled in a future version?

Feel free to contact our support team: [support@trios.de](mailto:support@trios.de)

Our website: [www.trios.de](http://www.trios.de)

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